ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY
MAR 1920

SPECIAL EXTRA

The Irish Times.

PRICE 1½d. (SATURDAYS 2d.) DUBLIN. FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1920. VOL. LXII. NO.—19,641.

LEATHERS AND GLOVES
BEAUTIFULLY CLEANED
AT
PRESCOTTS'
DYEWORKS,
DUBLIN,
CORK, LIMERICK.
(6)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

ROLL OF HONOUR.
IN MEMORIAM.

McELROY—In ever-loving memory of my dear Captain John Oliver McElroy, who died at the Military Hospital, Grimsby, on the 5th March, 1919.
"How much of light, how much of joy,
Lies buried with my darling boy.—Mother.

McELROY—In loving memory of my dear son, Captain John Oliver McElroy (of the 2nd Manchester Regiment), who died at the Military Hospital, Grimsby, on the 5th March, 1919.
"He still is ours in memory, thought, and prayer."—Uncle Charlie."

TAPLIN—In loving memory of our dear brother, Lieut. A. Taplin, R.A.M.C., 14th Field Ambulance, killed in action 5th March, 1915. "The strife is o'er, the battle is won."

BIRTHS.

LAKEHURST—February 29, 1920, at Denmark Lodge, Dublin, the wife of Flying Officer H. C. Lakehurst, a son.

BREAKEY—February 23, 1920, at Holles st. Hospital, Dublin, the wife of W. St. George Breakey, of a daughter.

HODGES—February 28, 1920, at Sydenham, Port Elizabeth, the wife of F. E. Hodges, Carlow, of a daughter. (By cable.)

HOOD—March 3, 1920, at Greycoort, Wimbledon Common, the wife of Joseph Hood, M.P., of a son.

SHERIDAN—February 29, 1920, at Elpis, Lower Mount st., Dublin, to Marjorie (nee Megaw), wife of Engineer Lieutenant-Commander H. A. Sheridan, Royal Navy, a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

ROBINSON and RUSSELL—February 25, 1920, at the Abbey Church, Rutland square, by the Rev. D. Osborne, Captain Norman Russell, youngest son of John Russell, J.P., to Florette Marion, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robinson, Dublin, Torcuare.

DEATHS.

BAIRD—February 26, 1920, Michael, son of the late Edward Baird, Gartlaherty, Ayr, to the inexpressible grief of his wife and family. American papers please copy.

BALLESTY—March 4, 1920, at her residence, Knocktown, Mullingar, Mary, relict of the late Michael Ballesty. Office and Solemn Requiem Mass at Milltown Parish Church to-morrow (Saturday) at 11 o'clock. Funeral from the Church, Milltown, at 2 o'clock same day.

COLEBAKER—March 1, 1920, at Ballydavid, Kilmacud, Annie Louisa, second daughter of the late W. R. Colebaker. Funeral took place yesterday (Thursday), 4th inst. (Announcement accidentally delayed.)

CRAIG—March 4, 1920, at Faughart, Dundalk, James Craig. Funeral will leave above residence, at 2 p.m., to-morrow (Saturday), 6th, for Ballymascanlon.

DAVY—March 4, 1920, at his residence, 18 Somerton rd., of pneumonia, William Davy. Sadly mourned. R.I.P. Funeral (private) from Church of the Three Patrons, Rathgar, to-morrow (Saturday), after Requiem Mass, at 9 o'clock. No flowers.

DESPARD—March 4, 1920, at 11 Claremont Villas, Glenageary, Ellen, widow of Lieutenant-Colonel W. E. Despard, R.M.L.I., and daughter of the late Admiral Robertson, R.N., J.P. Funeral private.

HENRY—March 4, 1920, at his residence, The Grange, Ballybannis, Richard Henry. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing family. R.I.P. Funeral (St. Patrick's to-day (Friday) at 3.30 p.m. High Mass, at 11 a.m., to-morrow (Saturday). Funeral immediately after.

HODGINS—March 3, 1920, at her home, Containview, Monegpall, Maria (Babbie), second dearly-beloved daughter of James and Sarah Hodgins. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing sisters, brothers, and sisters. "Thy will be done."

MAXWELL—March 3, 1920, at Methodist House, 37 Ligunsiel rd., Belfast, Doris Crawford, fond and loved daughter of Rev. Robert and Grace Crawford Maxwell, aged 14 years. Funeral to Belfast Cemetery to-morrow (Saturday) at 11 a.m.

MORRISSEY—March 4, 1920, at his residence, Dillonst Castle, Carrick-on-Suir, Maurice J. Morrissey. Interment at Ballyneil to-morrow (Saturday), after High Mass.

MOSES—At Arosa, Switzerland, Camilla Lamar, youngest and dearly-loved daughter of the late Marcus Tertius Moses, J.P., and of Mrs. Moses, formerly of Kilbride Tower, Bray. "It is well with the child."

O'CONNOR—March 4, 1920, at his residence, 2 Rose Villa, Portarlington, Michael O'Connor, aged 70 years. R.I.P. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday) to Clonyard at 2 o'clock. Office and High Mass on Monday, March 8th, at 11 o'clock.

ROBINSON—March 4, 1920, at Canal House, Belmont, John Senior Robinson, son of the late George C. Robinson, aged 59 years. "Peace, perfect peace." Funeral to Moystown, Sunday, 2 o'clock.

SHAWE TAYLOR—March 3, 1920, Frank M. Shawe Taylor, Moorpark, Athenry. Funeral from Moorpark to Athenry to-day (Friday), 5th, at 3 o'clock.

WHEELER—March 3, 1920, at his residence, 2 Fortfarne rd., Rathmines, Robert Wheeler, third son of the late Anthony Wheeler, of Co. Limerick. Funeral this day (Friday) to Carnmoney, Belfast.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Mrs. Armour, of St. Joseph's, Botanic rd., and Maison Phillipon, Grafton st., returns sincere thanks to the many kind friends who sympathised with herself and her children in their recent bereavement.

Mrs. Dowd and family, Cheerswiown, Clonskeagh, return sincere thanks to all kind friends for sympathy shown them in their recent great sorrow, and trust they will accept this acknowledgment as it would be impossible to reply individually.

IN MEMORIAM.

BOND—In loving memory of Dudley, very dearly-loved son of Thomas and Lizzie Bond, Rathdowney, who went home on March 5th, 1919, aged 20 years and 11 months.
Safe, safe, upon the ever shining shore,
Sin, pain, and death, and sorrow, all are o'er,
Happy now and evermore.
Washed in the Blood of the Lamb.
Greeted by his father, mother, sister, and brothers.

BOND—In loving memory of my dear brother, Dudley, who was called home March 5th, 1919.
One less on earth and one more in Heaven,
Gone from our sight, but still near to our love.
The link that unites us is hid, but not riven,
Secured in the hand of Our Saviour above.
Inserted by his loving sister, "May."

BRENNAN—In loving memory of Patrick Brennan, who died March the 5th, 1918. R.I.P. Inserted by his loving wife and family, Balally House, Sandyford, Co. Dublin.

FOX—In loving memory of Bessie, the beloved wife of Edward Fox, who died March 5, 1919. Inserted by her loving daughter, Margaret.

HALL—In sad and loving memory of our darling Arthur, youngest and dearly-loved son of Andrew and Eva Hall, 4 Trafalgar tce., Monkstown, Co. Dublin, who suddenly passed away on Ash Wednesday, March 5, 1919.
"Oh! what a contrast, what a change,
To pass from earth to Heaven,
To leave the turmoil, sorrow, strife,
For rest by Jesus given."

HEARNDEN—In loving memory of Arthur Harry Hearndeen, B.A., R.C.D., D.I., R.I.C., who died March 5th, 1919. "And all that hope adored and lost hath melted into memory."

LENNAN—Fifth Anniversary—In sad and loving memory of my dearly-beloved wife, Julia, who departed this life on the 5th March, 1915. On whose soul Sweet Jesus have mercy. Holy Mass is being offered for the repose of her soul. R.I.P.

PATTERSON—In loving memory of John Wallace Patterson, second son of Alex. Patterson, Drumhirk, Newtownards, who died 5th March, 1919.

SHIEL—In loving memory of James Shiel, who died at his residence, Wai-ku-ku, Blackrock, March 5th, 1914. "At rest."

WALSHE—First Anniversary—In sad and loving memory of my dear wife, Mrs. Annie Walshe (nee Corrigan), 6 Barlow tce., Donore av., Dublin, who departed this life on 5th March, 1919. Sacred heart of Jesus, have mercy on her. Masses will be offered up for the repose of her soul in Saint Jesus's Church, Clarendon st., and St. Catherine's Church, Meath st., this day. Inserted by her loving husband and family.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

NICHOLS'
'Phone—276. 'Phone—276.
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT,
Lombard street, Westland row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WALLER,
49 and 50 DENZILLE STREET
(Merrion square).
'Phone—131.

FARRELL'S
Funeral and Carriage Establishment,
66 MARLBOROUGH STREET.
Telephone—711.

MILLER & CO.,
BRAY.
MOTOR FUNERALS SUPPLIED.
Telegrams—"Collier, Bray."
Telephone—116, Bray

ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.
In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at St. Edmundsbury, Lucan, standing in a Demesne of 200 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.
The Mansion of St. Edmundsbury has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of Gentlemen.
Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital without application to the Medical Superintendent.
For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to THE REGISTRAR, St. Patrick's Hospital, James's street, Dublin.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ENNIS, T. J.—Friend Paul desires to hear from you.—"

£4,000 to Lend on Mortgage as a First Charge, in one or more sums. Apply to W. R. MERREDITH and SON, Solicitors, 32 Molesworth street, Dublin.

TO DOCTORS—Consulting, Examination, and Waiting Rooms to be Let, Furnished, attendance, best part of Dublin.—Q 1792, this office.

HOUSE WANTED, with possession, South side; good price given. Particulars location, lease, price, to Q 1665, this office

FOR SALE, by Private Treaty, first-class Fattening Farm, 350 Statute Acres, comfortable house, out-offices; clear long title; Dublin, 40 miles; good town; rail, churches, two miles. Particulars from "Z 1046, Farm," this office.

LEGAL—Wanted, an experienced Solicitor to carry on an old established practice in an Ulster town; must be capable in all branches; R.C.; £300 per year and commission. Apply "Z 2498, Legal," this office.

KOKOTEE. Nourishing and sustaining.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED—James North and Co., Auctioneers, Grafton st. Established 1823.

A INEXPERIENCED PROPERTY OWNERS, SALE BY AUCTION undoubtedly brings forth the full market value of any property. We are willing to fully explain (without fee) to any party contemplating a sale of house or landed property what liabilities are incurred and the benefits such methods ensure.
BATTERSBY and CO.,
Auctioneers,
39 WESTMORELAND STREET.
Established 1815.

WHY PAY MORE? The Cheapest and Best Luncheon in Dublin, 1/6. Choice Selection. Red Bank Restaurant Co., D'Olier street.

ANNE LYNCH'S CELEBRATED TEAS. Special Offer of very Choice Tea. The "CAFE" Blend. 1lb. Caddy, 5/6. 2lb. Caddy, 10/6. Postage Paid. As Served in our Café. CAFE CAIRO, GRAFTON STREET. (The Cairo, Ltd.).

BROOKS, THOMAS, AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN. LETTERED PLATE GLASS FACIÆS AND SIGNS. Executed in Best Manner on the Premises.

DISSTONS' AND NICHOLSONS' HORSE RASPS. JOHN C. PARKES & SONS, LTD. COOMBE, DUBLIN.

ELVERY AND CO., LTD., Agents for DICK'S BALATA BELTING. ELEPHANT HOUSE, DUBLIN, CORK, & LONDON.

VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property, etc., made for Probate and all purposes. James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton st.

FATHER—Dartry Dye Works have made such a splendid job of my Suit that I shan't need a new one, thanks.

SEE the name "CADBURY" on every piece of Chocolate.

BATTLEFIELDS Bureau, Ltd. (Association of Officers), War Graves Photos, Tours and Accommodation at our Hotels (Ypres and Menin). For particulars write Dept. 14, Battlefields Bureau Ltd., 175 Piccadilly, W. 1.

OLD BOOKS.
ADVERTISER will Buy early published Books and Pamphlets, Accounts of Voyages and Travels relating to Canada and other British Dominions and the U.S.A. Give particulars (with dates of publication), by letter, to John Atkinson, 22 Canada Life Bldg., Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

RENT COLLECTIONS and Management of Property undertaken.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street Established 1823.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times," and the "Irish Field," can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains from Mr. M F. Gorry, Harbour street.

THE RENT ACT—Hope for the Tenant—See the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES. On sale To-day. Price Three halfpence, at all newsagents.

WINDOW BLINDS.
FRENCH GREY, 3/6 EACH.
CREAM AND ECRU, FROM 4/11 EACH.
Old Blinds Reversed and Repaired at Moderate Charges.
DOCKRELL LIMITED,
DUBLIN.

MOIRA RESTAURANT,
TRINITY STREET (COLLEGE GREEN),
Two minutes from Trinity College.
Oysters. Charcoal Grill.
P NUGENT, Proprietor.

TOPICAL PHOTOGRAPHS appearing in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES to-day include the Staff of the Royal Victoria Eye and Ear Hospital, Dublin. Order the paper to-day. Three halfpence, at all newsagents.

PERFECTION OIL COOKERS and HEATERS. ADJUSTABLE FIRES.
HENSHAW and CO., LTD.,
3 to 12 CHRIST CHURCH PLACE, DUBLIN.

INCOME TAX RECOVERED; Super Tax; Excess Profits; Returns; Accounts.—J. T. WALLACE, Expert, 65 Dame street, Dublin. 'Phone—383.

INCOME TAX.—Claims, Super-Tax, Accounts.—Bourke, late Surveyor of Taxes, 74 Grafton street, Dublin.

REVISED SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL (PREPAID) ADVERTISEMENTS.

For each insertion of 12 words, 1/-.
Every succeeding word One Penny.
A Discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed when a series of twelve or more insertions is prepaid. Unless prepayment is made before advertisement appears this discount will not be allowed.
All seeking Employment will be allowed Four Insertions for the Price of Three. Office address counts as three words, if replies are to be called for; or, when they are to be sent by post, as four words.
Advertisements not prepaid are charged at a minimum of 2/6 per insertion.
Publication of these advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.

N.B.—GREAT CARE IS TAKEN THAT ADVERTISEMENTS IS ALL PARTS OF THIS PAPER APPEAR CORRECTLY, BUT NO LIABILITY IS UNDERTAKEN FOR ANY ERROR IN OR OMISSION OF ANY ADVERTISEMENT, AND THE PROPRIETORS RESERVE THE RIGHT TO OMIT OR ALTER ANY ADVERTISEMENT, NO MATTER WHERE OR BY WHOM ACCEPTED. (1/3/20.)

IRISH TIMES, LTD.,
WESTMORELAND ST., DUBLIN. 'Phone 62.
BRANCH OFFICES.
BELFAST—108 Royal avenue. 'Phone 1787.
CORK—15 Marlborough street. 'Phone 655.
LONDON—59 Fleet street. Central 4350.

LOST AND FOUND.

LIVER and White Cocker Spaniel Pup, answering to the name of Gyp. Lost, from 7 Crosthwaite Park, W., Kingstown. Reward offered. E

LOST in Dublin, 23rd to 26th February, Diamond Half Hoop Ring. Reward.—Weir's, Grafton st., Dublin.

LOST, between Rathmines and Brondstone on February 25th, gold Lady's old Gold Watch; reward.—"Z 2856, this office.

LOST, between Dawson st., Stephen's Green, and Harcourt st., Dublin, the purse from Roberts (Milliners), containing three pairs children's white gloves. Will finder please return to Hall Porter, Alexandra Club, 134, 135 Stephen's Green.

LOST, probably in Grafton st., last month, the Gold Curb Bracelet, with pendant. Identification probe. Finder will be rewarded on bringing the above to Lady Wright, 22 Fitzwilliam square.

LOST, Tuesday evening, between Molesworth Hall and Kildare st., Pocketbook, Silver Whistle and Silver Watch, £3 reward. 56 Trinoville road, Sandymount.

LOST in or near Lower Leeson st. on 4th inst., Bunch of Keys. Finder rewarded returning same to 49 Lower Leeson street.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

COUNTY WATERFORD COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE.

INSTRUCTOR IN POULTRY-KEEPING AND BUTTER-MAKING WANTED.

The services of an Instructor qualified to teach Poultry-keeping, Butter making, and Home Cheese-making are required.
Salary £100 per annum, rising by annual increments of £10 to a maximum of £160.
Travelling allowance and War Bonus on the approved scale will be paid in addition. The appointment will be subject to the approval of the Department.
Applications, stating full particulars as to age, qualifications, experience, must reach the undersigned not later than 27th March, 1920.
J. O'DWYER,
Secretary.
Courthouse, Dungarvan.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
FIRST CLASS JOINERS
For Permanent Work.
Apply L. B. HOLLIDAY and CO., LTD., Deighton, Huddersfield, Yorkshire. J.

COSTUME SALES.

WANTED, as CHARGE of COSTUME DEPARTMENT, a competent LADY, capable of taking orders, and accustomed to good class trade.
Apply, stating experience and salary expected (confidential), to
Mr. BROWN, Manager,
The Bank Buildings, BELFAST.

ABSOLUTE Security Granted to all Forms in Positions of Trust by The Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, Ltd.; subscribed capital, £1,000,000; 28 and 29 Smith st., 43 Dame st., Dublin.

A NURSE Sister Wanted for Private Hospital; also Nurses for increase of staff. Apply "Z 2432, this office. E

STAR CARS, 15.9 H.P. and 20.1 H.P. All types of Bodies. JOHN HUTTON & SONS, Ltd., 2 Dawson Street, DUBLIN.

10 h.p. Welseley Car, 1920 Model. Price, £800. For specification and date of delivery, apply Booth Bros., Upper Stephen street, Dublin.

WE carry complete Assortments of genuine Ford Parts, and give careful, prompt Ford Service. AUTOCARS IRELAND LTD., 19 Chatham street (off Grafton street).

BOOK YOUR ORDER NOW FOR OVERLAND 4. £495. EARLY DELIVERY. CRAWFORD, 23 and 30 DAWSON STREET DUBLIN.

R. W. ARCHER and CO., 65 Lr. Mount st. Original Ford Agents in Ireland.

LANCIA CARS—Sole Irish Agent for this World-famed Car. Book now for good delivery of 12-Cylinder Model.—G. A. BRITTAIN, 40 Dawson street, Dublin

NAPIER LORRIES.
JUST as the Napier Pleasure Car dominates in Beauty, Design, and Workmanship, so is the Napier Lorry favoured for its sturdiness, mechanical efficiency, and economy. They are powerful cars.
THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., Dublin, Belfast, and Cork.

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THE OLD ORIGINAL FIRM
Motto and 'Phone Number,
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TWENTY-TEN. TO OWE ONE NOUGHT.
WAYTE'S.

WAYTE BROS., LTD.,
Only Address for MOTOR CAR HIRE,
14-15 HARRY STREET.
Cycles and Motor Cycles—11-12 LEMON STREET.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

LEYLAND LORRIES FOR LOADS. ASHENHURST, WILLIAMS, AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN.

HIGH-CLASS MOTOR HIRE. CELEBRATED FOR WAYTE'S, HARRY STREET. 'Phone 2010.

WE UNDERTAKE HIRING OF EVERY MOTOR HIRING DESCRIPTION. WAYTE (HARRY), LTD., 9 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET. 'Phone 2367 and 2368.

AXMINSTER CARPETS.
SELF COLOURING, IN SOFT SHADES.
And Copies of the Finest
INDIAN, TURKISH, and PERSIAN CARPETS.
ANDERSON, STANFORD & RIDGEWAY, Ltd.
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THE PATRIOTIC ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
FOR
FIRE, ACCIDENT, WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION AND BURGLARY.
CAPITAL FULLY PAID UP £100,000
Registered and Head Office:
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Low Rates of Premium and Prompt and Liberal Settlement of Claims.
THE POSITION OF THE COMPANY IS AMPLY SECURED INDEPENDENT OF CAPITAL.
Proposal Forms and all information on application to Company's Agents; or to
STUART C. SMITH, Manager and Secretary.

TURF.
BY LOAD OR TON.
DELIVERED CITY AND SUBURBS.
FLOWER & McDONALD,

SPRING IS COMING.
Now is the time to have Suits, Costumes, Light Overcoats, etc., Cleaned and Pressed at
DUNLOP'S DYE WORKS,
KILMAINHAM, DUBLIN.
AND BRANCHES.
Telephones 4334 and 4335.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK are accurately summarised in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES. Price Three Halfpence, at all Newsagents.

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

GENERAL FLOOR, CORN, AND PROVISION BUSINESS.
WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
Capable, Energetic, Pushing
SALESMAN AND CHARGE HAND,
By Firm in south, doing large business, affording a splendid opportunity of advancement and good prospects for a suitable man.
BOX 4398,
KENNY'S ADVERTISING AGENCY, DUBLIN.

THOMPSON MEMORIAL HOME FOR INVALIDS, LISBURN, COUNTY ANTRIM.
WANTED, PROBATIONERS, age from 17 years.
Salary and Uniform.
Apply Lady Superintendent. D

ANDERSON and Co.—A clever Saleswoman, change Costumes and Gowns; application, in writing, giving full particulars of experience and salary, to Manageress, 40 and 42 Nassau st. Ltd., Dublin. E

APPRENTICES Wanted, Millinery and Dressmaking. 27 and 28 Stephen's Green.

ASSISTANT Manageress for Cafe Wanted. Apply, stating experience, etc., and salary expected, Bewley's Cafe, Westmoreland st.

BOY required for Land Agent's Office. State where educated and salary expected, to Q 1354, this office.

BARMAID Wanted for Hotel in the West; must have good references; state age and salary expected.—"Z 1537, Barmaid," this office.

BOY Wanted, about 14, to make himself generally useful.—Apply Wholesale Business.—Q 1466, this office.

BOOT Trade—Vacancy April 6th for Lady of experience, capable of taking charge, with city and country experience in high class trade; Protestant; glove fitter; state salary (outdoor); enclose photo, copies references, in confidence.—Q 1680, this office.

BOOTS, Stockroom (Indoor)—Gentile Salesman Wanted (second), protestant. State salary, enclose copy references.—Q 1637, this office.

BUILDER'S Estimater Wanted for occasional work; must be thoroughly up to date; state particulars and wages first case.—Q 1477, this office.

BOOT Sales-Clever young Lady Wanted (Protestant); good class trade; must understand fitting. Apply, stating full particulars, salary, giving full particulars.—"Z 2682, Lady," this office.

BOY (16) wanted as Messenger, ride a bicycle; one with knowledge of oils and colours preferred.—Corcoran and Co., Ltd.

CASH Desk—Clever smart young Lady required by Grafton st. Firm; preferably with drapery house experience. Reply, stating previous experience, salary, age, to Q 1501, Lady," this office.

COOPERS—Wanted, reliable Man for General Cooperage Work; constant employment and highest wages. Leonard and Company, Ltd., 2 Lincoln lane, Dublin.

CLUB—Experienced Waiter-in-charge Wanted. Apply for full particulars of past experience, Q 1559, this office.

CASHIER—Lady Ledger Clerk Wanted, with a working knowledge of self balancing ledgers. Apply Secretary, Irish Employers' Provident Association, 5 Upper Sackville street, Dublin. E

COATMAKERS—Wanted immediately, first class Coatmaker; permanent employment. Henry Ferris and Co., Bond's Hill, Dublin.

COMPETENT young Lady Shorthand Typist required for City Office; good business experience essential.—Q 1780, this office.

CASH and Accounting—Wanted, energetic Man, thoroughly conversant and with practical experience of Cash and Accounting work; permanent position; capable of developing the department satisfactorily every encouragement. Apply, stating full particulars as to age, qualifications, experience, salary expected, and when disengaged, to James Walker, Ltd., Rathmines, Dublin.

CLERK Wanted for Solicitor's Office, Kingstown; must have experience of conveyancing. Engineer must have experience of similar work.—Q 1602, this office. A

CARPENTER—Wanted for Joinery Work in Knocktopher Joinery.—Q 1453, this office.

COMPS. and Machine Operators—Steady, reliable men, for permanent jobs. Wanted for large Provincial Office.—"Z 2701, Comps," this office.

DESPATCH Soldiers and Engineers—Two fitting (guaranteed) start your own Display Business; little capital required; full particulars, enclosing addressed envelope, Dept. C, 143 Homesdale rd., Bromley, Kent.

DRESSMAKING, Dress fit; practical Lady preferred; willing to work; Protestant. Apply "Z 2451, this office.

DRAPERY—Young Lady required for General Drapery Sales; medium class country trade; particulars and wages in first letter. Apply Box 1, Kilkenny Moderator.

DRESSMAKER Wanted, young Lady, able to cut and fit perfectly; outdoor; state experience and reference.—Eadies Bros., 7 Dame st.

DRESSMAKER Wanted for good business town, smart Saleswoman. Protestant only; references essential.—Apply Box 1, Kilkenny Moderator.

DRESSMAKER Wanted, smart Saleswoman and Dressmaker for first class goods; giving references, salary, religion, etc.—Levis and Co. Corner House, Kingstown.

DRESSMAKING—First Class Cutter and Fitter Wanted at once.—C. W. McDonagh, 25, 26, 27 Main st., Blackrock.

DRAUGHTSMAN Wanted, used to light steel structural work, able to work out designs, quantities, and working drawings. Apply, 1910, this office. E

DRAPERY—Lady Assistant required for medium class trade; must serve through. Apply, giving reference and stating salary expected, Q 1600, this office. F

ENERGETIC Man Wanted to Sell Fancy Goods; salary and commission. Reply Box 1, Kilkenny Moderator.

EXPERIENCED Waitress or House Parlourmaid required. Apply by letter, giving experience, "Z 2620 this office.

GIRL—Wanted, intelligent young Girl, up to 16 years, to help in cafe and in handling copy House in city. Apply in own handwriting, giving full particulars, Q 1770, this office.

GENTLEMEN'S Outfitting and Tailoring—Thoroughly experienced Assistant Wanted; permanent position for right man; state age and particulars, R O 705, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

HANAGER for Shackleton, Drapers, Kingstown, require at once experienced Saleswoman for Underclothing and Costumes; state salary, references.—Q 1642.

HOUSE—Wanted, young Lady to take charge of Stock Books and assist at Housekeeping and Bar; experience, etc., and salary expected, Bewley's Cafe, Westmoreland st.

HOUSE required for Land Agent's Office. State where educated and salary expected, to Q 1354, this office.

HARMAID Wanted for Hotel in the West; must have good references; state age and salary expected.—"Z 1537, Barmaid," this office.

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COOPERS—Wanted, reliable Man for General Cooperage Work; constant employment and highest wages. Leonard and Company, Ltd., 2 Lincoln lane, Dublin.

CLUB—Experienced Waiter-in-charge Wanted. Apply for full particulars of past experience, Q 1559, this office.

CASHIER—Lady Ledger Clerk Wanted, with a working knowledge of self balancing ledgers. Apply Secretary, Irish Employers' Provident Association, 5 Upper Sackville street, Dublin. E

COATMAKERS—Wanted immediately, first class Coatmaker; permanent employment. Henry Ferris and Co., Bond's Hill, Dublin.

COMPETENT young Lady Shorthand Typist required for City Office; good business experience essential.—Q 1780, this office.

CASH and Accounting—Wanted, energetic Man, thoroughly conversant and with practical experience of Cash and Accounting work; permanent position; capable of developing the department satisfactorily every encouragement. Apply, stating full particulars as to age, qualifications, experience, salary expected, and when disengaged, to James Walker, Ltd., Rathmines, Dublin.

CLERK Wanted for Solicitor's Office, Kingstown; must have experience of conveyancing. Engineer must have experience of similar work.—Q 1602, this office. A

CARPENTER—Wanted for Joinery Work in Knocktopher Joinery.—Q 1453, this office.

COMPS. and Machine Operators—Steady, reliable men, for permanent jobs. Wanted for large Provincial Office.—"Z 2701, Comps," this office.

DESPATCH Soldiers and Engineers—Two fitting (guaranteed) start your own Display Business; little capital required; full particulars, enclosing addressed envelope, Dept. C, 143 Homesdale rd., Bromley, Kent.

DRESSMAKING, Dress fit; practical Lady preferred; willing to work; Protestant. Apply "Z 2451, this office.

DRAPERY—Young Lady required for General Drapery Sales; medium class country trade; particulars and wages in first letter. Apply Box 1, Kilkenny Moderator.

DRESSMAKER Wanted, young Lady, able to cut and fit perfectly; outdoor; state experience and reference.—Eadies Bros., 7 Dame st.

DRESSMAKER Wanted for good business town, smart Saleswoman. Protestant only; references essential.—Apply Box 1, Kilkenny Moderator.

DRESSMAKER Wanted, smart Saleswoman and Dressmaker for first class goods; giving references, salary, religion, etc.—Levis and Co. Corner House, Kingstown.

DRESSMAKING—First Class Cutter and Fitter Wanted at once.—C. W. McDonagh, 25, 26, 27 Main st., Blackrock.

EYLAND LORRIES FOR LOADS. ASHENHURST, WILLIAMS, AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN.

ENERGETIC Man Wanted to Sell Fancy Goods; salary and commission. Reply Box 1, Kilkenny Moderator.

EXPERIENCED Waitress or House Parlourmaid required. Apply by letter, giving experience, "Z 2620 this office.

GOOD Milliner Wanted immediately; stylish trimmer, good workwoman. Apply, copy references, salary (outdoor), Cameron, Longford.

GIRL—Wanted, intelligent young Girl, up to 16 years, to help in cafe and in handling copy House in city. Apply in own handwriting, giving full particulars, Q 1770, this office.

GENTLEMEN'S Outfitting and Tailoring—Thoroughly experienced Assistant Wanted; permanent position for right man; state age and particulars, R O 705, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

HANAGER for Shackleton, Drapers, Kingstown, require at once experienced Saleswoman for Underclothing and Costumes; state salary, references.—Q 1642.

HOUSE—Wanted, young Lady to take charge of Stock Books and assist at Housekeeping and Bar; experience, etc., and salary expected, Bewley's Cafe, Westmoreland st.

HOUSE required for Land Agent's Office. State where educated and salary expected, to Q 1354, this office.

HARMAID Wanted for Hotel in the West; must have good references; state age and salary expected.—"Z 1537, Barmaid," this office.

BOY Wanted, about 14, to make himself generally useful.—Apply Wholesale Business.—Q 1466, this office.

BOOT Trade—Vacancy April 6th for Lady of experience, capable of taking charge, with city and country experience in high class trade; Protestant; glove fitter; state salary (outdoor); enclose photo, copies references, in confidence.—Q 1680, this office.

BOOTS, Stockroom (Indoor)—Gentile Salesman Wanted (second), protestant. State salary, enclose copy references.—Q 1637, this office.

BUILDER'S Estimater Wanted for occasional work; must be thoroughly up to date; state particulars and wages first case.—Q 1477, this office.

BOOT Sales-Clever young Lady Wanted (Protestant); good class trade; must understand fitting. Apply, stating full particulars, salary, giving full particulars.—"Z 2682, Lady," this office.

BOY (16) wanted as Messenger, ride a bicycle; one with knowledge of oils and colours preferred.—Corcoran and Co., Ltd.

CASH Desk—Clever smart young Lady required by Grafton st. Firm; preferably with drapery house experience. Reply, stating previous experience, salary, age, to Q 1501, Lady," this office.

COOPERS—Wanted, reliable Man for General Cooperage Work; constant employment and highest wages. Leonard and Company, Ltd., 2 Lincoln lane, Dublin.

CLUB—Experienced Waiter-in-charge Wanted. Apply for full particulars of past experience, Q 1559, this office.

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DRESSMAKER Wanted, smart Saleswoman and Dressmaker for first class goods; giving references, salary, religion, etc.—Levis and Co. Corner House, Kingstown.

DRESSMAKING—First Class Cutter and Fitter Wanted at once.—C. W. McDonagh, 25, 26, 27 Main st., Blackrock.

TYPIST—Wanted, experienced young Lady for Manufacturer's Office; state terms of experience and reference and salary expected.—Q 1620, this office.

WOOD, Burns, and Co. Require Cost Makers, also Vest and Trouser Machinists.

TRAINEE Wanted for about four weeks by individual in Dublin; must be willing and make himself generally useful.—Apply, stating terms for whole time, Q 1812, this office.

WANTED, 20 to 30 Woodworkers for Cart, Lorry, Van, and Commercial Motor Body Buildings; good wages and steady position. Apply Secretary, Irish Employers' Provident Association, Ltd., South st., Dundrum, England.

WANTED, Young Man, Assistant Shopman; good references essential. Apply Railway Hotel, Loughrea.

WANTED immediately, experienced Assistant for Grocery and Bottling Business in Dundalk. Apply, giving reference, etc., to Q 1500, Assistant, this office.

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

WANTED, good class Bleacher, one who could undertake small batch of negative weekly at home Cooper, Studio, Strabane. E

WANTED, respectable Boy as Messenger, age 15 or 16.—Oxo Limited, 13

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

THE CUBITT CAR
CAN NOW BE SEEN AT
WALLEN'S GARAGE, TRINITY ST. T

A Ld. Steel Stampings are used in construction of Varley Woods; delivery March.—Woods, Westland Row. T

ITALA,
one of the oldest and one of the best Italian Makes, and the Products of much of to-day's accepted practice in Motor Engineering. Two Winner of many Hill Climb Races
ONE SPECIAL MODEL FOR 1920.
16/20 h.p., 83 x 130, 4 speeds and reverse Self Starter and Electric Light. Electric Horn, Speedometer, Detachable Steel Wheels. Chassis absolutely complete, ready for body. Price £900. Write for Catalogue.
SOLE AGENT FOR IRELAND (excepting Ulster),
G. A. BRITTAIN,
40 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
Deliveries Early in the New Year.

WE are now in a position to Deliver the MOON CAR, 5 cylinder, 20 h.p. DIXIE DEVIER, 17/30 h.p. TRAFFIC TRUCK, 30/45 cwt., 15/20 h.p., Continental engine.
AA MOTOR CAR CO.,
NASSAU STREET, DUBLIN. T

WELDING.
First Class Work.
MOTOR REPAIRS.
Finest Workmanship.
Lowest Prices.
Best Equipped Garage in Dublin.
IRELAND'S WELDING AND MOTOR ENGINEERING WORKS.
9 Lower Pembroke street, Dublin.
'Phone, 1685. Trade Terms. T

LIBERTY-SIX CARS,
WITH SILENT ENGINE.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE,
4 LOWER ABBEY ST., DUBLIN.
Wires—"Autoservis, Dublin." 'Phone, 4779. T

FLANDERS 20 4-5 SEATER CAR, overhauled, newly painted, new hood and tyres; trial given. £250.

TALBOT TOURING CAR, 1913, 4 Seater, newly painted, new one-man hood, new tyres, excellent order; trial given. £350.

NORTHERN MOTOR ENGINEERING CO.,
44 LOWER GARDINER STREET. 13 27

CHEVROLET TOURING CARS,
The Pride of America.
EARLY DELIVERY FROM
LINCOLN MOTOR COMPANY,
Lincoln Place, Westland Row, Dublin. T

HUPMOBILE,
1915, Model K.
Perfect condition, £500, or nearest.
Can be seen Dublin, Saturday. D
Q 1757, this office.

A NEW Maxwell 1920 Touring Car for Sale; immediate delivery.—Sandeson, Lower Dominick st., Dublin. F

A SPLENDID De Dion 12-14 h.p. Landaulette, in perfect running order; any trial; £300; a rare chassis.—F. J. Dooley, Billiard Saloon, Fairview, Dublin.

A C Carrier, 5-6 h.p., for Sale, £50; suitable for light delivery work; guaranteed to run; Post Bulk, Seen running order. To be seen at Crawford's Garage, Glover's Lane. T

BRADFORD Ariel-Johnston Streamline Touring Car, 1914, little used, equal to new, 15-9 H.P., C.A.V. lighting complete, £675; new 1920 Model now ready for immediate delivery several Ford Cars and Vans from £300. Overland, Kisp and Automobile Agents and Engineers Tullow, Co. Carlow.

BRAID now 15-9 h.p. Star, five seater, touring body, in perfect chassis; beautiful car; prompt delivery; £800.—Q 1644, this office.

BUICK, 6 cylinder, new, immediate delivery from stock.—Flannery and Co., Ltd., Nenagh; and Wicklow Hotel, Dublin.

CROSSLEY, new, 25/30 h.p. R.A.F., five seater, touring, very beautiful car; now in Dublin; what offers?—Q 1642, this office.

CALTHORPE, just delivered, brand new, four seater (detachable wheels), Austin back wind screen, electric side and tail lamps; excellent running order; price £500. Apply E. W. Hope-Johnstone, Esq., Clonburgh, Multyfarnham.

CHEVROLET, 1920 4 Seater, magneto, overhead valves, £450, plus freight.—Kitrov, Tullamore.

COUPE Maxwell, 1915, owner driven, 14,000 miles, 5 detachable rims and starter, 5 detachable rims and tyres, in perfect running condition, recently repainted and overhauled, £390.—Q 1740, this office.

DUNLOP Tyres remedy car ills and bills.

DAIMLER Coupe, 15 h.p., Silent Knight, 3-5 seater, on dickey C.A.V. lighting. Apply "Z 2619," this office.

FORD Sale, Bedford Buick 5 Seater, 1913, in perfect order and condition; any trial given or inspection allowed; reasonable offer accepted.—Apply to F. J. Holland, Birr.

FORD, 1915, Model T.T. Chassis, recently overhauled, excellent running order, price £180; seen by appointment in Dublin.—Q 1615, this office.

FOR Sale, Humber Five Seater, in good running order; will be sold cheap.—Q 1610, this office.

FOR Sale, "Star" Car, 1913-5, Five Seater (1124) model, in perfect condition; tires (five) like new, painting and upholstering perfect, has done only very little since the war, and has always been owner driven and beautifully kept; colour cream; price else on application.—Hire Car (1916), in perfect running order; no expense sated by present owner. Apply Bonner's Motor Garage, Tralee.

FOR Hire, Wolseley Private 5 Seater Touring Car, with fitter; perfect mechanical condition; 170 Botanic road.

FOR Sale, 15 H.P. Darracq Touring Car, detachable tire wheels.—Crampton's Garage, Merrion Row.

FOR Sale, 1919 Ford Car, owner driven, perfect car. Inspection Crampton's, Brunswick st., North.

FORD, 1920, just delivered, five seater touring body; bargain offer £350 accepts.—Q 1561, this office.

FOR Sale, Charron Landaulette, £250 or nearest; would Exchange for Ford Landaulette (latest).—Q 1574, this office.

FORD 1920 Car, electric starter and lighting, just delivered; trial given.—Q 1699, this office.

FORD, 1917, English body, handsome appearance, mechanically sound, new tyres and tubes, a real tour car, ready for room, any examination or trial, £230.—P. 3698, Ford," this office.

FORD, 1914, in excellent order, sound tyres, change wheels, spare, ready for the road, only £185.—"Z 2697, Ford," this office.

HUMBER, Landaulette Car, 1914, 12-14 h.p., immediate delivery from stock.—Flannery and Co., Ltd., Nenagh.

HUMBERETTE Light Car for Sale, in very good condition; privately owned and very little used; cheap.—Whyte's, Ltd., Ballina.

HUMBERETTE for Sale, recently overhauled and painted, good usage order. Seen at A.A. Motor Co., Nassau st.

LATE 1919 Ford Two Seater, as new, improved hood and curtains; £240.—Q 1572, this office.

LATE 1913 19-16 h.p. Sunbeam Landaulette for Sale. Apply 'Phone, 20 h.p. perfect order, semi portable, £35.—Pilsworth, Kilnaslagh, Rathgiran.

MOTOR Cars of every description overhauled by experienced workmen; all repairs, including latest work, on the premises; personal supervision; Cars called for; distance no object; best workmanship guaranteed.—Motor Works, Crampton road. 'Phone, 3506, Dublin.

MODEL "E" Humbelette, in splendid order; lovely car; any trial given; £695 or nearest offer.—Q 1565, this office.

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.
Apply for Prospectus to
FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD and CO., LTD.,
30 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN. X

NEW Sunbeam, 1920 delivery, Write and secure your position now. Sole Agents, McTappart, S. King st. T

ROVER, 1919, milenge negligible, owner driven; practically new; first class order; seen. Q 1645, this office. F

SOLE Agents, Edmund, Wilkin, Valvetex; several Secondhands; Repairs any Machine a specialty.—Henkil Motors, temporary address, rear Rangelly Hotel, Stephen's Green, Dublin. 26 3

STAR Cars for Hire; all light service a specialty.—Harron, 12 Upper Camden st. 'Phone, 2656. 26 19

VOX Two Seater Light Car for Sale, in good order, splendid wheels; can be seen Dublin.—"Z 9700, Vox," this office.

4 SEATER Light Car New, electric light, self starter. Seen and tried at Burney Bros., Motor Agents, 67 Great Brunswick st., Dublin.

5 H.P. Rover two seater, dicker, spare wheel, new tyres, perfect condition; any trial.—Q 1700, this office.

1910 BEDFORD Buick four seater, requiring some new parts to complete, or would sell narrow be requiring Buick parts for replacement.—Coulter's Garage, Waterford.

1912 DAIMLER, 15 h.p., open touring body, wire detachable wheels, Anstor back wind screen, electric side and tail lamps; excellent running order; price £500. Apply E. W. Hope-Johnstone, Esq., Clonburgh, Multyfarnham.

1913 5 SEATER Rover, in new condition, new tyres, mechanically and body perfect; unused; unused during 5 years; selling for family reasons; state best offer; subject to examination. Apply "Z 2563, Motor," this office.

WANTED

A FEW Touring and Enclosed Cars Wanted, 1914 to 1920 models, good condition; following makes preferred—Calcott, Lancia, Daimler, Lanchester, Fiat, Rolls Royce, Minerva, Vauxhall, or similar.—E. F. Bamber, Grosham Hotel, Dublin.

FORD (any type) Wanted; state year manufactured, price, price.—Q 1572, this office.

LIGHT Cars Wanted immediately, Hillman, Calcott, Morris Cowley, Perry, Swift, Humber, Standard, Singer; send prices first; please send particulars.—E. F. Bamber, Grosham Hotel, Dublin.

WANTED, two Ford Touring Car, at premium, or 1919 Ford.—Q 1756, this office.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

WANTED for the South of Ireland, a competent Overseer Mechanic, to take charge of Taxicab concern; must be thoroughly reliable and trustworthy with references; state wages.—Q 1645, this office.

WANTED immediately, Working Foreman Mechanic. Apply Cheap's Garage, Carbery Garage, Bandon, Co. Cork.

WANTED, Mechanic, first class, to the hand, one accustomed with rewritten work and good tool chest. Apply Mechanic, this office.

WANTED for a country town, a competent Chauffeur to drive a Renault car and help in a garden; 50/; a week; references.—P. 3542, Chauffeur," this office.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

DOMESTICS WANTED.

A YOUNG Girl Wanted, Rathmines, daily, 9 to 4; must be used to work well recommended.—Q 1617, this office.

A T Kennedy's, 58 Rockville st.—Wanted, Cooks, Housemaids, Hospital, Housemaids, Nurses, Nurses, Housemaids.

BETWEENMAID Wanted immediately, well recommended.—Mrs. Cann, 54, Victoria's, Clonskeagh, Co. Kildare.

BETWEENMAID Wanted, country girl. Send copies and state wages, Mrs. Boyd, 5 Upper Castle-yard, Dublin.

BETWEENMAID, willing to do country Kitchen-maid, C. General, H. and Parlor, city visitors or invalid.—Mrs. Mitchell, Belvoir Park, Belfast.

BETWEENMAID Wanted, with experience; good wages; country.—Lady Grogan, Castle Grogan, Scribblestown, Dublin.

HOTEL Burgot, 25 Colchester street, Belfast, requires Chambermaids, 17/; Head and Waitresses, House Gantlewomen, 17/; Kitchenmaids, 17/.

LAUNDROOM Maid required for City Club. Apply, stating full particulars and wages required, to "Z 9439, Laundry," this office.

SEWINGMAID Wanted for Convent, Rathmines; must be well recommended; state wages.—Mrs. Cann, 54, Victoria's, Clonskeagh, Co. Kildare.

WORKING Housekeeper required for Farmhouse near Wexford Co. Derry, able to take charge four children; own room provided; Protestant; must be well recommended. Apply, giving full particulars, to "Z 9438, Derry," this office.

WANTED, strong Girl for housework. Apply, between 1 and 2 o'clock, at 62 Phibsborough road.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

WANTED, well-trained Parlormaid; good wages and comfortable home; state full particulars and wages required.—Q 1654, this office.

WANTED, strong, healthy Girl to milk, look after poultry, help in garden and house; state wages required.—P. 0 710, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

YOUNG Girl as Maid and Parlormaid, doctor's house; good wages to suitable applicant. Call at 31 Merrion square after 6 p.m. and between 2 and 3 p.m. T.

MOTOR CYCLES.

"AI"—1920 HARLEY Combinations from stock. Secondhand Combinations include Harleys, Indians, A.J.S., Humber, Ariel, Enfields, Douglas, Associon Excelsior, and Rudges, etc. Lewis, New Imperial Jap, Diamond, Triton, and M. and Sunbeams all coming shortly. 'Phone, 2010.—Wards Bros., 41, Lemon st.

THE NEW N.U.T. MOTORCYCLE
HAS ARRIVED AND CAN BE
SEEN AT
WALLEN'S GARAGE,
TRINITY ST. DUBLIN.

AT Woods', Westland Row—Orders Booked for New B.S.A. Twins.

AT Woods', Westland Row—Side Cars in stock for all makes.

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern st., opposite Four Courts; now arrange.

BAT, BROUGH, COULSON, CLEVELAND, AND EXCELSIOR MOTOR CYCLES

Before placing your orders, call and inspect these popular machines.

HARRY WATTE, LTD.,
9 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN.

DOUGLAS, 21, £55; Humber Lightweight, £55; Bradbury, 3½, £48.—Fitzgerald, 56 Rathmines road.

FOR Sale, Motor Cycle, 4½ Rex, water cooled, good running order.—Cogan's Garage, Lower Fitzwilliam street.

FOR Sale, Rudge Multi T.T. 3½ h.p., in splendid running order; any trial given. Seen, 10 to 6, at 211 West Arran st.

INDIAN Combination for Sale, 7 to 9 h.p., splendid condition. Can be seen at Central Motor Co., Harry st. (off Grafton st.)

I CAN give immediate delivery of James Twin Cylinder, 6 speed chain drive (Used to hand) at old price.—Stevens, 8 Acton quay, Dublin.

IMMEDIATE delivery of three two stroke, two speed Model Autocycles at old prices.—Stevens, 8 Acton quay, Dublin.

"MONARCH" Motor Cycles, 2½ h.p., two stroke models, with two speed gear, £60 10/6, with Clutch and Kickstarter £66 11/; four stroke Models, 2½ h.p., two speed gear, £67 4/, having Clutch and Kickstarter £73 10/. Sole Irish Agent, Rudge-Whitworth, Ltd., Stephen's Green. 26 11

N.U.T. T.T., 3½ twin, 3 speed, lamp, horn, new tyre, spare belt, in good condition, a fast machine, £37 (or nearest offer) buying Combination.—"Z 2537, Cycle," this office.

NEW Hudson, two stroke, almost new, left for Sale at Burney's Garage, 67 Great Brunswick st., Dublin. F

SPARKBROOK 1920 2½ h.p., just delivered, £62; Coach Built Side Car, off Indian, £16.—Kilroy, trial given. £230.

24 H.P. Humber, variable gear, perfect order, £35; Two other goods lots; wages £58 to £30; country this office.

7/9 I.D. Indian, 7/9, clutch model, been thoroughly overhauled, good order, very fast, £50 or offer.—Jackson, Rosbeck House, Clonskeagh.

1916 HARLEY Davidson 7-9 Solo, in perfect condition, fitted with new tyres; has had no heavy work. Can be seen by arrangement at Cahill's Garage, Castlerea. Any reasonable trial given.

1919 4½ B.S.A., with Cowchbuilt Sidecar, chain-cum-belt drive, only two miles January, 1920 Offers.—Q 1764, this office.

WANTED.

WANTED, for spot cash, Lightweight and Combination Motor Bicycles, not later than 1914; also Light Cars.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. T

LORRIES, VANS; MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

KARRIER 5 TO 6 TON MOTOR LORRIES

ARE THE WORLD'S BEST CARS FOR COMMERCE.

REVEAL WONDERFUL POSSIBILITIES FOR TRADE EXPANSION.

REFLECT THE HIGHEST ACHIEVEMENT IN MECHANICAL SKILL.

INFUSE A NEW SPIRIT OF ENTERPRISE WHEREVER USED.

EFFICIENCY OF THE KEENEST ORDER IS ENSURED, AND

RESULTS—BIG RESULTS FOLLOW IN the wake of every "KARRIER."

Sole Concessionaires for Ireland:

MOTOR HIRAGE AND SALES CO., LTD.,
GREAT BRUNSWICK ST., DUBLIN.
'Phone, Dublin 2036. Wires, "Service, Dublin." X

FUREY'S CHAR-A-BANCS, MOTOR LORRIES, AND TAXIS FOR HIRE.
'Phone, 3644 (FUREY, NURSEY).
Booking Offices:—8 UP. SACKVILLE ST.
P.S.—No connection with any other firm. 12 25

FOR Hire, 4 Ton Petrol Lorry, Tonnage or daily hire rates on application to T. W. Miller, Motor Engineer, 22 City quay, Dublin. 'Phone, 2477. F

FOR Sale, Motor Lorry, 30 cwt., excellent condition, £600.—Q 1604, this office.

FORD Delivery Van, 1916, Warland detachable rims, first class running order; £210.—Lemass and Co., Smithfield.

MOTOR Traction—Four Ton Motor Lorries for Hire; also Lorries assembled, and 20 h.p. Motor Cultivating Co. 7 Hanover quay. Telephone, 4367. 26 17

PEUGEOT Motor Delivery Vans for Sale; can be seen at Mail Yard, 103 Summerhill.—John Wallis and Sons, 85 Baggot's Walk.

15 CWT. Overland Covered Van for Sale, in first class order, just overhauled, complete with spares.—"Z 2629, Van," this office. D

BODIES.

GOOD Lorry Bodies with canopy bulls complete, delivery four weeks; special line for Ford ton Trucks; Chassis collected anywhere; write or wire.—J. Khan and Son, Automobile Engineers, Tullow, Co. Carlow. F

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

ASHENHURST, WILLIAMS, and Company, Ltd.,
Offer the following for Sale:—

2 875 x 105 ARTILLERY WHEELS.
2 700 x 80 SPARE "
2 810 x 90 STEPNEY "
1 UNIC 10/12 H.P. RADIATOR.
1 " REAR AXLE.
1 " Complete with 700 x 80 Wheels
1 TALBOT CROWN WHEEL, 52 TEETH.
1 " 'BEVEL, 14 TEETH.
1 " ALSO
1 PAIR OF FRONT WINGS.
ALLDAYS MIDGET 2 SEATER.

ASHENHURST, WILLIAMS, and Company, Ltd.,
12-15 Talbot Place, Dublin.
THE FIRM FOR LORRIES. E

DARRACQ 4 cylinder engine, paraffin vaporiser, complete with flywheel and starting handle, complete, £35.—Pilsworth, Kilnaslagh, Rathgiran.

DUNLOP Tyre, 700 x 80, never fitted, £5 10/.—Q 1545, this office.

FOR Sale, a Harrey Frost Car size Vulcanizer, with tools in case, Shell Mandrel and supports complete; also Chauffeur's Cap and Livery Coat, dark green, leather buttons.—"Z 2651, Motor," this office.

BICYCLES.

SUNBEAMS, Golden, and Royal Models, Sparkbrooks, Popular and Crown, B.S.A., and Swift, all in stock; Secondhand Models, thoroughly overhauled, at pre-war prices.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon st. 'Phone 2010.

ALL Steel Raleighs, Enfields, Swifts, Humbers, from £10 10/; Secondhand taken in part payment.—Price Bros., Chatham st. (Grafton st.). 12 25

BICYCLES, Dent's Secondhand, £5 5/.—Irish Cycle Co., George's st., Dublin.

BICYCLES, 1919-20 B.S.A. and other best makes Gents' Light Roadsters. Agents Wanted for early season's trade. Good terms. Send at once for particulars and specifications.—Grandex Cycles, 153, Cursitor lane, London, W.C. 1. 24 18

B.S.A. Bicycles, Gent's, in stock, £23 15/ each; Lady's Arial, £23 10/; Lady's Humber and Swift, £21 10/.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green.

CYCLES (Meat), all makes, all sizes, from £3 15/, £1 on Hire.—Lord Property Office, Capel st. T

CYCLE Repairs—Any make of Cycle Repaired; only skilled mechanics employed; expert delivery of three speed gears.—Stevens' Cycle Depot, 8 Acton's quay.

ELSTON" Cycles—Ladies' and Gents' 1920 Models ready for sale or by monthly instalments; prompt delivery; trade supplied. Sole Irish Agents: Bishop-Platt-worth, Ltd., 4 Stephen's Green, Dublin. 25 12

FOR Sale, Clerk's Hermes, good condition, £6/10/, this office.

GOOD Cycles, Rudge-Whitworth Ladies' and Gents' Cycles, 1920 Models, now available; enclosure free. Dublin Depot, 9 Stephen's Green. 26 12

HUMBER Cycle (nearly All-black Model, gear case, two new last season, scarcely ridden during winter, original Dunlop tyres (unpunctured), complete with acetylene lamps, tools, etc., £9 10/; buying motor cycle.—"Z 9431, Humber," this office.

ROYAL Enfield Cycles, 1920 models, from £10 10/, to £12 15/, with 2 speed gear, oil bath, and Brooks saddles.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. T

WANTED.

BOY'S Bicycle Wanted, high frame; three speed; good order; for cash.—Q 1550, this office.

SECONDHAND Bicycle Wanted; good prices given; postcard, buyer calls.—Reynolds, 37 Morehampton road.

SECONDHAND Cycles Wanted; good prices given.—S. Porter, 110 Upper Leeson st., Dublin.

WANTED, a Lady's Bicycle in good condition.—"Z 2462, Bicycle," this office. F

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.
DISENGAGED.

A CHAUFFEUR, Married (no family), 5 years' practical experience with private and commercial motors; R.C., married; highest of references from all past employers.—Q 1765, this office.

CHAUFFEUR desires engagement; 26, married; six years' experience; good testimonials; excellent driver and mechanic.—Q 1766, this office.

CHAUFFEUR, disengaged, eight years' experience, any make of car, do all repairs; Dublin or district preferred.—Q 1758, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

MOTOR Driver, Ex-Army, seeks situation; will go as Improver in City Garage.—Q 1612, this office.

YOUNG Man seeks position as Motor Driver (private car preferred); highly recommended.—Q 1522, this office.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

WANTED, well-trained Parlormaid; references required; good plain cook; all duties; family 3; wages £22.—"Z 9556, Housekeeper," this office.

WANTED, a Nurse for baby 7 months; country place; several housework, four, small family; two; copy reference and salary.—"Z 9545, Woman," this office.

WANTED, strong, healthy Girl to milk, look after poultry, help in garden and house; state wages required.—P. 0 710, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

YOUNG Girl as Maid and Parlormaid, doctor's house; good wages to suitable applicant. Call at 31 Merrion square after 6 p.m. and between 2 and 3 p.m. T.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

A COOK required for Private Hospital; must be well recommended; gentlewoman preferred; good salary.—"Z 9559, Cook," this office.

AT Once—Cook General and Housemaid Waitress (Protestant), experienced and well recommended; wages £40 £43; taxes paid.—Wood, 11 Curzon road, Horpden, Chester.

COOK General Wanted for Co. Leitrim residence; must be good cook and superior person; apply, giving full particulars and wages required, to "Z 9439, Cook General," this office.

COOK, General Wanted for small Hotel in Dublin; good experience necessary.—Q 1432, this office.

COOK and Parlormaid Wanted immediately for country house, four in family; three maids kept; good wages and outings; village and station two miles. Apply, stating wages and experience, Mrs. Lenthwaite, Ballin, Silecroft, Cumberland.

COOK General—Reliable, experienced Person Wanted for Kildare; good cooking, strict cleanliness essential; £26 to £30.—Q 1656, this office.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

COOK General Wanted for small Hotel in Dublin; principally housework required.—Q 1454, this office.

GOOD General Servant Wanted for Dundrum; family two, comfortable place; must be well recommended. "Z 9580, General," this office.

GENERAL Wanted; no cooking; small washing; wages £22.—Mrs. Bowen, Mulhuddart, Co. Dublin.

GENERAL Wanted; partly trained would suit, small family; wages £18-£20.—F 47, Irish Times Office.

GOOD General Servant Wanted, for Clontarf district; good fire children; wages £30 to £35 per month. Apply, with references, between 12 and 2 o'clock, 25 Parkgate street.

GENERAL Wanted, small family; much experience not necessary if willing; good wages.—9 Bushy Park road.

GENERAL Servant Wanted; good wages to suitable person.—Apply Mrs. Harris-Temple, Waterford, Ardmore.

GOOD Single-handed Cook Wanted; every other; £28; scrubbing done; state age, copies.—Mrs. O'Farrell, Edgeworthstown House, Edgeworthstown.

IRISH Lady, living near London, wants superior country Girl as Cook General; wages first six months £24, rising yearly to £30. Reply to Mrs. Griffith, Greenane, Templeogue road, Dublin.

KILDREY.—Two respectable, cleanly Girls would train as Cook, House Parlormaid; some experience.—Q 1745, this office.

PROTESTANT Cook required, April 15; no kitchenmaid; must be very tidy; quiet situation; two children in family; good wages.—Mrs. O'Connell, Ballyhaise, Co. Armagh; comfortable home; good wages.—"Z 9595, Cook," this office.

WANTED, experienced Cook General, willing to come to England, fond of country, four in family; housemaid, waitress, and nurse kept; man for boots and coal; good wages; must have good references. Apply to Mrs. Wilson, Oak Dene, Handforth, Cheshire.

WANTED, superior Cook General; R.C.; housemaid kept; must understand all kinds of cooking; good wages given to competent girl. Apply Q 1426, this office.

WANTED, good Cook, for Co. Mayo; easy place; small dairy; wages £35 to £35. Reply, with copies, Mrs. Purdy, Lislonagh, Ballyhaunis.

WANTED, good Cook General. Wages and copies, this office, Bloomfield, Kells Road, Co. Meath.

WANTED, middle March, single-handed Cook, also House Parlormaid, for Co. Cavan; Protestant or R.C.; good wages and comfortable home; good wages.—"Z 9695

The Cocoa Nibs. Adventure No. 15

Drying the Crocodile's Tears

The Nibs arrived in Egypt, and
Were walking through the desert sand,
When suddenly, beside the Nile,
They met a hungry crocodile.

It was so hungry that the Nibs
Could count the poor old fellow's ribs,
And when it sat upon its tail,
They gave it cocoa in a pail.

(To be continued.)

R. ARKELL.

Rowntree's Cocoa

ELECT

Be economical—half-teaspoonful will make a delicious cup of cocoa.

"This grand old brand"

Murray's Mellow is the sole choice of keen business men, and many a tough problem has been solved amid the fragrance of a quiet pipe of Mellow.

MURRAY'S MELLOW MIXTURE

smokes slow and cool, thus bringing its characteristic flavour and fragrance into greater prominence. To business men it is a desk-ally and home-pal that is a sound investment and joy. *Tobacconists everywhere.*

POLO CIGARETTES . . . . . A quality Virginia at a Popular Price

MM 15 NorAd

MURRAY SONS & Co. Ltd. (Estd. 1810) BELFAST, DUBLIN, GLASGOW

Foster Clark's

THE CUSTARD WITH THE DELICIOUS CREAMY FLAVOUR WHICH MAKES IT SO PREFERABLE TO THE OLD-STYLE CUSTARD POWDER. SERVED BY ITSELF OR WITH ALL KINDS OF FRUIT IT MAKES A DAINTY DISH.

THE CREAM OF ALL CUSTARDS.

MADE IN THE GARDEN OF KENT.

LARGE FAMILY TINS 1/-. PACKETS 10D. ALSO IN SMALL PACKETS.

Cream Custard

DRAINAGE GOODS.

FINEST STONEWARE PIPES.
GLASS-GLAZED FIRECLAY PIPES.
TRAPS OF LATEST DESIGNS.

C. P. GLORNEY,

Building Material Merchant,

DUBLIN.

THE OUTLOOK FOR WOMEN IN THE NEW CIVIL SERVICE.

SEE THE STUDENTS' PAGE OF THE

Weekly Irish Times.

ON SALE TO-DAY.

PRICE THREE HALF-PENCE.

At all Newsagents.

A Paris telegram, dated Wednesday, states:—According to the *Matin* the Executive Council of the League of Nations will meet in Paris on the 12th inst. to discuss certain Russian matters.

A Madrid telegram, dated Wednesday, states: A British aeroplane, piloted by General Testing (Festing), with a mechanic, was obliged to land ten kilometres from Bibiesca in the Province of Burgos. Both airmen were unhurt, and proceeded by train to Burgos.

IRISH FARMERS' UNION.

THE QUESTION OF CONTROL.

REFERENCE TO HOME RULE BILL.

THE RESERVED SERVICES.

The annual Congress of the Irish Farmers' Union was opened yesterday morning at 11 o'clock in the Theatre of the Royal Dublin Society, Leinster House, Kildare street, Mr. R. A. Butler, J.P., Dublin, presided, and there was a large attendance of delegates.

THE ANNUAL REPORT.

In submitting the annual report and financial statement, Mr. M. F. O'Hanlon, General Secretary, said that the record of the Union for 1919 was one of which any organisation might well be proud, and its activity had manifested itself in every field of agricultural endeavour. Referring to the success of the aims of the Union, Mr. O'Hanlon said that the farmers of Ireland had benefited materially in the sale of barley, wool, oats, pork, etc., as well as the decontrol of hides. The removal of restrictions on the importation of cattle from Ireland, the agitation against the inclusion of agriculture within the scope of the 48-hour Bill, the drainage question, the completion of land purchase, and scientific agricultural education were matters in which the Irish Farmers' Union had played its part. The audit of the accounts of the Union, by a highly-qualified chartered accountant, showed that the Union was in a sound financial position, and from 1918 to the present year contributions from the counties to the Central Fund showed an increase of about 3,000 per cent.

Mr. Brophy (Carlow) moved the adoption of this report, and said that they had reason to congratulate themselves on the great progress made during the last twelve months on the strides in finance, the general activities, and the benefits secured for the farmers of Ireland. (Hear, hear).

Mr. Bowes (Cork) seconded.

Sir John Keane (Waterford) said that any criticisms he had to make were in good faith. He thought that they were trying to expand too rapidly, especially with regard to the management of the central office in Dublin. It had been the experience of many that correspondence was not answered. This he illustrated by citing instances such as a resolution sent up from Waterford, which was not on the agenda. He thought that their first consideration should be to make their organisation solid and sound. It was useless to embark on different public works and schemes without some organisation to put them in a position to deal with powerful trusts and vested interests. The groundwork of the organisation should be carefully considered before they embarked on any big scheme.

The Secretary (Mr. O'Hanlon) said that the resolution referred to was not received until the agenda had been drawn up. His work was handicapped by the lack of business methods in the counties. He added that it was only the previous day that he had got the balance of the 20 per cent. from Waterford.

Sir John Keane—A resolution sent on at the same time is on the agenda; the other is not.

The Secretary—Any resolution received that is not on the agenda is embodied under some other heading.

The Chairman, speaking at a later stage, expressed regret that Sir John Keane had not brought his complaints before the Executive Committee, and concurred with the remarks of the Secretary.

The Auditor's report was read and adopted.

THE CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

The Chairman, in his address, said that he was glad to see there representatives of the English and Scottish Farmers' Unions, and also delegates from Ulster. (Applause.) During the past year several conferences took place between representatives of the Irish Farmers' Union, the Ulster Farmers' Union, and the Mid-Ulster Farmers' Union. As a result of these conferences the Mid-Ulster Farmers' Union, representing a large and important part of Ulster, had joined the Irish Farmers' Union. So far the Ulster Farmers' Union has not done so. However, they still hoped that the Ulster Farmers' Union would join up with their brother farmers in Ireland, for, after all, the interests of farmers, no matter in what part of the country they lived, were identical; and they believed that the interests of farmers in Ireland would best be served by having one union entitled to speak in the name of all farmers of Ireland. (Applause.) As to the question of labour, he wished again to say that the Irish Farmers' Union was not opposed to labour, and it was their aim to maintain good relations between employers and employed. The future of agriculture depended on such relations being maintained, but unless adequate prices for farm produce were obtainable there would not be a living wage either for the farmer or the labourer.

TILLAGE.

As regarded tillage it was to be feared that it would decline unless adequate prices were to be had for corn, flax, potatoes, etc. Perhaps he would be told that the farmer was guaranteed a price for corn. That might be so on paper, but what was the value of that guarantee? In his opinion it was of little value. Some people had said that the farmer was subsidised for wheat growing. What was the fact? Imported wheat was sold at 114s. a quarter. Home grown wheat was controlled at 76s. a quarter. The natural result was that less wheat was grown, and the promise of raising the control price to 100s. a quarter for the 1921 crop would not remedy matters much. (Hear, hear.) He saw no reason why the price of foreign wheat of 114s. should not be applied to the crop for the current year, as wheat growing should be encouraged by all possible means. (Applause.)

POTATO PRICES.

The prices ruling for potatoes for export had not been satisfactory to the growers. It would seem as if there were too many expenses incurred from the time the farmer delivered his potatoes at the store until the time they reached the boat. They had been endeavouring to remedy that, and understood that licences to export were now more easily obtainable than they were some months ago. However, he thought that farmers should be allowed to export potatoes without their having to send them through an unnecessary middleman. Much dissatisfaction existed as to the prices for Irish grown flax. Their policy was in favour of a free market for flax, including the 1919 crop. During the year the Executive endeavoured to secure better prices for wool, barley, pigs, and so forth. They had before them the proposed decontrol of cattle. On considering the case the Executive asked that the arrangements already entered into should be carried out. They also asked that ample notice in advance of the proposed decontrol of any farm product should be given. As to what the results of decontrol of cattle, when it came next July, would be, it was very difficult to foretell.

THE DEAD MEAT INDUSTRY.

In the South the Farmers' Associations had taken steps to set up a dead meat factory in Waterford. It ought to have the support of every farmer in Ireland, because it was essential to the future of the farming industry that the farmers should control all such factories in Ireland and that the farmers should not be dependent on factories owned by shareholders who might not be farmers, and perhaps did not live in Ireland.

DECONTROL OF BUTTER.

As to the decontrol of butter the Executive agreed when decontrol came that a sufficient quantity of butter should be kept in this country to supply the requirements of the people of Ireland. As to the exportable surplus there was a proposition that it should pass through the hands of some federation or other. They strongly opposed that, and they demanded that there should be free sale, free from restrictions of any nature for any butter exported to England. An Agricultural Costings Committee had been set up in Ireland. Farmers had nothing to fear from an inquiry into the cost of producing farm produce, but they said that in order to obtain accurate returns the costings must be over a series of years, and obtained from average farms. Farmers had for years felt the need of a newspaper under their own control, in which they could freely express their views. To supply that want the *Irish Farmer* made its appearance last September, and had already achieved a large measure of success.

FUTURE PROSPECTS.

The work of the Union had increased so much within the last year that the Executive had under consideration the necessity of setting up committees to deal with various matters in order that they might all receive proper attention. The Irish Farmers' Union had made much progress. Some counties were extremely well organised; others were not so well organised, but it might safely be said that all counties were now in a fair way of being properly organised. Much of the success of the Union was due to the work of the county organisers, who in general had worked well, and in a special manner to the work of the General Secretary, and he had had ample opportunity of knowing the vast amount of work he had got through since his appointment last year. As to the future, whether the Irish Farmers' Union continued to go ahead depended largely on the work of the County Associations. If it continued to progress at the same rate as in the past year, as he expected it would, it would not be long before the Union would be, as it ought to be, one of the strongest organisations in Ireland.

THE DISCUSSION.

Mr. Egan (Galway) said that they should now apply their best energies to the increase of production, to obtain better prices, and to manufacture the produce of their farms on co-operative lines. To do that to the best advantage they should promote one large company which would undertake, through various smaller joint companies, to carry out those objects. One of their greatest troubles in the future would be the passing of harmful legislation. Were the Irish farmers honestly and actively supported and protected by the Department much of their troubles and losses could be avoided or lessened. He believed their best course was to criticise and expose every wrong that the Department did. By getting their members in a majority on the Board of Agriculture they could practically control the Department. It was a terrible hardship for Irish farmers to be interfered with by a body which, in its own farming, could produce only £100 worth of crops at a cost of £160. (Laughter.) The Union should try to secure control of the Technical Board, and so secure that their sons should be given useful and necessary instruction.

Colonel Loftus Bryan expressed the hope that the farmers would rise to a full sense of their responsibilities, and take a wider view of these responsibilities, which could not fail to be of benefit to the whole nation. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Maher (Kilkenny), Mr. Fahy (Cork), and Mr. Worthington (Monaghan) also spoke.

COLONEL O'CALLAGHAN WESTROPP.

Colonel O'Callaghan Westropp said that there were four or five main points which the members of the Union should bear in mind, otherwise they would not be doing the work that they had come to do—namely, to try to consolidate the position of the Irish farmer. Why was it that some counties sent up such small contributions? It was because, firstly, the farmers did not feel the immediate need of combination and organisation. Why was that? It was because a great many of the men of 1879, 1880, and 1881 were in their graves—the men who by combination had won for the farmer everything he had to-day. These men were in thier graves, and their sons were, in the main, sitting down in enjoyment of what their fathers had won for them. And whenever they met prosperity that always occurred. It should not be so under a proper system of government, and under a decent system of national thought, when one national was the brother of another. The damnable system of government which ranked class against class and trade against trade, and gave a man the idea of having one hand on his neighbour's throat and the other in his pocket, was destructive to all true national life and security. In the course of his lifetime he had seen the farmers placed in a position of considerable prosperity and security as a result of combination. A new generation had arisen, and the men of to-day were sitting down to enjoy the profits their fathers had won for them, forgetting the fact that as surely as any State neglected its defence and relied on its prosperity so surely would powerful neighbours seek to avail themselves of its weakness and plunder its wealth. A similar fate would befall any class or industry in the community that did not protect itself. They could not sit down on the savings due to the sacrifices of a past generation, for as surely as they did they would become subjects for the plunder of stronger men. Speaking as a man who in his day had about 170 tenants, he could say that there was a great deal of "blather" talked about the grazier. The small farmers were making a profit because the graziers and the shippers had raised the prices for them. There were certain gentlemen, not least among them being the Department, who wished to have all men of £25 valuation, but if that came about all would have the same thing to sell, and there would be no buyers for their goods, and their only market would be England. Cheap food and low wages was the Englishman's ideal before the war, but the submarine had taught him more than his political economy was able to teach him. Now that prices were up the Government's idea was to control them regardless of the twenty-five or thirty years during which Ireland was being depopulated, and the remainder of the people impoverished. Control was the weapon, not of an honest Government, but of a Government which wanted to get food below the cost of production if they could. It had been officially stated by the English Board of Agriculture that home-grown wheat was denied a free market, and could be sold only to the Government at a maximum price of 76s. per quarter. Yet these prices were fixed in 1918, when wages and cost of production were lower, and when the equivalent of 76s. was 95 compared with 1920.

THE HOME RULE BILL.

Referring to the Home Rule Bill in its economic aspect, he said that there were two reserved services in the bill, and, by reason of there being a Land Purchase Bill about to be introduced, he believed that they would find it necessary to have another meeting of the Congress somewhere about May, when things would have taken more definite shape, as their Executive would not wish to face the responsibility of dealing with such important matters. Under the Home Rule Bill the vital matters of Customs and Excise would not be dealt with in Ireland, but in London, where there would be only forty-two Irish representatives. That was an economic question they would have to watch very closely, because the Customs and Excise meant largely the business of the country. Time and again their Union had considered the question of opening relations with the Continent. He found included in the reserved services that Irishmen could not deal with was the matter of trading with any country outside Ireland that was not under their jurisdiction. Navigation was also a reserved service, including merchant shipping. If he wished to add a worse feeling to that which already existed, he could recall the history of the Navigation Act, but he would only ask them to bear in mind some of the dangers that threatened their industry and, through it, the whole country and the people living in it. He appealed to them to make it plain that the farmers of Ireland were behind the Executive in any action they took. (Applause.)

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The election of officers for 1920 was then proceeded with.

Mr. Butler was unanimously re-elected President, and Messrs. Ryan (Munster), Egan (Connaught), Hutchinson (Ulster), and Colonel Loftus Bryan (Leinster) Vice-Presidents.

Mr. J. J. Lawlor (Dublin) and Mr. Maher (Kilkenny) were appointed Treasurers and Trustees, and Mr. O'Connor (Auditor).

The next business was to consider the question of control and guaranteed prices, and also to consider prices and markets for wool, corn, and agricultural produce.

Mr. John Walsh (Limerick) said that a syndicate was being formed in London for the purpose of controlling the export of Irish butter and cheese, and that if that syndicate got control of butter and cheese, dairies in County Limerick would become the resorts of wild geese. In Limerick, he mentioned, two millions of money were sunk in creameries, and the turnover was over three millions. He proposed that the Congress protest against the formation of the syndicate under the charter of the Government to control or interfere with the sale of Irish cheese and butter in England or in the markets of the world.

Mr. Walsh also suggested that the resolution be forwarded to Mr. Lloyd George, and that a deputation be sent to the Board of Agriculture.

Mr. Bowen (Cork) seconded the adoption of the resolution, and said that he was asked by the merchants of Cork to do so.

The resolution was passed.

Mr. Egan (Galway) proposed that they send representative to London to advise the Irish farmers as to when they should hold up or sell their wool, and after a discussion it was decided to leave the matter to a committee to consider. It was also decided to ask for licences to potato growers who export potatoes.

MEAT PRICES.

Mr. Hogan, referring to the control of cattle, said that it seemed extraordinary to him that everybody who had spoken that day had not said one word in favour of control, although a deputation had been appointed by the Union to ask the Department to keep on control until July. As far as he knew, there was no guaranteed minimum price for meat.

Colonel O'Callaghan Westropp said that in fixing prices—which the Executive of the Farmers' Union held were inadequate—the English authorities, justifying the low prices, said: "We will give you a much better price from February onwards." And that was the view he put before the Executive when this question came up.

Mr. Hogan said that his point was that there was no minimum price, and that removing control could not make prices any lower.

The Secretary explained that the deputation that went to the Department conferred with the officials there, but did not make any particular request as to control. The Union were asking for guaranteed minimum prices for farmers' produce.

The matter was discussed at length, but no action was taken.

THE GRADING OF FLAX.

Mr. Fahy (Cork) proposed a resolution asking for the immediate decontrol of the 1919 flax crop, and a free market for the disposal of same.

Mr. King (Down) seconded the resolution.

Mr. Fahy said that, although it was free everywhere else, flax fibre was still controlled in Ireland, and was selling at about a half, and in some cases only a third, of its market value. The spinners made unlimited profits, but the producers did not benefit at all.

Rev. Father Ward (Mid-Ulster F.U.) described the grading of flax prices as "a most ridiculous farce," and said that it was not explained on what principle prices were graded.

Mr. King said that if the market were open to-day they would be getting £800 per ton for their flax instead of £300.

Mr. Baxter (Cavan) supported the resolution, which was passed unanimously.

CULTIVATION OF BEET.

The President read a letter to the Congress from Mr. Potter, who is at present in Dublin, representing a sugar beet factory in Norfolk. He stated that he was prepared to purchase beet grown in Ireland.

Mr. Young (Queen's County) said that he had some experience of beet-growing in America, and did not think the climate in Ireland favourable for beet-growing.

No action was taken.

Mr. De Vere (Kildare) proposed a resolution that a drainage scheme be formulated for Ireland, having special reference to the areas flooded by the Bann, Barrow, and Shannon.

The resolution was passed.

A resolution calling on the Government to withdraw the control of wheat was passed.

The Congress discussed the Daylight Saving Bill, and by a majority protested against its further application to Ireland.

A resolution was also passed protesting against the control of hides in Ireland.

Mr. Fitzpatrick proposed a resolution which urged the Farmers' Union to undertake the keeping of farm costs accounts with the assistance of an endowment from State funds. The resolution stated that the Union were not prepared to give any assistance to the Costings Committee unless and until some such satisfactory method of dealing with farm accounts is adopted. It was also decided to ask for representation on the Committee.

A further resolution was adopted demanding the completion of land purchase in Ireland.

The Congress adjourned until to-day.

In the evening the annual dinner was held at the Dolphin Hotel. Amongst the speakers were Mr. T. P. Gill, Rev. F. Ward, C.C., Cookstown; Capt. Loftus Bryan, and others.

DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BOARD.

CATTLE SHIPMENTS.

Mr. John Hollwey, Chairman, presided yesterday at the weekly meeting of the Dublin Port and Docks Board.

The Secretary read a letter from the Ministry of Food, London, in which the Food Controller acknowledged the receipt of a resolution of the Dublin Port and Docks Board passed at the meeting of 26th ult. The reply stated that the Food Controller "has taken no action which has the effect of partly decontrolling Irish fat stock," as stated in the Board's letter. He is prepared to accept any stock fit for slaughter which Irish shippers may desire to market in this country. The Food Controller has at no time entered into any obligation requiring him or his officials to accept stock during any specific period. During the continuance of the war and until recently it was felt that the shipping conditions were such that fat stock should be accepted from Ireland no matter when it arrived. That position, however, does not now hold good, and the Food Controller can no longer see his way to require his officials to be on duty seven days a week at the ports, nor can he see his way to continue the heavy additional payment due to Sunday work at the port on the part of drovers and others." The Food Controller desired it to be made "quite clear that he is in no way departing from his obligations. He is as hitherto prepared to take any fat stock for slaughter, but his markets for the receipt of such stock are now open only on six days a week, as is, of course, the case with markets for British stock."

The Chairman suggested that a copy of the Food Controller's letter should be sent to the Cattle Association.

Mr. Baird said that the Mersey Harbour Board said one thing and the Food Controller another.

The Chairman remarked that there might well be more in it than they understood, but the Cattle Association would understand it.

On the suggestion of Mr. Baird it was agreed to send copies of the letter to the Cattle Association, the Department, and to Messrs. Barry and Field, who both took great interest in the question.

MALICIOUS DAMAGE TO LIFE BUOYS.

Alderman A. Byrne, referring to the Police Superintendent's report, said he desired to draw attention to a matter of the gravest importance to the citizens of Dublin, which had come before a Corporation committee. During the past three weeks five life buoys in the city of Dublin had been destroyed maliciously by some persons unknown, and he desired that the Harbour Master and those in charge of the life buoys should give this special attention. Alderman Byrne mentioned in detail five cases in which the lines of the buoys had been cut and stolen and other damage done. He said he was sure if an accident occured in any of these places they would hear something very serious from the public. Those guilty of such dastardly actions should be very severely dealt with.

An order was made directing the attention of police to the damage done to life buoys.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

DUBLIN ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Barometer—30. Wind and Weather—Westerly wind, moderate; fine and clear.

Foreign Arrival:—Ss. Baron Sempill, of Ardrossan (1,447 tons register), Captain McDiarmid, from Huelva, with a cargo of pyrites consigned to Messrs. W. and H. M. Goulding, Ltd., and others. Agents, Messrs. Betson and Co., Eden quay; discharging at Alexandra Wharf, Alexandra Basin.

Coastwise Arrivals:—Ss. Slieve Bawn, ss. Snowdon, ss. Greenore, for Holyhead, with goods, passengers, etc.; ss. Kerry, ss. Belfast, for Liverpool, with goods; ss. Wicklow, for Manchester, with goods; ss. Yarrow, for Silloth, with goods; ss. Lady Patricia, for Plymouth, with goods; ss. Maple, ss. Thistle, for Glasgow, with goods: ss. Olive, for Heysham, with goods; ss. Elizabetta, for Cardiff, with burnt ore; ss. Mazena, for Ellesmereport, light; ss. Ardri, for Maryport, light; ss. Dinorwic, for Saundersfoot, light; ss. Blackwater, for Whitehaven, light; ss. The Baron, for Newport, light; ss. St. Mirren, for Irvine, light; ss. Pandora, for Bangor, light; ss. Osceola, for Barrow, light.

LLOYD'S SHIPPING NEWS.

Mails.

AVON, from Southampton, arrived Buenos Ayres 2nd.
ANNERS, for Southampton, left Rio de Janeiro 2nd.
ALMANZORA, for Southampton, left Rio de Janeiro 29.
ARCHIMEDES, for Brazil, left the Clyde 3rd.
BULLA, for Australia, left the Clyde 3rd.
BORNEO, from Liverpool, arrived Calcutta 26th.
BELTANIA, from Sydney for London, left Adelaide 28th.
COBNIESHMAN, for Avonmouth, left Portland, Maine, 27th.
CITY OF OXFORD, Liverpool for Alexandria, arrived Gibraltar 3rd.
CANADIAN NAVIGATOR, from St. John, arrived Liverpool 4th.
ELLERSDALE, for Rio de Janeiro, left Cardiff 3rd.
EASTERN SHORE, from London, arr. Philadelphia 25th.
FRIEDBURGH, Acting Manager, London for Sydney, arrived Fremantle 28th.
GARADA, from London, arrived Bombay 24th.
GAIKA, from London for Port Natal, arrived Naples 1st.
GANDARA, from Bombay, and the ARAWA, from Colombo, left arrived Southampton 30th.
HIGHLAND PRIDE, London for River Plate, arr. Vigo 1.
HAMLET MARIE, London, for Yokohama, arr. Port Said 28.
KATHLAMBA, for New York, left Hull 3rd.
KAIKOURA, for United Kingdom, left Auckland 29th.
MOIRA, London for Bombay, left Marseilles 3rd.
MACKINAW, for London, left Philadelphia 26th.
MEDINA, Brisbane for London, arr. Port Natal 1st.
MEDIAN, from Liverpool, arrived Colon 2nd.
NEWFANAN, for Hongcon, left Mersey 3rd.
NORE, for London, for Japan, arrived Port Said 28th.
NEURALIA, Bombay for London, arr. Marseilles 3rd.
OLYMPIC, for Liverpool, left Bombay 29th.
PORT DARWIN, for London, left Colon 1st.
PARANA, Manila Wharf for London, eld St. Vincent 2nd.
ROYAL GEORGE, Southampton for New York, 3rd.
Mailing.
ROYAL GEORGE, from Southampton, arr. Halifax 3rd.
ROYSTON GRANGE, for Buenos Ayres, left Newport 3.
SIDDONS, for Liverpool, left Buenos Ayres 4th.
SARDINIA, London for Calcutta, arr. Gibraltar 3rd.
SAXONIA, from New York, arr. Plymouth 3rd.
UMTALI, Rosario for London, arrived Gibraltar 28th.
VASCONIA, from Newport; the VAUBAN, from Liverpool; and the VERENTIA, from Newport, all arr. Freed New York 3rd.
WAIMARIE, London for New Zealand, arr. Colon 3rd.
WANDERER, from London, arrived Bahia 28th.
WOLFRAM, for London, left St. Vincent 2nd.

Steamships' Movements.

CAMITO, for Jamaica, left Avonmouth 2nd.
CROWN OF SEVILLE, for Liverpool, left St. Vincent 2nd.
ELPENOR, for London, left Singapore 27th.
HAZEL BRANCH, for Liverpool, left Valparaiso 29th.
MANCHESTER BRIGADE, for Manchester, left St. John 3rd.
MANCHESTER IMPORTER, from Manchester, and the ARIANO, from London, both arr. St. John 3rd.
PARTHENIA, for Glasgow, left Norfolk 2nd.
SAUCENIA, from Clyde, arr. Portland, Maine, 3rd.

Casualties.

British steamer Thomas Buckler, before reported ashore at Nesse; now safe in Nesse Harbour; ship sighs.
Gibraltar telegraphs:—French steamer Nagi Lalo, Cardiff for Marseilles, ashore eastern beach; assistance with help.
Halifax, N.S., cables 3rd:—American steamer St. Paul, New York for Southampton, reported coming here; understand boiler trouble.
Philadelphia cables:—Norwegian steamer Munroway arrived leaky.
A Bordeaux telegram of the 4th states:—Mechanics' strike ended.
Telegram from London, February 26th, states:—British steamer Taniah stranded, and floated after discharging part cargo.
Sydney, C.B., cables:—American steamer Wisconsin Bridge, Shearwater for New York, lost propeller in latitude 41.35 north, longitude 48.34 west.
Grimsby telegraphs:—Big explosion occurred to-day on steamer Tinto, before reported sunk; vessel on fire.
Newhaven telegraphs:—British steamer Dalmeratta, Havre for Newhaven, stranded at Beachy Head to-day; afterwards floated, apparently undamaged.

Cunard Line Movements.

ANTIGONE left Piraeus Tuesday for Constantinople.
CAAR left Devonport Wednesday for Newport, Mon.
QUEENSLAND arrived Constantinople Monday.
ROYAL GEORGE left Halifax, N.S., Wednesday for New York.
SAXONIA arrived Plymouth 9 p.m. Wednesday from New York.
VASCONIA arrived New York Wednesday from Queenstown.
VERENTIA arrived New York Wednesday from Newport, Mon.

DUBLIN "PROFITEERING" COMMITTEE.

Dr. J. C. McWalter, T.C., presided yesterday at a meeting of the members of the "Profiteering" Act Committee to investigate cases of alleged overcharging reported to them.

Mr. T. H. R. Craig, solicitor, said he was glad to see that since their last meeting Dr. McWalter had been appointed High Sheriff of Dublin. On behalf of the committee he offered him their hearty congratulations.

Mr. McGann said the appointment would give satisfaction to all.

The Chairman expressed his thanks for the congratulations extended to him.

The Committee decided to send forward an estimate for £400 to meet the expenses of the committee.

Mr. J. J. Flood, Assistant Town Clerk, was in attendance as Secretary.

COMING EVENTS.

THE CHURCH LEAGUE FOR WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.—A meeting of the Church League for Women's suffrage will be held to-morrow at five o'clock in the Molesworth Hall, Dublin, when the subject of "Women in the Church" will be discussed. The principal speaker will be Miss Picton-Turberville, O.B.E. Admission will be free.

DRUMCONDRA PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.—A sale of work will be held to-day and to-morrow to clear off the debt and defray working expenses of the schools for 1919. The schools, four in number, employ thirteen teachers, and educate about 500 pupils. The sale of work will have many attractive features.

A Rome telegram, dated Wednesday, states that the Pope has conferred the Order of St. Gregory the Great on Mr. Francis Augustin Wellesley for his work in the Diocese of Southwark, and has appointed to be a Domestic Prelate Monsignor John J. Blair, of Winnipeg.

But now a Ewbank quietly rolls
In Mary's guiding hand.
The family can stay at home
On carpets "simply grand."

—Ladv.

Get full value for your money

One thing to know when buying food is how much energy-value it contains for a given cost.

Meat and fish, on this basis, cost at least ten times as much as Quaker Oats.

Some foods, notably eggs, cost about fifteen times as much.

Another thing to know is what kind of nourishment it contains.

In this respect Quaker Oats is the food of foods. It contains as much body-building matter (protein) as beef, and nearly three times as much energising matter (fat and carbohydrates). Quaker Oats is, in addition, rich in essential minerals, which beef entirely lacks. Quaker Oats with milk forms an almost ideal food.

Don't forgo your Quaker Oats because of sugar and milk difficulties. Use condensed milk or sprinkle with salt in the good old Scots way.

Quaker Oats

SOLD ONLY IN SEALED PACKETS TO PROTECT PURITY AND FLAVOUR

Of course one needs a mixed diet. Some costly foods are essential. But the finest breakfast is a dish of Quaker Oats. The cost is about one-half of a penny. And it is a delicious, as well as a nourishing breakfast.

QUAKER OATS, LTD., FINSBURY SQUARE, LONDON, E.C.

205

Mansion Polly "The Busy Bee" back from War Service

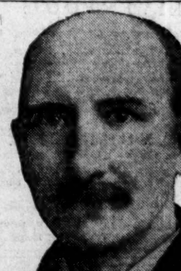
Once again Mansion Polly "The Busy Bee" is rendering invaluable service to thousands of housewives. With her wonderful labour-saving preparation—Mansion Polish—she is imparting that brilliant, durable gloss to Furniture, Floors and Linoleum, which gives such a bright, cheery aspect to every room. Mansion Polly's method also preserves and renovates, prevents fingermarks, and is so economical, thorough and speedy.

MANSION ANTISEPTIC POLISH

"THE PRIDE OF THE HOME"

Of all dealers.

Made by the Chiswick Polish Co., Ltd., makers of the famous CHERRY BLOSSOM BOOT POLISH.



Portrait of Mr. GEORGE BALLANTYNE, of 117 Halliburton place, Calashiels, who writes:

"Several years ago a dog bit me on the leg, and each succeeding year the sore broke out afresh, and sores also broke out at other parts of my leg. I tried various remedies, and had the Doctor attending me, but all to no purpose. Then I started to take Clarke's Blood Mixture. With the first bottle I felt much improved in my general health, while the swelling in my leg had decreased. This encouraged me to persevere till I had taken nine bottles, with the happy result that I was able to resume my work, since when I have not been a day off. It is now many months since, and there is no sign of the trouble returning. The swellings have entirely disappeared, and I feel like a different person."

Clarke's Blood Mixture, by reason of its remarkable blood purifying properties, can be relied upon to give speedy relief and lasting benefit in all cases of Eczema, Bad Legs, Abscesses, Boils, Pimples, and Eruptions, Piles, Glandular Swellings, Rheumatism, Gout. Pleasant to take, and free from anything injurious. Ask for and see you get

Clarke's Blood Mixture

"EVERYBODY'S BLOOD PURIFIER."

Of all Chemists and Stores, 2/9 per Bottle. (4)

CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS.

City of Dublin Y.M.C.A., 43 Upper Sackville street.—To-night, at 8 o'clock, young men's Conversational Bible Class. Leader, Mr. R. O'Connor.

£1 TO £1,000

Advanced on Demand at KELLY'S Great Central Money Office, 46 FLEET STREET (Westmoreland street), Dublin, on Deposits of Jewels, Silver, China, Paintings, Waterford Glass, etc. Full value remitted on receipt of Property. Telephone 2497.

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BOUGHT, SOLD, HIRED.

Ask for quotations

J. W. & D. MARTIN

The Largest Sack Merchants in Ireland.

21 CITY QUAY, DUBLIN.
13 SOUTH MALL, CORK.
AND AT BELFAST, LONDON, & LIVERPOOL.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

A NEW MOTOR LIFEBOAT FOR KINGSTOWN.—The Royal National Lifeboat Institution has recently stationed at Kingstown a powerful new motor lifeboat. She is called the "Dunleary," and has been provided and endowed by the Civil Service Lifeboat Fund, an important contribution to the cost having also been received from the trustees of the Taylour Fund. There are now five motor lifeboats stationed in Ireland, the other four being at Arklow, Baltimore, Donaghadee, and Wicklow, and additional boats of this powerful type will be sent to Ireland to be stationed at Wexford, Portoriel, Drummore East and Portrush, as the Institution carries out its programme, laid down at the end of the war, of adding another 50 to the 19 motor boats which were then on the coast.

PRESENTATION TO MR. CECIL A. GRAVES, JUN.—A pleasing function took place at the office of the Port and Docks Board, Custom House Docks Department, when Mr. Millington, Acting Manager, who presided on behalf of the staff, presented Mr. Graves, on the occasion of his marriage, with a silver tea tray as a small token of the esteem in which he was held. He wished Mr. and Mrs. Graves every happiness and prosperity. Messrs. Gilford, Lyon, and Hughes spoke in complimentary terms. Mr. Graves, in reply, thanked his friends for the kind things they said of him, and he coupled the name of Mrs Graves in tendering his grateful thanks for the valuable gift, which he would treasure as a memento of the kindly feeling and appreciation of his brother officers.

COUNTY KILDARE GAME PROSECUTIONS.—The Irish Game Protection Association prosecuted at Celbridge Petty Sessions on Monday last (Col. R. Claude Cane, Chairman, presiding), James Reilly and S. Symes, for trespass in pursuit of game (hares) on preserved land without permission, with guns and game dogs, when they shot a hare, and William Green and his two boys, Andrew and William Green, for setting snares in Castletown Demesne. Mr. E. H. Burne, solicitor, represented the Game Association, the offence being proved by John Shaw, Game Inspector. The Bench convicted Symes and Reilly, fining each defendant £1, and William Green, senior, was ordered to pay £2 for his boys' offence.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE O'MARA OPERA CO.
To-Night at 7.45. LA BOHEME.
Misses Dorothy Phillips, Evelyn Birks, Messrs. John Oliviero, Joseph O'Mara, Wilfred Davies, J. Griffin.
To-morrow (Sat.) Mat. at 2.30.—"LA TRAVIATA."
Saturday Evening—"IL TROVATORE."

GAIETY THEATRE.
Monday Next—For Six Nights.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday 2.30.
ALFRED BUTT Presents
The New Musical Play in two Acts,
THE KISS CALL.
H. V. Surrey. John Hagan.
Stephanie Stephens. Cora Goffin.
Tom Shelford. Eric Vivian.
FULL CHORUS. AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA.
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.40.....TWICE NIGHTLY.....8.40.
ENORMOUS SUCCESS.
JOE BOGANNY.
DIVING BELLES. S. W. WYNDHAM.
McIntosh and Royal. Gerald Cyril. Jess Graham.
Harry Stacey. Harry Jameson.
Box Office open 11 to 5. Tel.—3268.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AND TO-MORROW NIGHT, at 8.15.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
THE PLAYER QUEEN, by W. B. Yeats.
THE SHOWING UP OF BLANCO POSNET,
A Sermon in Crude Melodrama,
By George Bernard Shaw.
Booking at Theatre. Phone—3268.

ABBEY THEATRE.
DUBLIN DRAMA LEAGUE.
"The Trojan Women," by Euripides; translated by Gilbert Murray. SUNDAY NEXT, MARCH 7th, at 2.30. MONDAY, MARCH 8th, at 8.15.
Admission ..... 5/- (tax extra).

ABBEY THEATRE.
SUNDAY, MARCH 7th, at 8.15 p.m.
PIANO and STRINGS.
Miss Annie Lord, Peillie O'Hara, Madeleine Moore, Mr. George Hoyle, John Mundy.
VOCALIST:
Miss Clytie Hine.
Prices—5/- to 1/-. Booking at Theatre.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.30 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 8.30.
The Popular Irish Drama,
EILEEN O'MOORE.
Seats Booked at Theatre—2/-. Tel.—3016.

BOHEMIAN PICTURE THEATRE PHIBSBORO' ROAD.
LAST TWO DAYS OF
OWEN NARES and DAISY BURRELL,
in
"JUST A GIRL,"
From the popular Novel by Chas. Garvice.
COMEDY, TOPICAL, and INTEREST.
Continuous, 3 to 10.30.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
ALICE BRADY in "THE TRAP."
At 4, 6.30, 9. Monday—Special—"QUINNEYS."
Starring Isobel Elsom and Henry Ainley.
Professor Renaud's Famous Orchestra.

PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE. NORMA TALMADGE in "POPPY." GREAT SUPER PRODUCTION.

RATHMINES TOWN HALL.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
In New Re-issue, "FLOOR WALKER."
Full Programme.

WATER COLOUR SOCIETY OF IRELAND.
ANNUAL EXHIBITION
OPEN DAILY NOW AT
MILLS' HALL, 8 MERRION ROW,
10-6.30.
Admission, 1/3. Catalogue, 4d.

DANCE TO-NIGHT,
BLUE BIRD TEAROOMS, KINGSTOWN,
8 to 11. 3/6.
Evening Dress or Uniform.

GRESHAM HOTEL, DUBLIN.
CINDERELLA
(Under Hotel Management.)
SEASON 1919-20.
TO-MORROW NIGHT,
FROM 7.30 TO 11.0.
DANCE TICKETS ..... 5/- each, at Hotel. Music under the Personal Direction of Mr. CLARKE BARRY.

ABERDEEN HALL.
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24th, at 4.30 p.m.
SONG AND 'CELLO RECITAL.
CLYTIE HINE
(Of Royal Opera Syndicate, Covent Garden, and Beecham Opera Company)
and
JOHN MUNDY.
Assisted by
Dr. ESPOSITO
and
Mr. C. W. WILSON.
TICKETS—Reserved ..... 5/- (Tax included.)
" 2/6
At Messrs. Cramer's and Messrs. Pigott's.

KILKENNY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, LTD.
BULL SHOW AND SALE,
TUESDAY, 30th MARCH, 1920.
Classes for—
(1) PURE-BRED SHORTHORNS,
(2) DAIRY HERD,
(3) ABERDEEN-ANGUS, and
(4) NON-PEDIGREE BULLS.
Prize Lists and Entry Forms (FREE), apply
R. RINGWOOD, Hon. Sec.,
29 PATRICK STREET, KILKENNY.

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BRITISH & IRISH STEAM PACKET CO., LTD.
PLYMOUTH, SOUTHAMPTON, AND LONDON.
Regular Weekly Sailings from 27 Sir John Rogerson's quay.

BRITISH AND IRISH AND TEDCASTLE LINES.
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Passenger, Cargo, and Live Stock Sailings from NORTH WALL:
FRIDAY, 5th March ..... 2 p.m.
SATURDAY, 6th March .... 1 p.m.
MONDAY, 8th March..... 8 p.m.
TUESDAY, 9th March ..... 2 p.m.
Cargo Sailings from 3 Sir JOHN ROGERSON'S QUAY.
Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday each week.

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Cargo and Live Stock Sailings from North Wall twice weekly.
Goods and Passengers carried subject to Conditions specified on the Company's Sailing Bills.
For further particulars apply to
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JOINT SERVICE OF FAST PASSENGER STEAMERS LIVERPOOL TO
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Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Destination.
Trafford Hall.....	5,321	Mar. 9	Colombo & Calcutta
City of Karachi.....	5,566	Mar. 19	Bombay & Karachi
City of Cairo.....	7,882	Mar. 24	Calcutta
City of London	9,000	Mar. 31	Bombay & Karachi
City of Manchester	5,551	Apr. 8	Calcutta
City of Calcutta....	7,679	Apr. 15	Bombay & Karachi
*City of Marseilles..	9,250	Apr. 22	Colombo & Calcutta

*Twin screw.

All Sailings subject to alteration or cancellation without notice.
Outside Deck Cabins with electric fans, Marconi Wireless. First and Second Saloon.
APPLY TO—Hall Line, Ltd., 9 Fenchurch avenue, E.C.3; Montgomerie and Workman, Ltd., 36 Gracechurch street, E.C.3; Ellerman's City Line Agency or Hall Line, Ltd., 22 Water street, Liverpool; or to Geo. Smith and Sons, Glasgow.

AUSTRALIA, via THE CAPE. P. & O
ONE CLASS ONLY. Branch Service.
£219 15s. 0d. and upwards to THE CAPE.
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BERRIMA...(tw.-sc.) 11,000 tns...March 24 (about)
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For particulars apply to the Manager, P. and O. Branch Service, 32 Lime street, London, E.C.3; or to Thomas Cook and Son, 118 Grafton street; A. W. Hewett, 15 D'Olier street; and S. Graham Corbett, 48 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

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U.S. Mail Steamers.
New York...Sat. Mar. 6 St. Paul...Sat. Mar. 13
LIVERPOOL to PHILADELPHIA.
Regular Sailings.
Apply to American Line, Southampton and Liverpool; Martin McNulty, Ballina; T. Cook and Son, 118 Grafton st.; A. W. Hewett, 15 D'Olier st., Dublin; J. Scott and Co., Cork and Queenstown; Thos. Cook and Son, 27 Royal avenue, Belfast.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
HIPPODROME 6.45 ... TWICE NIGHTLY 8.50.
HEDGES BROS. & JACOBSON.
Dick Henderson. Terry Twins. Harry Atkinson.
Candy Four. Victor Kelly. The Veros. May Kinahan.
MARY LEIGHTON.

WINTER GARDENS.
Vocalist This Week—Mr. McGUINNESS.

TIVOLI 6.45, 8.45. TIVOLI
Tel. 4125.
HALEY'S KOMETS,
The Famous Entertainers.
J. H. MAKEFIELD in "THE ACE OF HEARTS,"
AND ALL STAR CO.

DANCING.
PRIVATE LESSONS BY APPOINTMENT.
DANCE TO-MORROW, 7.45 to 10.45.
Mr. W. A. Manahan's Band.
T. LEGGETT BYRNE, 27 ADELAIDE ROAD.

THE ELYSEE DANCES,
35 DAWSON STREET,
Are Held
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
Music by the Philadelphia Coon Band.
For TO-DAY'S DANCES
See under "Arrangements for To-day."
Full Weekly Programme in "Irish Times" Every Monday.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SCIENCE FOR IRELAND.

A SPECIAL COURSE OF LECTURES
On
HORTICULTURE FOR SMALL GARDENS
Will be Delivered by
MR. G. O. SHERRARD, A.R.C.Sc. I., Lecturer in Horticulture, Royal College of Science for Ireland and Albert Agricultural College, Glasnevin.

These Lectures are intended for persons working their own gardens in the city and suburbs and for allotment holders.
Five Lectures on the Cultivation of Vegetables will be given on Wednesdays and Fridays, at 5 o'clock each evening, beginning on Friday, 5th March.
Five Lectures on the Cultivation of Fruit, Flowers and Shrubs will be given on Wednesdays and Fridays, at 5 o'clock each evening, beginning on Friday, 26th March.
Fee for admission to each Course of five Lectures, 5/-
For further particulars and Syllabus of the Lectures apply to
THE REGISTRAR,
Royal College of Science for Ireland,
Upper Merrion street, Dublin.

DEFENCE OF THE REALM.
MINISTRY OF FOOD.
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND (FOOD CONTROL SECTION).
RICE (RETAIL PRICES) ORDER, 1918. No. 101 (AS AMENDED).
Notice is hereby given that on and after the 1st March, 1920, the maximum retail price of Burmah Rice is 7½d. per lb. of Glazed Burmah Rice 8d. per lb., and of Ground Rice, or other similar Rice product, 7½d. per lb. Ground Rice of proprietary brands, packed in cartons, may be sold at a price not exceeding 8½d. per lb. The provision of the Order requiring Burmah Rice to be on sale where other Rices are sold at higher prices and all other provisions remain unaltered.
A formal Order of the Food Controller has not yet been issued in this matter, but, in the meantime, the prices mentioned in this notice may be adopted as the legal prices.
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION FOR IRELAND, Kilworth House, Kildare street, Dublin, 4th March, 1920.

Form S. and S. 5.
IRISH LAND (PROVISION FOR SAILORS AND SOLDIERS) ACT, 1919.
NOTICE OF A SCHEME MADE BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND UNDER THE ABOVE-MENTIONED ACT, and of
PROPOSED ACQUISITION OF LAND FOR THE SAID SCHEME.
The Local Government Board for Ireland hereby give notice that they have made a scheme, under Section 4 of the above-mentioned Act, for the provision of cottages (with or without plots or gardens, as the case may be) for the accommodation of 8 men who have served in His Majesty's Naval, Military, or Air Force in the late war, and that they, the said Board, propose to acquire for the purposes of the said scheme, either by agreement or compulsorily, certain lands situated in the County of Clare, Rural District of Scariff, and townlands of Knockerlowra and Shantinad; and they hereby give Notice that a copy of the said scheme, accompanied by maps of the lands proposed to be acquired, and all other particulars thereof, is deposited in the office of Major H. Lefroy, Killaloe, Chairman, County Tipperary and North Clare Advisory Committee for ex-Sailors and Soldiers, appointed by His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.
By Order of the Board,
A. R. BARLAS, Secretary.
Dated this 3rd day of March, 1920.

THE CHURCH LEAGUE FOR WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.
A MEETING
WILL BE HELD ON
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY),
AT 5 O'CLOCK P.M.,
IN
THE MOLESWORTH HALL.
SUBJECT:
"WOMEN IN THE CHURCH."
SPEAKER:
MISS PICTON-TURBERVILL, O.B.E.
ADMISSION FREE—COLLECTION.

ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY.
AFTERNOON LECTURES, 1920.
THIS (FRIDAY) AFTERNOON, at 4 p.m.
THE ETHICS OF DIPLOMACY.
By Prof. W. ALISON PHILLIPS, M.A.
Admission 2/-

DRUMCONDRA AND NORTH STRAND PARISH.
A SALE OF WORK
Will be held in
DRUMCONDRA SCHOOL
TO-DAY and TO-MORROW, MARCH 5th and 6th, from 3 p.m. to 10 p.m.
PROCEEDS IN AID OF THE SCHOOLS' FUND.
Admission 6d., Children 3d.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CHRISTIAN SORENSEN, of 25 Ferrybank, Arklow, in the County of Wicklow, Master Mariner, has applied to the Home Secretary for Naturalisation, and that any person who knows any reason why Naturalisation should not be granted should send a written and signed statement of the facts to the Under Secretary of State, Home Office, London, S.W. 1.
Dated this 5th day of March, 1920.
M. J. O'CONNOR and CO., Solicitors for the said Christian Sorensen, Ferrybank, Arklow.

CONTRACTS.

DUBLIN CORPORATION.
WATERWORKS COMMITTEE.
TENDER FOR HIRE OF MOTOR CARS.
The Waterworks Committee invite proposals for the Hire of a Motor Car, or Cars, for the journey from Dublin to Roundwood and New Vartry Reservoir, or elsewhere on the Works as may be required, and back, for the year to end 31st March, 1921. Particulars may be had at the Office of the Secretary of the Waterworks Committee, City Hall, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. Tenders to be addressed to the Chairman of the Waterworks Committee, marked on the outside "Tender for Hire of Motor," and delivered at the City Hall not later than 11 o'clock a.m. on Tuesday, the 23rd March, 1920.
The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By Order,
CHARLES POWER, Secretary.
City Hall, Dublin, 4th March, 1920.

MINISTRY OF PENSIONS HOSPITAL, Carysfort Avenue, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.
TENDERS.
Tenders will be received at the abovenamed Hospital until 12 o'clock noon on March 8th, 1920, for the Supply of Meat, Groceries, Provisions, Coal, Flour, Fish, Eggs, Milk, Vegetables, Potatoes, and Mineral Waters, during the period of three months, commencing on April 1st, 1920.
Full particulars may be obtained at to form of tender and conditions of contract, on application to the Medical Superintendent, Ministry of Pensions Hospital, Carysfort avenue, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.
No Tenders will be considered unless delivered at the above address by 12 o'clock noon on March 8th, 1920, under closed envelope, and marked "Tender" on it.
Signed. C. C. DE BURGH DALY, Medical Superintendent.
Date, 4/3/1920.

LEGAL NOTICES.
1/- per line.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
JAMES ARCHIBALD LEGG, late of Craigies, Temple Gardens, in the County of Dublin, and formerly of Grenville, Iona road, and 267 North Circular road, in the City of Dublin, Manufacturer, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise to have any claim or demand against the estate or assets of the said James Archibald Legg, Deceased, who died on the 17th day of December, 1919, are hereby required on or before the 1st day of April, 1920, to furnish (in writing) the particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executors of said deceased, to whom Probate of the Will of said Deceased has been granted in the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice, Ireland, on the 10th day of February, 1920, and in default thereof the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Testator, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 28th day of February, 1920.
F. E. DERMINGHAM, Solicitor for the said Executors, 13 Molesworth street, Dublin.

PIANO TUNING.
SINGLE TUNINGS
AND
YEARLY CONTRACTS.
ONLY EXPERIENCED MEN ARE EMPLOYED FOR THIS WORK.
OUR TUNERS VISIT ALL PARTS OF IRELAND.
CRAMER, WOOD & CO., LTD.
DUBLIN.
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J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
HOT WATER BAGS,
BED WARMERS,
RUBBER OVERSHOES,
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ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

By Special Appointment.
ENGAGEMENT RINGS,
WEDDING PRESENTS,
WATCH BRACELETS.
LARGE AND CHOICE SELECTION.
EDMOND JOHNSON, LTD.
94 GRAFTON ST., DUBLIN.

THE CENTRAL STORES.
NEW PREMISES AND MODERN STOCK.
TABLE GLASS & CHINA.
MAGUIRE & GATCHELL,
7, 9, and 10 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
Open Daily, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Saturdays to 1 p.m.
Daily Delivery of Purchases.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—A trough of low pressure to the westward and north-westward of the British Isles is moving eastwards. South-easterly winds veering later to West or North-West are probable generally with unsettled weather. After the trough of low pressure has passed fair weather is probable temporarily.
Ireland.—Moderate to strong West or North-West winds. Variable sky, some showers; visibility fair to good; colder.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day....	Morning 11.46	Evening	—
To-morrow..	" 0. 4	"	0.22

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day....	Rises .. 7. 4	Sets	6.10
To-morrow..	" .. 7. 2	"	6.12

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 7.10 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.45 and 8.50 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre—"La Boheme," 7.45 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"Eileen O'More," 2.30 and 8.30.
Empire Theatre—6.40 and 8.40 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"The Player Queen" and "The Showing Up of Blanco Posnet," 8.15 p.m.
Bohemian Picture Theatre—3 to 10.30 p.m.
Princess Cinema, Rathmines—Continuous.
Rathmines Town Hall—Picture, 3 p.m.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
Water-Colour Society of Ireland—Annual Exhibition, Mills' Hall, 8 Merrion Row, 10 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.
Farmers' Union—Congress, Leinster House, 11 a.m.
Chamber of Commerce—Conference at Office of Ministry of Transport, 2.30 p.m.
Royal Dublin Society—Lecture, 4 p.m.
Dublin and Blessington Tramway Co.—Meeting, Terenure, 4 p.m.
Dublin and Poulaphouca Tramway Co.—Meeting, Terenure, 4.15 p.m.
Professor Gollcher's Lecture, "Some Ancient Superstitions," Harrison's Restaurant, 8 p.m.
Elysée Dances—Aft. Tea Dance, 3-6; Ev., 10.30-5 a.m. The Sylvan Club Dance.—(Advt.)

The Irish Times.
FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1920.

Mr. Bonar Law announced yesterday that the second reading of the Home Rule Bill will be taken on Monday, 29th March, and that Tuesday, 30th, and part of Wednesday, 31st March, will be devoted to the discussion of it.

Replying to Captain Redmond in the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Macpherson said that he had received resolutions from representative bodies of the Royal Irish Constabulary protesting against the dismissal of Sir Joseph Byrne. He did not think that the Inspector-General was entitled to an inquiry into the cause of his dismissal.

Captain Wedgwood Benn, on the third reading of the War Emergency Laws (Continuance) Bill, in the House of Commons yesterday, moved the bill's rejection. He denounced the Government's policy in Ireland on the ground that it went beyond the law. Mr. Macpherson denied the charges made by Captain Wedgwood Benn, and urged that he spoke without knowledge of the real condition of Ireland. Sinn Fein, he argued, had an army of 200,000 men trained for purposes of treason, sedition, and murder. Within the past week there had been 40 raids for arms in Ireland, and within a month some 20 attacks on police barracks. That very morning he had received letters from loyal people in the South of Ireland begging him to have them removed to a place of safety. The situation, therefore, was one of extraordinary seriousness and difficulty, but the Lord Lieutenant and himself were determined to administer the law to the best of their ability. The third reading of the bill was carried.

The Court of Referees of the House of Commons yesterday refused the application of Messrs. Guinness for liberty to appear and oppose the Dublin Port and Docks Bill when it comes before a Select Committee of the House. It was stated that Messrs. Guinness pay over £7,000 in dues annually at the Port of Dublin, and that last year alone they imported over a million pounds' worth of barley.

Sir Horace Plunkett, replying at a reception dinner in Dublin last night, said that the Irish trouble had delayed America's entrance to the war. The Government was making Ulster a virtual mandatory over Ireland without responsibility, and was ramming the worst of all the four Home Rule Bills down Ireland's throat. He hoped for a friendly conference, so that they decide the matter for themselves.

The official report of the meeting of the Standing Committee of the Ulster Unionist Council, issued yesterday in Belfast, stated that the proceedings, over which Sir Edward Carson presided, lasted for an hour and a half. Arrangements were made for a meeting of the whole Council to-day, and several committees were appointed to consider various special matters and report to a meeting of the Council. Sir Edward in the afternoon attended two of these meetings.

At Waterford Assizes yesterday Lord Justice Ronan condemned raids for arms, and said that they led to armed gangs of blackguards going around the country taking money from decent people. The jury passed a resolution expressing appreciation of the services of the Royal Irish Constabulary.

At the inquest upon Mr. Frank Shawe-Taylor, who was shot dead by men from an ambush while driving to Galway Fair on Wednesday morning, the jury returned a verdict that he died from shock and hemorrhage, caused by gunshot wounds inflicted by some person or persons unknown. The Coroner (Mr. A. B. MacDonagh) described the crime as one against both God and man.

A better tone continued on the London Stock Markets yesterday, and the principal departments showed recoveries. Money was in plentiful supply, with loans at 4 per cent. and later under 3 per cent. Discount rates were slightly easier. All exchange rates moved in favour of London. The Dublin market showed a rallying tendency. Dunvilles bid for up to 14, and no shares offered.

"Backing" the Bill.

We print to-day the Chief Secretary's views on the present state of Ireland. In the House of Commons yesterday Captain Wedgwood Benn denounced the Irish Government's measures for the suppression of crime and lawlessness. His speech suggested that this country was singularly free from both, and that the British persecutions in Ireland were as causeless as the Turkish persecutions in Armenia. Mr. Macpherson's reply to this reckless charge was passionate and convincing. He showed that the Irish Executive was engaged in a struggle which demanded the exercise of every power that the common law and the Defence of the Realm Regulations confer on it. The present condition of Ireland, he said, was that of an armed country. Outside North-East Ulster it is pervaded by a spirit far more malignant and revolutionary than existed in any former period of Irish history. Sedition is armed and organised on a truly formidable scale. It is said that not less than 200,000 men are voluntary soldiers in the Irish Republican Army. Crime is rampant throughout the land. Life and property are at the mercy of dark conspiracies that terrorise whole countrysides. War—without any of the amenities of decent warfare—has been declared on the police, and some of them have perished by the assassin's hand. Last week forty-nine raids for arms were made, and in the month of February twenty police barracks were attacked. The conditions of life in the South and West have become so lamentable that loyal families have begged Mr. Macpherson to get them out of the country. After this catalogue it was hardly necessary for him to add that the Government was "up against a tremendously serious situation in Ireland." It is fighting not merely for Ireland's peace and safety, but for its own constitutional existence. In these circumstances the Irish Executive is resolved to do its utmost to maintain the law, and Mr. Macpherson rightly rebuked ignorant criticism in Parliament which serves only to aggravate the difficulties of its task. His speech was a complete answer to Captain Wedgwood Benn, but it was something more than this: it was a complete exposure of the folly of the Government's Home Rule Bill. We can recall no other case in which a Bill's most destructive critic was one of the Ministers who "backed" it. Mr. Macpherson said yesterday that so long as Ireland remained an integral part of the United Kingdom British law and British order must prevail there; but that, if separation were granted to the South and West, that necessity would cease. His Government's Home Rule Bill grants separation to the South and West. A Home Rule settlement which would restore Irish peace and create Irish unity is at least intellectually conceivable; but the present Bill has been rejected by three-fourths of the Irish people. Its enforcement can result only in the permanent segregation of six Northern counties and in the surrender of the rest of Ireland to the forces whose activities Mr. Macpherson held up yesterday to the horror of the House of Commons. It is a very strange thing that a Minister who can diagnose so accurately the state of a country's body fails so grievously to diagnose the state of its mind. Mr. Macpherson's action in "backing" this hopeless scheme of separation and discord is utterly inconsistent with his recognition of Ireland's desperate need of security and order. The only logical conclusion from his latest speech is that any settlement is impossible in the present condition of Irish affairs. He has furnished the opponents of his Government's Partition Bill with a whole armoury of argument.

Farmers in Council.

The Government does not seem to realise the gravity of the situation that has been created by the lack of a settled agricultural policy. One week the Prime Minister assures farmers that they will receive guaranteed prices for a period of years; in the next it is announced that the system of control will be abolished almost immediately; in the third that the whole question will be reconsidered. Farmers are losing confidence, and without confidence there can be no progress. Their industry cannot mark time, and the most casual observer must be aware that it is slipping back to the conditions of 1914. Land which was brought under cultivation during the war has reverted to pasturage, and there is a steady decline in the amount of home-grown foodstuffs in the markets. The farmer's present prosperity is mainly superficial. Its chief buttress consists of inflated values; it is not built on the solid foundation of greater output. The decrease in the area under wheat illustrates what is happening. In a little over a year it has fallen by more than 400,000 acres, and it is still shrinking. A few days ago the Government seems to have discovered what this means to the nation's food supply, and it took immediate action. Unfortunately, its proposal is not likely to improve matters. On all sides the Government's plan is condemned. On Wednesday the chief representative body of English agriculturists declared that the scheme was likely to discourage, rather than encourage, wheat-growing, and yesterday the Chairman of the Irish Farmers' Union registered his strong opinion that "it would not remedy matters much." The facts are quite simple. Two years ago the price of home-grown wheat was fixed at 76s. per quarter. At that time the price gave the grower a reasonable margin of profit. Since then the cost of production has increased considerably, and the farmer's profit has decreased in proportion. The Cabinet has acknowledged that, in order to place farmers on the same footing as in 1918, it would be necessary to fix the price at 90s. *per* quarter, but it will not take that step. Instead it has retained the old price for the 1920 crop, and promises that, if a free market has not been restored by the autumn of 1921, the controlled price shall reach a *maximum* of 100s. *per* quarter. Other crops give a better return, and, therefore, the farmers refuse to grow wheat. Meanwhile, for imported supplies the Government has to pay as much as 150s. *per* quarter, and the taxpayer must meet the bill. The national interest demands that the Government shall revise its scheme.

Yesterday's conference passed a strong resolution against the creation of the "Butter and Cheese Organisation of Great Britain," to which we referred on Monday. There cannot be the slightest doubt that, if this organisation receives the powers which it seeks, its activities will have a most serious and detrimental effect on Irish trade. It is curious that the Government should countenance the formation of a "trust" in any shape or form. One of the chief causes of high prices is the monopolies which certain firms enjoy. According to the Food Controller, the proposed butter and cheese "trust," if it ever gets beyond the paper stage, will have purely philanthropic aims. In reply to Sir Maurice Dockrell, in the House of Commons yesterday, he said that the object was to bridge the gap between the termination of food control and the restoration of a state of supply adequate to the demand. The "trust" would concern itself solely with imports from abroad, and Irish producers would be in exactly the same position as the farmers in England, Scotland, and Wales. We confess that we view the whole matter with grave suspicion. The only satisfactory thing about it is that the proposal is "tentative," and has not been advanced beyond the preliminary stages. We hope that it will remain there. Commercial undertakings are run for profit, and the directors have their shareholders', not the consumers', interests at heart. It is the Government's duty to stand between the foreign producer and the consumer, and there is no good reason why it should delegate its functions to a private body. The Food Ministry is an expensive machine, but it is fairly efficient, and it has the virtue of being above suspicion. A "trust" will always be suspected of "profiteering." It behoves the Farmers' Union to watch this "tentative" proposal carefully, and to offer a vigorous opposition to its development. The Union also passed a resolution on the flax question, and demanded a free market for the 1919 crop. The treatment that Irish flax-growers have received is but another illustration of the evil wrought by the absence of a settled policy for the encouragement of agriculture.

The Real Russia.

Mr. Lloyd George's recent speech in the London Guildhall gave a glowing description of the abundance in Soviet Russia. According to our Premier the Bolsheviks, like Joseph of old, had been gathering corn as the sand of the sea, and their bins, like Pharaoh's store-houses, were bursting with golden grain. For that reason, and that reason alone, Mr. Lloyd George declared that Europe must trade with Russia. The Special Correspondent of *The Times* in Bolshevist Russia has a vastly different tale to tell. If Russia has "bursting bins" of corn, they are well hidden away, and in the meanwhile the people are starving. Food for civilians is obtainable only at prohibitive prices; even then it is hardly edible. Last week, for instance, the price of bread was 450 roubles *per* pound. Nominally, a rouble is worth two shillings. Moreover, this "bread" gives little evidence of the Premier's "bursting bins." According to *The Times*, it contains 50 *per cent.* of beans, 35 *per cent.* of rye flour, and about 15 *per cent.* of bird seed. Manual labourers get one and a half pounds of this bread *per* day. If they are lucky, they get a piece of horse-flesh, some sugar, and some groats when the spirit moves the Soviet. For the groats they pay about £50 *per* pound—at normal rates—and, if they desire the luxury of butter, they pay between £260 and £320 for a pound of that commodity. A box of matches costs anything from £7 to £10, and tobacco of the worst possible kind is sold at from £500 to £600 *per* pound. These prices are, of course, fantastic when one thinks in pounds sterling; but, although the rouble is virtually worthless abroad, it is still a rouble in Russia. Wages have increased enormously, but not nearly as much as prices. A typist, for instance, gets 3,200 roubles—£320—*per* month, but her princely wage is equivalent only to a pound of butter or four pound bars of yellow soap.

"Dry" Canada.

The Continent of North America has not taken kindly to prohibition. The war bred virtue among the citizens of the new world, but the return to a state of peace has revived old desires, and the thirsty America now is asking with the Persian poet—

". . . . but was I sober when I swore?"

Canada is no less remorseful than its southern neighbour. Canadians, as well as Americans, continue, officially, to scorn the delights of the wine press and the fiery lure of the patent still. Unofficially, however, Canada contends with the United States in the ingenuity of its methods to circumvent the prohibition regulations. Every possible vehicle, from an egg to a coffin, is utilised for the transport of alcoholic liquor from the manufacturer to the consumer. The egg device had considerable success. To blow an egg demands no great skill. To fill it when blown with intoxicating liquor is, as the novelists say, "but the work of a moment." In this manner large quantities of alcohol were sent from place to place. The authorities were successfully hoodwinked, until an accident occurred. Railway porters have a habit of handling egg boxes as though they were half-ton safes. A box was smashed, and the secret was discovered. The women both in Canada and the United States are staunch supporters of the law. The men, as a general rule, are equally staunch evaders of it. There are more women than men; therefore the repeal of the Act is not likely. In the meanwhile, corruption is rife, and the cocktail refuses to be exterminated.

LADY MAGISTRATES FOR QUEEN'S COUNTY.

The Lord Chancellor has, on the recommendation of Sir Algernon Coote, His Majesty's Lieutenant, appointed Miss Mary Dease and Miss Edith Orme to the Commission of the Peace for the Queen's County.

BOOKS OF THE WEEK.

Owing to extreme pressure on our space, the "Books of the Week" are held over till to-morrow.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
THURSDAY NIGHT.

Mr. Bonar Law announced to-day that the second reading of the Government of Ireland Bill will be taken on Monday, March 29th. The debate is expected to last for the best part of three days, and, in that case, the motion for the Easter adjournment will be taken at 8 p.m. on Wednesday, March 31st.

Mr. Macpherson stated in reply to Captain Redmond that he had received a resolution from the representative body of the Royal Irish Constabulary protesting against the dismissal of Sir Joseph Byrne, but he was not prepared to take steps to reinstate him, nor did he think that the late Inspector-General was entitled to an inquiry.

In reply to another question relating to the hardship inflicted by the "Curfew" Order upon Dublin people requiring medical, and hospital attention, the Chief Secretary stated that permits were being issued to doctors and nurses, and added that the only real hardship was due to the action of the Dublin Corporation in extinguishing the street lights.

For the most part the Prime Minister was jaunty and *debonnaire*. But there was a complete change in his tone when Mr. Asquith, speaking for the first time since he re-entered the House, put a question regarding the steps that were being taken to protect the Armenians and requesting that the House should be kept fully informed. At once Mr. Lloyd George became a grave statesman, as he assured his predecessor that the Supreme Council had made certain proposals, and was now waiting the advice of its representatives on the spot. Cilicia, where most of the recent troubles have occurred, is, he pointed out, the special charge of the French Government, but all the Allies were co-operating.

A strong Irish breeze developed in the House to-night on the third reading of the War Emergency Laws Bill. Captain Wedgwood Benn said that the application of the Bill to Ireland was a fatuous, irritating, and contemptuous interference with the daily life of the people. He wanted Irishmen to know that there were at least some Englishmen in the House of Commons who regarded the whole thing with loathing and contempt. Captain Henry Williams seconded Captain Benn's motion for the rejection of the Bill. The Chief Secretary made an effective reply. Captain Benn had spoken without any knowledge of the real situation in Ireland, and seemed to lose himself in his venom and fury. The rebellion in Ireland had not been stamped out, and there was at the present moment a spirit far more malignant and far more revolutionary than Ireland had experienced at any time in its history. The *Sinn Feiners* had a perfectly organised army, but at whatever cost the Chief Secretary said that he was determined, so long as he was in authority, to do what he could to maintain law and order. He added that he would not be at all surprised if attacks were made upon officials in Ireland as the result of the inspiration given by the venomous charges of the right hon. gentleman opposite.

Mr. J. H. Thomas spoke of the bankruptcy of the Government so far as Ireland was concerned, and he was followed by Captain Redmond, who was convinced that there were people in this country who desired to see another Amritsar in Ireland. Mr. T. P. O'Connor scornfully declared that all the liberties which Ireland had gained by centuries of struggle had now been abrogated. After this the division was taken, with the result that the third reading of the Bill was carried by 291 to 52. The House then proceeded to the less agitating problems of Supplementary Estimates.

Even on the Estimates Ireland would not be kept out. The first vote discussed was in respect of public buildings in Ireland, and Captain Redmond and other speakers were anxious for details, especially in regard to what the hon. member called expenditure on peace celebrations. Colonel Newman did not see why the loyalists of Ireland should be denied their peace celebrations. Captain Redmond, in objecting to this vote, had shown a singular disregard for the rights of minorities. A division was taken on the vote, which was carried by a substantial majority.

The Government have accepted a large number of the recommendations made by the Select Committee on Pensions, including those relating to an increase in the disability rates payable to officers. The estimated cost of the recommendations in their entirety was three millions a year. The cost of those which it is proposed to accept will be £1,900,000 a year.

From the chorus of "I object" that greeted the proposal to give a second reading to the London Electric Railway Companies (Fares, etc.) Bill this afternoon in the House of Commons it is evident that the measure will encounter vigorous opposition. It is, however, absolutely necessary, I understand, that the companies should obtain an increase of revenue if they are to continue in operation, and, as it is inconceivable now to think of London without its "Tubes," the Bill will, no doubt, ultimately be passed.

The heavy baggage of the Prince of Wales is being sent off to-morrow to be stowed away on the Renown. It is reported that the wireless arrangements on this vessel are the very latest, and the range is extremely powerful, so that the King and Queen will be almost

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

SIGNOR NITTI'S RETURN.

The Times, commenting in a leading article to-day upon the return of Signor Nitti to Italy, refers to the labour disturbances in that country, and says that on his arrival he will be confronted with a situation which will demand his careful consideration. But, while these sporadic outbreaks are not themselves grave, adds *The Times*, they are symptoms of the general unrest which prevails in almost all countries since the conclusion of the war. In Italy, as in other States, dangerous agitators are at work trying to provoke these strikes and to use them for their own ends. The strong common-sense which is, perhaps, the most fundamental quality in the Italian character constitutes, we believe, a shield that will prove impenetrable to Bolshevist efforts. After remarking that the state of public feeling is such that the Italian Prime Minister will have to walk warily, *The Times* proceeds:—We understand that some of Mr. Wilson's comments upon certain Italian claims and aspirations must be disagreeable to those who support them, but that is because his criticisms, though they might have been worded more politely, are, in substance, unanswerable. Still we do not think that wrath at Mr. Wilson's hard words will induce them to repudiate a settlement which consideration of their own interests should lead them to adopt. The attitude of Signor Nitti during the sittings of the Supreme Council in London has been a little perplexing. He has seemed on several subjects to be eager to curry favour with the Italian politicians who are most deeply tainted with Bolshevist doctrines. In the actual state of parties and of public opinion, that does not seem to us a very intelligible policy. Whatever else these men may do, they will not be placated by any concessions which Signor Nitti could conceivably make them. It has been said that in his view—or, at least, in the view he laid before his colleagues of the Supreme Council—Italy can wait. Nothing could well be further from the truth. She cannot wait, either in her home or in her foreign affairs. Every month she waits is costing her 600,000,000 of lire in military expenditure alone, and every month of this expenditure increases her grave financial and economic embarrassments, and with them the growing social discontent.

THE FINANCE DEBATE.

The Times, commenting editorially upon Lord Buckmaster's speech on the financial situation in the House of Lords last night, says that he insisted on two main points. It was essential, he said, in the national interest that steps should be taken to reduce the amount of National Debt, and to keep the expenditure of the coming financial year within the compass of the year's revenue. With regard to the second of these objects, he laid it down as an axiom that if the expense, whatever it might be, were to be met out of revenue, then expenditure would quickly go down. In other words, he demands that the country, or its responsible Ministers, should estimate the amount of cloth on which they will be able to count before beginning to cut their coat. With regard to the question of the country's debt, continues *The Times*, Lord Buckmaster, after dismissing the ideas of a war profits tax and a general capital levy, proposed the adoption of a third course. He suggested that, although the equitable distribution of the National Debt among the people of the country was impossible, something approximating to that scheme might be arrived at by requiring each person to produce Government securities instead of paying a capital levy. Lord Peel, in his reply, paid Lord Buckmaster the compliment of saying that his speech was extraordinarily fruitful in suggestions as to how the matter should be dealt with and the National Debt diminished, and then proceeded to throw doubts upon the practicability of the scheme which he foreshadowed. That, of course, was in the traditional manner, though there was some point in his plea that the eve of the Budget was not a very convenient time for the discussion of what he politely called "financial discoveries." When the secrets of the Budget are revealed we shall be in a position to judge to what extent the Government proposals for dealing with the situation are an improvement upon Lord Buckmaster's suggestion. Meanwhile, it is to be observed that Lord Peel was lavish in promises of the reforms which the Government intend to introduce. It is, we learn, their fixed intention not only to reduce the foreign debt, but also not to contract any further debts abroad. It is also, he said, their policy to reduce Ways and Means advances, and to make substantial provision for a sinking fund for internal loans. We sincerely hope that these promises and good resolutions are not made only to be broken. The financial difficulties that the Government and the country have to face are many and great. If the Government show that they mean to tackle them honestly, they can count upon the country to do its share and back them up. But any weakness or irresolution in dealing with them must recoil first on their own heads. The time has come when a change must be made. The country has been so sorely tried that it looks for clear evidence that the day of spendthrift extravagance and wastefulness has come to an end.

SUPREME COUNCIL AND GERMANY.

We understand, says *The Times*, that the manifesto on the subject of high prices and the economic reconstruction of Europe, which has been drafted with great difficulty by the Supreme Council, has now been submitted to the French Government for approval. Although in some quarters this approval is taken for granted, it may well be that, in view of recent discussions in the Supreme Council, France will insist upon further modification of the document. It appears that the Italian Prime Minister, Signor Nitti, proposed that the economic reconstruction of Germany should be the first care of the Allies, and that all Allied claims upon Germany should be subordinated to this end. The French delegates urged, as an amendment, that the reconstruction of the regions devastated by the Germans in France had an, at least, equal claim upon Allied attention. This view the Italian Premier is alleged to have combated vigorously, but Mr. Lloyd George found himself unable to support his Italian colleague in this, as he had done in most other respects during the proceedings of the Supreme Council. The French amendment was consequently adopted.

The manifesto, if and when it appears, will probably be in the nature of a general recommendation of policy, rather than of a decision or "conclusion" binding upon the Allied Governments. It is understood to be a document of pro-German and some pro-Bolshevist tendency, and to bear traces of the source from which the original draft emanated. This source is believed to be connected with the present British representation on the Supreme Economic Council.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

Although no advance in bank rate had been looked for in most quarters, says *The Times*, there was a feeling of relief when the official announcement was made that the rate was unchanged. The War Loan and other gilt-edged Securities were immediately advanced in price, and Home and Argentine Railway Stocks and Oil Shares hardened in sympathy. Business generally, however, showed a further contraction, partly as the result of the competition of the numerous new issues now before the public. Dullness was again shown by the Market in Shipping Securities.

PEACE CONFERENCE.

THE TURKS AND SACRED PLACES.

Regarding the proceedings of the Peace Conference, the Press Association understands that the control of Thrace is to be given to Greece, but it is proposed to arrange for placing sacred places in Adrianople under the care of the Turks. Smyrna is also certain to be placed under Greek control.

The Council of the League of Nations meets in Paris on the 12th inst., to nominate a commission, which will investigate the internal conditions in Russia.

The British Premier has strongly represented the desirability of independent newspaper representatives being permitted to accompany the commission, and it is understood this will be arranged.

Last night's *communiqué* stated that a further meeting of the Council of Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers was held at the Foreign Office yesterday morning, under the chairmanship of Lord Curzon, to continue the discussion of the terms of the Peace Treaty with Turkey. The discussion was adjourned at 1.40 p.m. and resumed at 4 p.m. The names do not include Mr. Lloyd George, who attended the meeting, however, at 10 Downing street between the two sessions.

Mr. R. D. Waugh, managing commissioner of the Greater Winnipeg water district, Canada, has been appointed by the Council of the League of Nations a member of the Saar Basin Governing Committee.

SIR EDWARD CARSON IN BELFAST.

MEETING OF STANDING COMMITTEE OF UNIONIST PARTY.

UNIONIST LEADER AND THE HOME RULE BILL.

(FROM OUR REPORTER.)

BELFAST, THURSDAY.

Sir Edward Carson, K.C., M.P., arrived in Belfast to-day, and, during the course of the next six or seven days, will be busily engaged conferring with members of the Ulster Unionist Council and other bodies in regard to the Government's Home Rule Bill. The right hon. gentleman crossed by the Larne and Stranraer route, and was accompanied by Mr. Ronald McNeill, M.P. It had been anticipated by many of his admirers that Sir Edward would make the journey from Larne to Belfast by rail, and a large crowd, including many shipyard workers, assembled at the York street terminus of the Midland Railway Company to extend to him a cordial welcome. They were doomed to disappointment, however, as Sir Edward and Mr. McNeill, taking advantage of the fine weather, decided to travel to the city by motor car. The crowd, on the arrival of the boat train, quickly dispersed.

THE ULSTER UNIONIST COUNCIL.

The meeting of the Standing Committee was summoned for 11.30 o'clock in the Old Town Hall, which is the Unionist headquarters, and it was exactly ten minutes after this hour when the distinguished visitor and Mr. McNeill arrived at the building. He was given a welcoming cheer by a large number who had gathered at the entrance to the hall. Almost simultaneously the Marquis of Londonderry and the Duke of Abercorn arrived, and they were followed by Sir Crawford McCullagh, whose guest Sir Edward Carson will be at his residence, Lismara, during his sojourn in the Northern capital. The meeting was largely attended, practically all the Ulster Unionist M.P.'s being in attendance. The proceedings, over which Sir Edward presided, concluded about 1.30 o'clock, and shortly afterwards the following official statement was issued to the Press:—

"A very largely attended meeting of the Standing Committee of the Ulster Unionist Council was held to-day—Sir Edward Carson presiding. The Marquis of Londonderry and the Duke of Abercorn were also present, having crossed specially for the meeting. The proceedings, which lasted an hour and a half, were private. Arrangements were made for the meeting of the whole Ulster Council on Friday, and several Committees were appointed to consider various special matters, to report to the meeting of the Council."

I learned from an authoritative source that the proceedings were more or less of a formal character. They began with Sir Edward Carson making a statement, in which he reviewed the situation which has led up to the Government's bill. He pointed out that this was the first bill that offered Ulster a separate Parliament, and said that the one question which would require great consideration was whether the Unionists of Ulster should not press to have the three outside counties brought into the bill. He was very anxious to have a frank discussion of all views on all points of the bill. He gave a short sketch of what was exactly meant by the measure, and said that he would not now express any opinion of his own on the question, but that he would be glad to hear the opinion of everyone. He reiterated the hope that the matter would be freely and frankly discussed by the delegates and their friends in their own districts, and that the views of all parties would be aired at the meeting of the Unionist Council.

After the meeting, Sir Edward proceeded to the City Hall, where he lunched with the Lord Mayor (Mr. W. F. Coates, J.P.). In the afternoon meetings of the various sub-committees appointed earlier in the day were held, and these were attended by the right hon. gentleman.

TO-DAY'S MEETING.

I understand that the meeting of the Ulster Unionist Council to-morrow will, after Sir Edward delivers an address and a discussion takes place, be adjourned until Wednesday next. This step is being taken in order to allow the delegates an opportunity to discuss the situation with their fellow-Unionists in the various counties.

It must be said that interest on the part of the public does not seem to be very keen in regard to the deliberations of the Unionist Party which began to-day. When one recalls the excitement that pervaded the whole of Ulster on the introduction of former Home Rule Bills, it must be admitted that a decided change has manifested itself. It is a belief generally entertained that the Unionist Council will accept the bill, although it is held that many of its provisions are open to serious objection. The delegates from the outside counties will strongly oppose acceptance, but those for it will be in such a majority that they will carry the day.

The meeting of the Ulster Unionist Council is timed for 11.30 o'clock to-morrow, and will be held in the large hall of the Y.M.C.A., in Wellington place. Following the meeting, the delegates will be entertained to luncheon in the Ulster Hall by the Marquis of Londonderry.

THE HOME RULE BILL.

LESS THAN THREE DAYS FOR SECOND READING.

STATEMENT BY MR. BONAR LAW.

Mr. Bonar Law, in reply to Mr. Asquith, in the House of Commons yesterday, said that the first order on Monday would be the consideration of a resolution allocating the time of the House to the rest of the financial business. The remaining Government days would be taken up by this financial business.

Lord Robert Cecil—Will the right hon. gentleman say whether he is going to have the second reading of the Home Rule Bill next week?

Mr. Bonar Law—No, sir. The resolution which will appear on the paper to-morrow will show what time is available. There are three days—Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday before Easter—which are not allocated, and which we will use for the Home Rule Bill and the adjournment motion. It is very likely that the House will require more than two days for the Home Rule Bill, and we will propose to take the adjournment motion at eight o'clock on the Wednesday.

CAPTAIN GWYNN AND THE NEW BILL.

STRONGLY FOR ITS ACCEPTANCE

In an article on the new Home Rule Bill, which he contributes to the current issue of *Everyman*, Captain Stephen Gwynn declares that he thinks that the measure is likely to become law, and that, all questions of amendments apart, he is strongly for its acceptance. Captain Gwynn points out that the best feature of the measure is that it places fully within the hands of Irishmen, negotiating directly with one another, the means of attaining a union of Ireland under one Parliament. "On the question of Irish unity it gets England out of the way. If Ulstermen dislike partition, as many of them declare, they need not have it as an instant longer than they choose." It is also important, in the writer's opinion, that the Government acknowledges in this measure, "the great inconvenience of applying an identical system of taxation to countries so dissimilar economically as Ireland and England." While there is at present no reasoned consideration of the proposals among Irish Nationalists, and while Ulstermen are likely to take this bill, "for fear of something they would like less," Captain Gwynn is led to conclude that if, and when, Irishmen are left to settle their own differences, without force of reference to an outside overruling tribunal, they are well able to agree, and he looks to union before many years. Yet, he says, "Even if we were to go on for ever on the basis of self-government by two Parliaments, that would be infinitely preferable" to the present discredited system.

SCENES AT CAILLAUX TRIAL

A Reuter's Paris telegram of yesterday says: Several dramatic incidents occurred during to-day's hearing of the Caillaux case.

The first witness was M. Marin, a former *Chargé d'Affaires* in Madrid, who stated that King Alfonso, during the Agadir crisis, had informed him that M. Caillaux had sent an emissary to him threatening him with death.

The next witness was M. Paleologue, French Ambassador to Russia at the outbreak of war, who expressed the opinion that M. Caillaux's attitude had tended to increase Germany's arrogance and war-like intentions.

Witness at the conclusion of his evidence turned towards the accused, and, with a finger dramatically outstretched, shouted—"There is the Sturmer of France," a reference to the Germanophile Prime Minister of Russia.

These words caused violent uproar in the Court, which took some time to subdue.

SEARCHES AND ARRESTS.

MILITARY ACTIVITY IN DUBLIN.

TWO MEN DEPORTED.

BOMBS AND ARMS FOUND IN WEDNESDAY'S RAIDS.

Alderman William O'Brien and Mr. Thomas Hunter, M.P. for North-East Cork, were deported yesterday from Kingstown. They were brought to Carlisle Pier each in a motor van, surrounded by soldiers, and were immediately placed aboard the mail boat. There was no demonstration.

Early yesterday morning searches were made by the military and police in a number of Dublin houses, and four arrests made. About 1.30 a.m. the house of Mr. J. J. Kavanagh, 5 Pleasants street, was visited by the military. After a search of the premises, Mr. Kavanagh's sons, William and John, and a young man named John Kiernan, who was stated to be a lodger, were placed under arrest, and taken away in a military lorry. The police took possession of a Sinn Fein flag and portfolio, in which were a number of Easter Week (1916) ballads.

Exhaustive searches were also made of the residences of Mrs. M. Lynch, Walter House, Richmond road, and Mr. Eamonn Price, 15 Killarney Parade, N.C.R., in the early hours yesterday morning.

Nothing of an incriminating nature, it is said, was found in either house, but in the latter, Mr. Charles Price, a son of the tenant, was put under arrest, and removed in military custody.

RESULT OF WEDNESDAY'S SEARCHES.

An official statement issued in Dublin last night says that the following is a list of some of the articles found on Wednesday by military search parties in some houses in Dublin:—

35 bombs,
A quantity of bomb fittings,
2 revolvers,
Ammunition,
Leaden slugs,
Military tunics.

ANOTHER TIPPERARY OUTRAGE.

POLICE CONSTABLE BADLY WOUNDED.

Our Tipperary Correspondent telegraphed last night—At a late hour to-night there arrived in a lorry at the Tipperary Military Hospital a police constable, who is stated to have been shot in the back and neck this evening at Dovea, near Thurles.

His condition is said to be critical.

A report from Thurles states—Two constables who were patrolling this evening were fired at, and one was wounded.

THE CORK MURDER.

IDENTITY OF THE DEAD MAN.

The identity of the man whose body, dressed in semi-military apparel and riddled with bullets, was found in a field at Ballyphehan, Cork, recently, was established beyond doubt at the meeting of the Cork Board of Guardians yesterday, when a letter was read from "D. J. Quinlisk, 5 Ross lane, Waterford," stating that he had applied for permission to have the remains of his murdered son exhumed and conveyed to Waterford for interment, and he would feel deeply grateful for any help that the Guardians could give him in carrying out the disinterment. He had communicated with the police in Cork.

The father of the murdered man was an ex-member of the Royal Irish Constabulary, who had been stationed in Cork about twenty years ago as a sergeant in the mounted force.

The Clerk said that Mr. Quinlisk would have to get permission from the Lord Lieutenant to exhume the body.

The Master of the Workhouse was directed to point out to the father where the deceased man's body was interred, but to go to no expense.

THE MURDER OF SERGEANT BARTON.

THE MOTHER AWARDED £900.

Yesterday, before the Right Hon. the Recorder of Dublin, an application arising out of the murder of Detective-Sergeant Barton, of the Dublin Metropolitan Police, was heard for compensation, the applicant being Denis Barton, a brother, who resides at Farranfore, Co. Kerry.

Mr. Healy, K.C., and Mr. O'Connor (instructed by Mr. Murphy, LL.B.) appeared for the applicant; Mr. Clancy, K.C. (instructed by Mr. Rice), represented the Dublin Corporation; and Mr. McGrath, K.C., and Mr. Shannon (instructed by Mr. T. Early) appeared for the Dublin County Council.

Mr. Healy said that Detective-Sergeant Barton had a great many brothers and sisters, most of whom were living in America. He always spent his holidays at home with his mother, to whom he was very much attached. Whenever he went home he brought his mother clothes and groceries, and with money amounting to about £40 a year. He was extremely efficient in the detection of deserters from the Army and Navy, and in that way he made a very large addition to his ordinary pay. It surprised nobody when he left £2,000. He had made a will, but, unfortunately, it had not been witnessed, and the estate would have to be divided in equal shares between the brothers, sisters, and mother, eight altogether.

Mr. Cuthbert, accountant, proved the pay of the deceased sergeant. He was in receipt of £3 5s. per week, but under the new scale of pay, which was retrospective from April last, he would have been entitled to £5 6s. per week.

Denis Barton, the applicant, gave evidence that his brother gave about £40 a year to his mother. The witness had a farm of 41 acres.

The Recorder stated that he was struck by the manner in which the evidence was given by the applicant, who was a decent, respectable man. He would award £900 to the applicant, or would direct it to be divided between his mother and himself, or that all of it be given to the mother.

Mr. Healy said that his client was quite satisfied to have the entire sum given to his mother.

The Recorder stated that he would make the order, and award the applicant costs.

THE ASHTOWN ATTACK.

A CONSTABLE COMPENSATED.

At the Dublin City Sessions yesterday, before the Right Hon. the Recorder, Constable Michael Loughlin, who was wounded in connection with the attack on Lord French at Ashtown on 19th December, claimed damages to the extent of £2,000. Mr. Healy, K.C., and Mr. K. Dockrell (instructed by Mr. Dunne) appeared for the applicant. Mr. Clancy, K.C., and Mr. Shannon (instructed by Mr. Early) represented the Dublin Co. Council.

Constable Loughlin, who appeared in court on crutches, stated that he was wounded by bombs before the attack took place on the Viceregal motors. He was on duty at Ashtown Cross, and had been placed there at 12.45.

Surgeon Haughton stated that he found portions of metal near the ball of the big toe of applicant's left foot. In his opinion it would take the constable from three to six months to be all right again.

Inspector Lowry repeated the evidence which he gave at the inquest on Martin Savage, and gave details of the police arrangements on the day in question. He added that Mr. Brevary rendered first-aid to the constable, and afterwards accompanied him to hospital.

The Recorder remarked that the police officer in charge deserved the highest praise, as, apparently, the placing of the constable at Ashtown crossroads averted a catastrophe.

Surgeon Taylor was examined for the Co. Council, and the Recorder allowed the applicant £500 and costs, to be levied off the county.

COAL SHORTAGE IN IRELAND.

A meeting of the Coal Committee was held in the Council Room of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce yesterday, when there were present:—John Good, J.P., President; Andrew Jameson, D.L., Vice-President; Wm. Hewat, Deputy Vice-President; George N. Jacob, J.P.; Alfred E. Darley, D.L., and George Siller.

The Committee had before them correspondence from the Shipping Controller, and also a return of imports for February, which showed a serious falling off in supplies.

The present position is regarded by the Committee as being most unsatisfactory and full of danger, and it was decided to send the following telegram to the Shipping Controller:—"Additional tonnage promised has not arrived. Coal situation most critical. Unless additional tonnage is allocated immediately with priority for loading further industries must close. Imports for February from returns to hand show a further serious shrinkage."

It was decided also to telegraph to the Coal Controller and various Irish members of Parliament, pointing out the seriousness of the position, and the President was asked again to communicate with the Prime Minister and urge that he receive a representative deputation, so that an opportunity might be afforded of placing the facts before him.

The Committee further directed that His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant be written to and invited to use his good offices in the matter.

The Presidents of the Cork, Limerick, and Waterford Chambers of Commerce have expressed their willingness to join in the deputation to the Prime Minister.

A Brescia telegram, dated Wednesday, states:—An international seaplane week will be held at Lake Garda next September.

THE SHOOTING OF MR. SHAWE-TAYLOR.

CHAUFFEUR DESCRIBES THE MURDER.

"COWARDLY AND DASTARDLY CRIME."

Mr. F. B. MacDonagh, solicitor, Coroner, and the jury at the inquest held yesterday at Moor Park upon the body of Mr. Frank Shawe-Taylor strongly condemned the crime, the Coroner remarking that it was deplorable for persons to take away life in such circumstances. It was a crime against both God and man. He did not know, he said, how anybody could expect to gain anything by such means.

Mr. John E. Joyce, foreman of the jury, described the murder as cowardly and dastardly, and declared that the like of it would not occur in the heart of Africa.

A verdict that the deceased gentleman died from shock and hemorrhage caused by gunshot wounds inflicted by some person or persons unknown was returned. A rider was added extending sympathy to the bereaved widow and relatives.

The evidence of James Barrett, the chauffeur, was the principal feature of the inquiry. Still suffering from the effects of his dreadful experience, Barrett told how he and Mr. Shawe-Taylor left Moor Park at a quarter to six on Wednesday morning for Galway Fair, Mr. Shawe-Taylor driving the motor. About a mile from Moor Park, close to Egan's public-house, they observed an obstruction across the road 50 yards ahead. It consisted of a donkey cart, one of the wheels of which had been taken off and laid beside it on the road, and a wooden gate which had been laid against the far side of the cart, so that the entire road was blocked. Mr. Shawe-Taylor did not stop the car until they were within three or four yards of the obstruction. The witness got out to remove the obstacles, and he had just caught the cart wheel when he heard a volley of eight or ten shots apparently from the inside of the wall on the left-hand side. He went back to the car, and asked Mr. Shawe-Taylor, "Are you wounded?" and all that he said was "Oh! yes." The witness then turned to go to the other side of the car when he received five pellets in the side of the face from a shot that was apparently fired from the back of the car. He stooped down under the mudguard, and there was another volley of shots When he got up he fell on the side of the road. He did not know how long he remained there, but he was assisted to his feet by some person that he did not know who told him to walk and not to look back. This person asked him was he much hurt. He replied that he thought he was. Although dazed, he made his way to the house of the herd, Broderick, where he was treated. The Brodericks sent word to Mrs. Shawe-Taylor, who came up, and the witness drove her back in the car with the dead body of her husband.

Dr. Quinlan, Athenry, and Dr. Gannon, Oranmore, who made the autopsy, attributed death to shock and hemorrhage from gunshot wounds, which entered the head, face, left arm, and shoulder. The shots which caused the wounds on the left-hand side of the face must have been fired at a range of two or three feet.

THE ARRESTS.

Last night three farmers' sons, named Thomas Connel, Barret's Park; Martin Ruane and Thomas Holland, Lisheen, Kyle, were arrested on suspicion.

BODY FOUND IN A CLARE BOG.

JURY'S REMARKABLE VERDICT.

An inquest was held at seven o'clock on Wednesday evening on a body which was found in a coffin in a bog at Clooney, near Ennistymon, on the previous afternoon. Mr. James Lynch, solicitor, coroner for North Clare, conducted the inquest.

It is now recognised that the body is that of one of the men who took part in an attack on the police last week in the Inagh district, at Fermoyle Cross, two or three miles from where the body was found. One of the attacking party was seen to fall from the rifle fire of the police, and during the week it was freely reported that one man, whose name was mentioned, had been shot dead. Other sensational rumours were in circulation, and when it was learned that a body had been found the public were keenly alert for developments.

District Inspector Mooney, Ennistymon, represented the authorities, and Mr. J. R. Lynch, solicitor, the next-of-kin.

Patrick Devitt, of Cahirsherkin, Ennistymon, a farmer's son, said that he had seen the body of Martin Devitt, and identified it as that of his brother, Martin. He was unmarried, and was about 24 or 25 years old. He last saw him alive about a month ago.

Mr. Andrew M. Mooney, District Inspector of the Royal Irish Constabulary, stationed at Ennistymon, Co. Clare, said that on Tuesday evening, at about 4.30 o'clock, accompanied by police and military, he went to a bog at a place called Clooney, South Cross. There, in the bog, about six inches from the surface, he found a coffin. On the breastplate of the coffin there was the name: "Martin Devitt, died February 24th, 1920, aged 25 years. R.I.P." He had the coffin conveyed to the workhouse at Ennistymon, and it was opened, and in the coffin was the body of a man. On his left forehead was a hole, which looked as if it had been caused by a bullet.

There was no further evidence.

THE VERDICT.

After a brief consultation the jury, of which Mr. E. Stack was foreman, found the following verdict:—"That Martin Devitt died on February 24th from a bullet wound received while fighting for the freedom of his country, which freedom is prevented by misgovernment; and we tender our sympathy to his relatives."

ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP A DWELLING.

THREE MEN SENT FOR TRIAL.

In connection with the attempt to blow up Captain H. D. Hodgeson's residence at Oughterard with gelignite, Martin Halloran (senior), Martin Halloran (junior), and Michael Halloran were again brought before a special Court on Monday, at which Mr. J. B. K. Hill, R.M., adjudicated.

Captain H. D. Hodgeson stated that on the 20th February his attention was drawn to something at the corner of the gable end of his house, and he saw two feet of a fuse protruding from a hole in the ground. He saw Sergeant Sweeney dig up the hole and take out a bomb containing 14 sticks of gelignite. The centre one contained a detonator. He also saw the sergeant take from underneath the bomb a torn piece of the *Freeman's Journal*, dated the 14th February. His niece and governess slept directly over the cavity where the bomb was placed.

Sergeant Sweeney deposed that in consequence of a report made to him he visited the residence of Captain Hodgeson, and found under the gable end of the house a bomb, which contained 14 sticks of gelignite, a detonator, and a fuse attached. He also found a portion of the *Freeman's Journal* of the 14th February under the bomb. He afterwards compared this portion of the paper with a portion found by Constable O'Leary in a chest at the defendant's house, and both pieces fitted exactly.

Captain McClatchie stated that he was accustomed to explosives. He examined the cavity in which the bomb was found. The gelignite weighed 21 ounces. The free end of the fuse had been ignited. In his opinion, the fuse extinguished through a fault in it. Judging from the position of the explosive and the manner in which it had been placed, it was his opinion that if an explosion took place the result would be serious damage to the house, and the lives of the occupants would have been in considerable danger.

The defendants were returned for trial to the Assizes.

Mr. L. E. O'Dea and Mr. J. V. Fahey, solicitors, appeared for the defendants.

THE STATE OF IRELAND.

"A TREMENDOUSLY SERIOUS SITUATION."

MR. MACPHERSON ON CRIME AND OUTRAGE.

REPUBLICAN ARMY OF 200,000 MEN.

LOYAL FAMILIES TERRORISED.

THE LAW TO BE MAINTAINED.

In the House of Commons yesterday, the Speaker took the chair at 2.45 p.m.

On the order for the third reading of the War Emergency Laws (Continuance) Bill,

Captain Wedgwood Benn moved as an amendment:—

"That this House declines to give a third reading to a bill which violates the principles of the Great Charter (many times confirmed in Parliament) that no freeman shall be taken or imprisoned, or dispossessed of his liberty or free customs, but by lawful judgment of his peers, or by the law of the land, whereas all matters examinable or determinable under the said bill have their remedy and redress, and their due punishment and correction by the common law of the land, and in the ordinary course of justice."

He said that he objected to the extension of war powers to Government departments so long after the termination of hostilities. The possession of these exceptional powers gave the Government an excuse for postponing the declaration of a clear and fixed policy on various questions of reconstruction. The Government was persisting in the war mind. With regard to Ireland, the bill put a murderous instrument into the hands of the Irish administrators. Not satisfied with the excessive powers they already possessed, the Irish Executive were now going beyond the law.

Colonel Penry Williams supported the amendment. He said that it was a political crime to inflict the injustice which the bill contained on Ireland. The whole bill violated every principle of liberty.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

Mr. Macpherson said that he hoped that the House would hear with him while he endeavoured to reply to the attack which had been made upon himself and upon the Irish Administration. The House must have felt that the hon. and gallant gentleman, the member for Leith, was speaking in a sphere of considerable safety and comfort to himself, and without any knowledge of the realities of the situation in Ireland. He went across to study the situation, and spent about a week in Ireland, and saw no person who could explain to him the Government point of view. It was obvious with whom the hon. member came in contact. He only could have got his information from Sinn Feiners. The hon. and gallant member might be acting fairly if he was dealing with a country where the conditions were the same as in England, but the one thing he forgot was this, that at a time when the country was at its darkest hour, the party which he sought to defend and to justify assembled in its thousands, and, had it not been that some of them funked it at the last moment, would have assembled in order to stab this country and this Empire in the back. The salient fact of the rebellion must be remembered when dealing with Irish conditions of to-day. That rebellion was not stamped out, and had left behind a spirit far more malignant and revolutionary than the spirit of Ireland had ever been.

200,000 MEN ORGANISED FOR SEDITION.

The condition of Ireland was the condition of an armed country. Every man in Ireland who acknowledged the Sinn Fein doctrines, which had been adumbrated in the House by the hon. and gallant gentleman—

Captain Wedgwood Benn—I cannot allow the right hon. gentleman to say I defend the Sinn Fein policy of separation. That is ridiculous.

Mr. Macpherson—Let me get on. Every single man who held these doctrines thought that anyone who held any loyal doctrines of any sort was the enemy of Ireland. That was the condition. Sinn Feiners regarded themselves as the Irish Republican Brotherhood. They said that they had at least 200,000 volunteers, whom they had organised into an Irish Republican Army, for treasonable, seditious, and murderous purposes. They had published quite recently the new oath of allegiance, and, what was more, they had their armies and, what was more, they had their armies organised. The other day there was sent to him a proclamation headed—"The Irish Republican Brotherhood." That was the sort of thing they were doing. The proclamation said that anyone trading with a certain person would be regarded as a traitor, and liable to penalties. He had been taunted with being a Liberal. He always understood that it was the first duty of a Liberal Minister of the Crown to maintain law and order, and so long as he was entrusted with the Government of Ireland he would fulfil his duty in order to preserve the lives of law-abiding citizens. He had also been taunted with having lost his Liberalism because he desired to enforce these Regulations. He would remind the hon. member that even the Crimes Act of 1887 came almost word for word from the legislation of Mr. Gladstone. The hon. member had given to the House a number of cases. Certain of the prisoners refused to recognise the Court, and they saw an ex-Minister of the Crown saying that it was no crime to refuse to recognise the Courts of His Majesty. The difficulty of Irish Government had been enormously increased because of the venomous attacks of the hon. and gallant member on the Irish Administration. The people of Ireland regarded an ex-Minister of the Crown as of infinitely more importance, than he was regarded at home, and if attempts were made upon officials who loyally did their duty he should not be at all surprised if they were inspired by the venomous attacks of the hon. and gallant gentleman. (Cheers.)

Captain Wedgwood Benn—I submit that the Chief Secretary has no right to say I have inspired any one to commit outrage.

Mr. Macpherson—I have never said anything of the kind. I should not be surprised if, after some remarks made in this debate, to-morrow, the lives of many loyal officials in Ireland are in danger.

RAIDS AND MURDER.

Proceeding the Chief Secretary said that the hon. gentleman came forward with trumpery cases, but did he ever look at the other side? Did he realise the Sinn Fein raids that had taken place on the homes of lonely women for the purpose of getting arms? Last week there were 70 raids. What did they want these arms for? There was never a word of sympathy for these poor women from the hon. member, or for the friends of the gallant soldiers and civilians who lost their lives. He was not going to stand by and not ask for power to maintain law and order. The hon. member did not mention the murder of the mother of thirteen children by masked and armed men the other day, nor did he dwell on the sordid and brutal side of Irish life in which crime, murder, and intimidation were rampant. The hon. member took the line that repression increased crime.

THE REBELLION AND ITS LESSON.

What were the facts? Before the rebellion there were many years of Liberal Administration. After the rebellion a Royal Commission was appointed, and reported that it appeared that one of the things responsible for the rebellion was the reluctance shown by the Irish Government to repress seditious utterances. It was true that after the rebellion a great many men were deported to England without trial. Some were tried by courtmartial, and some were shot. But immediately afterwards there was an amnesty, and the others were allowed to go back. The moment they got back they started to be hostile to Great Britain.

RAIDS ON POLICE BARRACKS.

The hon. gentleman (Captain Benn) had never mentioned raids on police barracks. Within the last month there had been twenty raids on police barracks, with gelignite, with arms, and all the implements of the bloodiest form of modern war. Those raids took place, not by a few men, but by a large number of men, carefully selected. It was quite obvious that they were up against a tremendously dangerous situation in Ireland.

SOUTHERN LOYALISTS ALARMED.

He had even that morning received letters from loyalists in the South and West of Ireland begging that steps should be taken by the Government to get them out of that country—so dangerous was that part of the country to those who were endeavouring to abide by the law. No man need fear the law if he obeyed it, even under his administration. If, however, that law was broken—either the criminal or the common law—it was obviously the duty of the Irish Administration to vindicate it. Neither the Lord Lieutenant nor himself would be worthy of their positions if they did not endeavour by every means in their power to vindi-

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 6, COLUMN 5.)

DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BILL.

MESSRS. GUINNESS'S APPLICATION REFUSED.

The Court of Referees of the House of Commons had yesterday before them for decision the question of whether Messrs. Arthur Guinness, Son and Co. should be allowed a *locus standi*, enabling them to oppose the Dublin Port and Docks Bill when it comes before a Select Committee.

Mr. Lewis Thomas, who appeared for the petitioners, said that Messrs. Guinness and Co. were the famous brewers, of Dublin, and were enormous users of the Port of Dublin for the imports and exports of their business. They asked to be heard against the proposals of the Dublin Ports and Docks Board, who were seeking to increase the charges. Messrs. Guinness were naturally interested in the charges made for the use of the port, and the effect upon the business must be a most substantial one if there were increases in the charges. The proposals in the bill were to reverse the decision arrived at last session by the Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament. When the Dock Board promoted a bill to raise their charges by 50 per cent., the Joint Committee limited their increase to 33 1-3 per cent., and the Board were now seeking to obtain a still further increase to the amount originally asked for. That was the main provision in the bill. He would have thought it impossible to contend that a trader with that enormous industry ought to be allowed to be heard against this great increase in the amount they had to pay. It had been an established practice to allow a trader the right to be heard whenever an increase of the kind was made in the rates that he had to pay.

The Chairman (Mr. J. H. Whitley)—Can you tell us about the substantial interests that your clients have in the port?

Mr. Thomas—They are not only substantial in regard to imports of the materials for their business and for the exports of the manufactured article, but they are shipowners, and pay about £7,000 a year in dues on the ships. The import of barley last year was of the value of over one million pounds, and the dues on that must have been very substantial.

The Chairman—Have you the total amount they pay per annum, or can you say what proportion that bears to the whole of the revenue of the port?

Mr. Serjeant Sullivan, K.C. (for the Docks Board)—It is a very large proportion.

Sir Ernest Moon—Do the ships they own carry cargo only for Messrs. Guinness?

Mr. Thomas—Yes, and, in addition to that, they charter other ships, and a great deal of their imports come in the ships of other owners.

Are Messrs. Guinness the largest single traders in the port? I am not in a position to say that; but they are very large traders, and they do represent a trade; in fact, they are the trade—a very important trade in Dublin. The brewing trade carried on in the Port of Dublin, he said, was an enormous one, and he submitted that, as representative of that trade, the petitioners ought to be heard. If they were denied the right to come before the Committee and state their case, there was no one else that could do it for them.

Serjeant Sullivan said that he would put a point to the Committee very briefly upon the question whether an individual trader had the right to come before the Committee. The bill was promoted by the Dock Board, who were really in the position of a Corporation, and they represented Messrs. Guinness in the same way as a Corporation represented the ratepayers. The Board was an elected body, elected on the multiple vote principle, and Messrs. Guinness were electors just as were other traders. For the election of trader members of the Board Messrs. Guinness had a total of ten votes, and the company was one of a number of traders in similar conditions. They did not represent the trade of the port, as might be the fact in some cases, where, for instance, one colliery owner might practically control the trade of a small port, and to deny him the right of appearance might exclude the whole trade. But in this case the Dublin Chamber of Commerce very effectively represented the trade of Dublin, and they did not appear against the bill. The trader ought not to be allowed to petition when the representative body of the trade did not think it necessary to do so.

The Chairman, interposing, said that the Committee were satisfied that by the votes for election to the Board they were protected, and they had no right to be separately heard.

The application was, therefore, refused.

NATIONAL ECONOMY.

DISCUSSION IN THE LORDS.

In the House of Lords yesterday,

Lord Buckmaster called attention to the financial situation, and moved:—

"That it is essential in the national interest that steps be taken without delay to secure the reduction of the National Debt, and that the expenditure for the ensuing financial year should be brought within the compass of the year's revenue."

What the Government should do was to ascertain how much could be raised in taxation each year, allocate it among the departments, and make them keep within that limit. We owed £1,135,000,000 to creditors outside the country, and he believed that the only way that could be discharged

SIR HORACE PLUNKETT'S RETURN.

COMPLIMENTARY BANQUET IN DUBLIN.

HOME RULE MEASURE ANALYSED.

A DENATIONALISING PARTITION BILL.

DOMINION LEAGUE'S SUGGESTIONS.

A complimentary banquet was given last evening to Sir Horace Plunkett at the Gresham Hotel, Dublin, in recognition of his services to Ireland, and to welcome him home after his recent visit to the United States. There was a large company, over which Lord Monteagle presided. It included:—

The O'Conor Don, Rev. Canon Hannay, Lord Fingall, Rev. T. A. Finlay, S.J.; Sir T. Grattan Esmonde, Sir John Lumsden, Mr. P. J. Brady, Mr. Martin Fitzgerald, Mr. William A. Greene, Mr. Leonard Murphy, Sir G. Errington, Brigadier-General Hammond, Professor Donovan, Mr. T. Harbinson, M.P.; Mr. Alexander Wilson, Mr. T. Calnan Macardle, Surgeon M'Ardle, Mr. Hamilton Edwards, Mr. 9. J. O'Sullivan, High Sheriff of Cork; Major O'Connor, Mr. Michael Gowerey, Carlow; Mr. Patrick Leonard, Dr. M. V. Crofton, Surgeon Kennedy, Mr. John G. Foturel, Mr. Stanley Woods, K.C.; Hon. T. Spring Rice, Sir John Keane, Dr. J. Magennis, Major M'Donald, Alderman J. Hubbard (Clare), Dr. R. Magennis, Mr. Ryan Hinkson, Jr., Rosslare, Mr. Cruise O'Brien, Mr. M. O'Dea, Mr. F. S. M'Kean, K.C.; Captain Esmonde, Dr. C. Powell, Lieutenant-Colonel Leahy, Mr. John Smellie, Mr. G. D. La Touche, Mr. C. M. Coghlan, Mr. R. A. Anderson.

Letters were received from the following, who were unable to be present:—

Mr. Joseph Devlin, M.P.; Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Dumont (American Consul), Monsieur and Mme. A. Blanche (French Consul), the Lord Ambourne, the Lord Ireach, the Lord Pirrie, K.P.; Sir Henry Bellingham, Bart., M.M.L.; Sir Algernon Coote, Bart., M.M.L.; Sir Nugent Everard, Bart., M.L.C.; Sir Hutcheson Poe, Bart., C.B.; Sir Charles Cameron, Bart., M.D.; Sir John R. O'Connell, LL.D.; Major Gerald Dease, D.L.; Mr. George Browne, D.L.; Mr. David Sherlock, D.L.; Mr. M. J. O'Connor (of Wexford), Rev. J. Denham Osborne, D.D.; Rev. William Crawford, M.A.; Professor C. F. Bastable, Professor W. F. Trench, Litt.D.; Lieutenant-Colonel Major Fred Chapman and Mr. W. Brocklehurst, Lieutenant H. M. O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Barbour, Mr. Philip M. Barry (of Butterpath), Mr. W. Broderick, J.P. (of Youghal); Mr. Dominic J. Daly (of Cork), Mr. John Edward Pettegrew, Mr. John R. Healy, Mr. P. O'Kavanagh (of Cork), Mr. Vincent Kennedy, Mr. James E. Lardner, barrister; Mr. John Leonard, J.P.; Mr. R. S. Long (of Limerick), Mr. C. P. Longford (of Babbecombe, South Devon), Mr. John J. M'Donald, Mr. Martin M'Donnell, J.P.; Mr. T. Lewin Moore, J.P.; Mr. Thomas A. O'Farrell, J.P.; Mr. M. Carlan O'Meara, Mr. J. J. Simington.

The toast of the King having been duly honoured,

THE CHAIRMAN.

The Chairman, proposing the health of Sir Horace Plunkett, said that they were met to welcome their guest back, not merely from his annual trip to America, but from that longer excursion to which an unlucky journalist had consigned him nine weeks ago. (Hear, hear.) They could not but be glad to that day as the new birth of their guest, and congratulate him upon the health which he had brought back from the brink of the journalistic grave. Sir Horace was a man of brilliant intellect, but it was of his character rather than his intellect that he (the Chairman) would like to speak. He wished to testify, first and foremost, their love for the man. (Applause.) Character was a more potent element in statesmanship even than intellect, and it was impossible in this case to separate the man from the statesman. It was the duty of all of them to bring their best energies and abilities to the service of the State at this juncture. (Applause.) If that was the first duty of the moment, what was the first need of the moment? He answered in one word—statesmanship—(applause)—statesmanship born of sincerity and conviction, qualities that burned with faith in the breast of Sir Horace Plunkett. (Applause.) His own hopes of a settlement of the Irish question consistent with unity were centred in Sir Horace Plunkett's personality and policy. He trusted that his voice would find an echo when he said that Ireland had need of Sir Horace Plunkett. (Applause.)

The toast was enthusiastically honoured.

SIR HORACE PLUNKETT.

Sir Horace Plunkett expressed the hope that, if they did not approve of his opinions, they would at any rate sympathise with the objects that he had at heart. Having alluded to the state of feeling in America with regard to Great Britain and the Irish question, Sir Horace came to the Home Rule Bill, which, he said, presented the Coalition with an easier task than that of devising a worse government for Ireland than Ireland now enjoys. According to one of its chief sponsors, who frankly told us that when it appeared it would be denounced by every man, woman, and child in Ireland, a more accurate title would be—"A bill to confer upon Ireland government with the dissent of all the governed." Even more disconcerting was the presence on the Cabinet Committee which hatched out the bill of men who had threatened the Empire with civil war if Parliament should dare to fulfil its pledges to our country. (Hear, hear.) Now, the first and fundamental principle of an Irish settlement was the recognition of Irish nationality. (Applause.) Rejecting all elaborate and philosophic definitions, he would just say that any body of persons living together and feeling that way are a nation. (Applause.) God made us one nation. Under what pressure does Mr. Lloyd George seek to make Parliament declare that we are two nations? Ireland consists, on the one hand, of a backward, disorderly, thriftless, superstitious, but withal an amusing nation—unworthy of the recognition given to Poland, Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo-Slavia, and other pioneers of civilisation, and, on the other hand, of a super-nation, endowed with the highest civic virtues. (Laughter.) Those were the two views of Irish nationality. Four-fifths of Ireland, he had no doubt, took an immense majority of the British people, and the whole world beyond, took one view. Not more than one-fifth of the Irish people, and he believed a great deal less, took the other view. (Hear, hear.) But this Irish minority was championed by a dominant faction in the Coalition Government. The Government was not content to give to Ulster that measure of autonomy in its local affairs to which all such minorities were entitled, it was making Ulster a virtual mandatory over Ireland without responsibility. (Applause.)

THE FOURTH AND WORST BILL.

It was mad folly to attempt to ram the worst of all the four Home Rule Bills down the Irish throat. At the outset the present bill mocked the spirit of Irish nationality, the symbol of which had always been, and would always be, an Irish Parliament. That symbol, it was true, was interred in the British Statute Book and not until one had waded through 69 out of the 70 clauses of the denationalising partition bill did one come to its pith and substance—"The Government of Ireland Act, 1914, is hereby repealed." He would not discuss the reasons for the Government's decision in making the "clean cut" of Ulster, as it would only raise an angry controversy between two sections of Irishmen, who, he was sanguine enough to hope, would before long be given an opportunity to meet in friendly conference, and to decide the matter for themselves. Having criticised some of the main provisions of the bill, he said that it would be waste of time to labour its absurdities. No man who had sat through the Convention could take it seriously, and ever himself deserve to be taken seriously again if he supported it. At no moment in Irish history except, conceivably, in the middle of the great famine, when laughter was drowned in tears, could such a scheme—which could never escape the derision of the outside world—have been commended to any body of sane opinion in Ireland. Not only would the bill not do, but its very foundations were so rotten that it would be impossible to build upon them any Constitutional edifice to which the name of self-government could be applied. (Applause.)

THE IRISH DOMINION LEAGUE.

Two or three things had happened in the last few days which radically changed the political situation, and gave an opportunity of saving it. The Labour Party's Irish Commission had issued a statesmanlike report which condemned the *régime* of coercion and the Government's bill on the one hand, and had taken up a friendly attitude to the policy of the Irish Dominion League on the other. No less important was Mr. Asquith's victory at Paisley, on a platform, one plank of which was self-determination for Ireland within the Empire. In the abnormal political conditions now prevailing in Ireland it has not been possible for the Irish Dominion League to organise the latent force of moderate opinion in our country. To do this was, to his mind, the duty of the hour. (Hear, hear.) Without discussing the details of Dominion self-government, he would merely say that the League demanded for Ireland all the self-government that was consistent with the prevailing ideas of military safety for this little group of islands.

PROPOSED CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY.

Proceeding, Sir Horace said—We tell the Government that since the majority of the Irish people are not at present represented in Parliament—most of their representatives are in jail—it is quite futile to attempt to adjust there the constitutional questions now dividing Irishmen. Parliament, however, must make a firm offer to Ireland of the government that she wants, subject to the two conditions of defence and the safeguards to minorities. Therefore, let a Constituent Assembly of Irishmen, elected by the country on a basis of proportional representation, be immediately given statutory authority to draft the Irish constitution. It is quite certain that such a body would give to any portion of Ireland which desires it the widest measure of local autonomy, subject to nations questions being within the sole competence of the National Parliament. To me it seems that this procedure would inevitably lead to the nearest approach that is possible in the circumstances to a Dominion *status*, and that is why we chose the name. I am quite aware that a considerable body of opinion, having no confidence whatever in the good faith of the British Parliament, holds that in Ireland constitutional convention or Constituent Assembly should have a working connection with the League of Nations, and I am quite open-minded on the subject, which is far too complicated to deal with here. I will only mention one consideration which weighs with me personally. I dislike all outside interference; I hold that the Irish question will never be settled anywhere except in Ireland. (Applause.) In America, no doubt, it would be disposed of in one way; in Prussia in another. At Geneva or in Paris, it would be a lottery what was done with it, but as the case would be presented anywhere outside of Ireland they would be grave danger of partition. It is only where Irishmen can meet together without any outside interference that they can prove, as the Convention went a long way to prove, that, in friendly discussion, their agreements predominate over disagreements. Just one practical consideration. No amount of moral support for a political plan is of any effect without some agency to give expression to organised opinion. For that purpose the Irish Dominion League has been founded, not as a political party in the ordinary sense, but merely as a meeting place for men formerly belonging to any party who have come to see that the plan we advocate is, if not ideal, the best in the circumstances. The moment the object is attained, my anticipation is that the League will immediately dissolve, because its sole purpose is to obtain an Irish Parliament and Government, and not to concern itself with the policies which these bodies will have to determine for themselves.

EPIDEMIC OF CRIME.

That action should be immediate will hardly be disputed. We are cursed with an epidemic of crime in which every man in his heart and mind divides into two categories—political, that is crime against a misused government authority, and the agents it obliges to serve it; and moral, that is crime against the laws of God and man, which no human government can prevent or misapply. The political crimes may subject you to grave inconveniences, and may even shock you, if you happen to belong to the party and the Government which invented some of the crimes, and ruthlessly punishes them all, not infrequently getting the wrong criminals, as always happens when the administration of the law is an outrage upon popular sentiment. For the crime that accompanies a nation's resistance to misgovernment, there is but one remedy, and that a political remedy. When we come to the other class of crime, such, for instance, as the daylight arson, assassination, which cast a gloom over the whole of Ireland this morning, not a word must be said which might be taken to qualify the universal indignation with which the murder of citizens, either discharging their duties or exercising their rights must be denounced. But it is relevant to point out that the Government have shown themselves equally incompetent to deal with the major as with the minor, offences now prevalent throughout the country. There is only one remedy for Irish crime whatever its character, and that is Irish sentiment, and every man knows that Irish sentiment, however sound in the mass, will never ally itself with the present *régime* in any task of government. (Hear, hear.) Everybody admits that this present *régime* must be scotched root and branch—(applause)—that the Government's proposed reform is no reform at all, and that nothing but a wholly unprecedented union of men of good-will in Ireland will redeem the situation. I have heard it said that if firm government were employed, as in the days of Arthur Balfour, the same result would follow now. Cannot these people see that even if Mr. Balfour employed methods remotely resembling those of the present Administration, which he did not, he, at the same time, dealt radically with the cause of the trouble. The Irish people were suffering dire distress from unjust land laws and undeveloped national resources. Mr. Balfour, his Government, and other Governments in those years dealt radically with the cause. I was a Unionist myself because, while the evil was economic, the British money and credit was necessary to the cure. Now it is no longer a mainly economic material, but a political, sentimental grievance, which, under ruthless repression, develops into a mind diseased. The patient must now minister to herself, partly because no mere healer of the body can understand her mind. I might also add that Mr. Macpherson is not an Arthur Balfour. (Hear, hear.) I am afraid in no part of Ireland, not even in Sandy row, will such a partnership be suggested.

APPEAL TO PARTIES.

In the appeal I now make to all parties to come into a reasonable and workable compromise, I address myself first to the Southern Unionists, who seem to me to hold the key of the situation. I select them both because of their weakness and of their strength. Being a comparatively small minority, they can be more fairly asked to set an example in the sacrifice of opinion we shall all have to make. Lord Midleton has already set them a fine example in coming to an agreement, in the Irish Convention, with a majority of the Nationalists, led by Mr. Redmond. In the Convention they strove for the immediate establishment of an All-Ireland Parliament, with certain powers not denied, but postponed, without prejudice, for consideration and negotiation after the war. I personally hold that they and the Nationalist majority who agreed with them were right in this decision. But the British Government have made any such settlement now unacceptable. Lord Midleton and his friends still stoutly adhere to an united Ireland. I venture to express a hope that Lord Midleton, who showed in the Convention that he had real qualities of statesmanship, may again be accepted as the leader of all who have done their best to preserve the Union, which has irretrievably broken down. (Applause.) To the Ulster Unionists I fear that any word I say would be merely provocative, but about them I may say a word to their fellow-countrymen. I hold, as I have always held, that they are an indispensable element in any Irish Parliament which will play its true part in the world. (Applause.) During seven years of my official life I worked as hard to make the Department, for which I was responsible, subserve the interests of the Northern industrialists as I did when I was working for my own friends among the farmers in the South. Then I learned what a united Ireland meant, and I have every confidence that, if I am spared a few more years, I shall see that inter-action between agriculture and industry and a national economy constructed to preserve an equitable balance between them which will be the most effective way of burying the antagonisms that owe their strange survival far more to the exigencies of British politics than to any Irish cause. (Applause.) To my Nationalist fellow-countrymen of all shades of opinion I have one request to make. The task of self-government will shortly devolve upon them. I have nothing to say against the most strenuous opposition to the present system of British Government in Ireland. I repeat the criticism which I made of it before an English audience four months ago, that it is not British, and is not government. The British people are not consciously responsible for it, and when they understand what is going on will sweep it away. Therefore, do not let us nurture hate against the British people, who may before long give us good proof of their friendship. Let it be known that the moment the tyranny is withdrawn everyone of us will do our best to forget the past, and cultivate friendship, not only among ourselves, but with all our neighbours. That is the best contribution any of us can make to the cause of Irish freedom. (Applause.)

Sir Thomas Myles proposed the health of the Chairman, and said that the Home Rule Bill was an insult to Ireland's manhood.

Lord Monteagle briefly replied, and the company separated.

WOMAN CLERKSHIPS, G.P.O., LONDON.

(Open Competition.)

Last exam., December, 1919. Successful from SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 Stephen's Green, Dublin:—Misses Darker, Fitzgerald, Royerofft, Looney, Bowman, Ryan, O'Connor, Edmunds, Higgins, Craven, McMahon, O'Neill, Geraghty, Lantry; McManus, Murphy, Roche, and Leonard. 18 Successes, including 15 of the 19 Dublin Successes. BEST IRISH RESULT, and at the 3 previous exams. (open competition) 61 of the 65 Successes advertised from Dublin Classes, including BEST IRISH RESULT AT EACH COMPETITION. Special Oral and Correspondence Classes working for next exam.

—(Advt.)

THE STATE OF IRELAND.

(CONTINUED FROM COLUMN 6, PAGE 5.)

cate this law. The hon. and gallant gentleman drew attention to the fact that it was Ireland alone which had to endure the bulk of these regulations. He did not know whether the hon. and gallant gentleman realised that Canada had issued even a worse regulation than the worst Defence of the Realm Regulation here, as it dealt not only with political and treasonable associations, but also with industrial associations.

An Hon. Member—What about the Winnipeg strike?

Mr. Macpherson said that the Winnipeg strike was settled by means of this regulation. He thought that that was a fact of very great significance and importance.

THE CASE OF ALDERMAN THOMAS KELLY.

A great deal of political capital had been made out of the deportation of the Lord Mayor of Dublin, but they all knew very well that there was no prospect of any sort or kind of his becoming Lord Mayor until he was deported. The hon. and gallant member talked as if he, by Executive order, had sent police to the Mansion House in Dublin, had dragged the Lord Mayor out of the Council Chamber, and had deported him without trial to England. The facts were the reverse. But with the occasional perversity of Irishmen, the moment they found that the Lord Mayor was not in Dublin, and could not be present at the Council meetings, they appointed him Lord Mayor. The hon. and gallant member asked what was the charge. He (the speaker) had told him that the Lord Mayor, with a great many others, had been deported from Ireland under Regulation 14B, which prevented people from conducting (themselves prejudicially to the best interests of the State and the Realm.

Captain Wedgwood Benn—Are you going to bring him to trial?

Mr. Macpherson said no. There was no intention to bring him or any others to trial. They would be kept here under that regulation. The hon. gentleman went on to rake up the case of Pierce McCann, who died in prison. But, as a matter of fact, he had nothing to do with the case of Pierce McCann, who was deported and died in hospital. The hon. gentleman read a testimonial as to his character. Well, that was quite easily got in Ireland. (Laughter.) He would recall another case. He knew nothing about Mr. Pierce McCann, but he knew that he was an Irish Volunteer at the time of the rebellion. That was good enough for every man who knew Irish conditions.

THE ATTEMPT ON THE LORD LIEUTENANT.

Recently an attempt was made on His Excellency's life. One man was shot. That man, the morning of the attempted murder, went to Mass, with bombs and revolvers in his pocket, and with murder in his heart. He was shot by a soldier. That, in his judgment, was the sort of thing which, if it was on the other side, the hon. and gallant gentleman would use. He made bold to say that no reliance could be placed on any testimonials of character. The deeds of the Sinn Fein body at the present time were deeds of darkness. The hon. gentleman had probably the impression that these were men of great political outlook and great political ideals, but very likely these same gunmen were engaged in another part of Ireland in a conspiracy of murder. The hon. gentleman pretended that Sinn Fein was not responsible. Everybody knew well that Sinn Fein was responsible for these murders. He referred to the case of Mrs. Morris. What was the evidence given there? That the leader of the Sinn Feiners assembled the gang in the Sinn Fein Club, and that they must have a raid, and that they wanted money and arms. Nobody in Ireland with any patriotic conscience at all doubted the fact that Sinn Fein had got at least 200,000 men who were prepared to murder loyal subjects at any hour of day or night. Nobody doubted that. So strong and determined was that force that the maintenance of law and order had become a grave duty on the part of those who represented the Government in that country. It was only in the cool, calm atmosphere of the House that speeches of that kind could be tolerated at all. If the hon. gentleman, day in and day out, had to mess nothing but crime, outrage, and murder, he was perfectly certain that he would soon alter the tone of his vituperation. They must endeavour, to the best of their ability, to maintain law and order, and face the difficult duty of seeing that law-abiding citizens who wished to go about in the performance of their duties should be allowed to do so with freedom of life and limb. So long as that outpost of Empire—and it was a very troublesome outpost of Empire—was regarded by that House and by the people of that country as an integral part of the United Kingdom, so long would they maintain the Empire's law and order there. But should the day come when that country said that separation must be granted to the people of the South and West of Ireland, his duty would be over. (Cheers.)

Mr. J. H. Thomas said that Mr. Macpherson had spoken of the danger of a trained Sinn Fein Army. Was not this a direct result of the armed preparations made by those who were now members of the Government?

CAPTAIN REDMOND.

Capt. Redmond said that the condition of Ireland was almost beyond despair. If the country was now in a worse condition that ever before, was coercion going to prove a remedy? The Government's promised measure was simply intended to throw dust into the eyes of the people of Britain, America, and other foreign countries.

Col. Murray said that it was coercion that had given rise to lawlessness in Ireland.

Lieut.-Commander Kenworthy said that the soldiers in Ireland hated the work they were called upon to perform. The Government's legislation was a mistake.

Mr. Donnelly said that, whether they applied the Defence of the Realm Regulations, or anything else, there never had been a remedy in Ireland, and never would be.

Sir Ernest Pollock (Solicitor-General for England) justified the continuation of the Regulations, most of which, he said, were intended to deal with problems and difficulties which arose out of the war, and which upset the whole of the current course of trade. The time for their removal had not yet arrived. As regarded Ireland, no citizen of that country had anything to fear from the operation of the Regulation if he was law-abiding.

Mr T. P. O'Connor said that the present condition of things in Ireland filled him with horror and misgiving. No one had done so much for the Sinn Fein movement as the present Chief Secretary, but he doubted his statement that there were 200,000 Sinn Feiners as well armed as the British Army.

Earl Winterton justified the military measures taken in Ireland.

Mr. Jeremiah MacVeagh denied that the Sinn Fein organisation were responsible for the crimes in Ireland.

The amendment was defeated by 291 votes to 52, and the bill was read a third time.

The House went into Committee of Supply on the Civil Service Supplementary Estimates.

THE PEACE CELEBRATIONS IN IRELAND.

On a vote of £75,620 for expenditure on public buildings in Ireland,

Mr. Baldwin, replying to questions, said that extensive accommodation was being provided for the Ministry of Transport in Dublin. £860 were spent for peace celebrations, including £267 for a stand where the Lord Lieutenant took the salute of the troops; £500 on flags for decoration, and £110 for fixing flag-poles.

Captain William Redmond moved a reduction of the vote by £500 as a protest against this expenditure. He said that they should not be asked to pay for a peace that had not yet arrived.

DUBLIN CORPORATION.

VOTING IN THE IRISH LANGUAGE.

MEETING FALLS THROUGH.

The Dublin Corporation held its first evening meeting yesterday in the Council Chamber of the City Hall, the Lord Mayor presiding. The gallery was fully occupied. The business taken up was that undisposed of at the usual monthly meeting.

A report of the Waterworks Committee recommended an increase of 20s. a week in the salary of Mr. T. MacDonnell, chief turncock.

Mr. M. J. Moran proposed as an amendment that the matter be referred back for further consideration.

The Lord Mayor having declared the amendment lost, a division was called for.

When the Town Clerk had reached the name of Mr. Paul, T.C., he answered in Irish—*Biodh.*

The Town Clerk—I must have your answer, sir, "for" or "against."

After a discussion Mr. Paul declined to answer in English, and went outside the barrier. When Councillor John O'Connor's name was called he also answered in Irish. The Town Clerk said that the business could not proceed until he received an answer "for" or "against."

Another long discussion followed, and the Lord Mayor at length adjourned the meeting as the division could not proceed.

SPRING ASSIZES.

COUNTY WATERFORD.

LORD JUSTICE RONAN AND RAIDS FOR ARMS.

The Waterford Assizes were opened in Waterford Courthouse yesterday by Mr. Justice Kenny.

Addressing the City Grand Jury, his Lordship said that there were only three simple cases to go before them. He was glad to be able to tell them that although the official returns showed an increase in the more serious forms of crime as compared with last year, the offences that constitute the increase were not of a character that could be said to be dangerous to the well-being of the citizens as a whole.

Lord Justice Ronan, addressing the Grand Jury of the County, said that there were only three bills to go before them, none of which would give them much trouble. With regard to the general state of the county, on the whole, things did not look so very bad. There was a grave matter which he must call attention to. That was that the Executive, with special means of knowledge at its disposal, found it necessary within the last few days to proclaim this county as being in a dangerous state, and requiring additional police. In the face of that proclamation it was impossible for him to congratulate the Grand Jury on the satisfactory or peaceful state of the county. This year there were three cases of robbery of arms. In addition there was the raid on the police barracks at Ardmore. The barracks, which was attacked by large mobs, was occupied by three or four policemen only. The police in defending themselves against such vast odds, demanded the respect and admiration of all. The County Inspector told him that there was a great deal of labour trouble in the county, followed by serious rioting and incendiary fires. With regard to armed raids throughout the county, his lordship said that it sometimes happened that for political reasons people came around and demanded these arms. After a short time gangs of blackguards went around the country with arms and attacked decent people, their homes, and families, and refused to go away unless they were given sums of money. In the Land League days a number of these outrages happened, and people thought it better to pay because they were afraid to denounce the criminals. If that happened this crime would only go on increasing. If people wanted protection from these crimes they would find in the long run that their best friend was the law.

JURORS' OBJECTION TO THE COURT.

One juror, Michael Doyle, a well-known Kilkenny hurler, refused to recognise the Court, and two jurors refused to be sworn in the box.

Mr. Justice Kenny told them to go about their business, and not to be going on with tomfoolery.

APPRECIATION OF THE ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY.

The jury passed a resolution expressing appreciation of the services of the Royal Irish Constabulary.

IMPORTANT DECISION AFFECTING STOLEN POSTAL ORDERS.

In the case of the Postmaster-General against Lloyd Hutchinson and W. J. Otten, Waterford, appeals were brought by the Postmaster-General from the decision of the County Court Judge in dismissing the claims brought to recover from the defendants. Sums of £2 and £1, amounts on foot of postal orders which the defendants had lodged with their respective banks, and which had been collected by said banks from the Post Office. It transpired that these orders had originally been stolen from the Post Office in Waterford, and had been put into circulation. The Defendants received them in the ordinary course of business. The County Court Judge held that the Postmaster-General could not recover the money, and that the proper persons to sue were the respective banks.

Mr. Swayne, K.C., for the Postmaster-General, said that the attention of the County Court Judge was apparently drawn to Section 25 of the Post Office Act, 1905. It was under another section that he dismissed the cases. This raised a very serious question for the Postmaster-General, because, under a former dismiss, his position would amount to stolen postal orders being in a better position than the ordinary negotiable orders. Under the circumstances, the defendants agreed to the reversal of the dismisses, and had consented to decrees by his lordship for the full amounts, without costs.

COUNTY CAVAN.

The County Cavan Assizes were opened yesterday by Mr. Justice Dodd, in the Crown Court. Mr. Justice Gibson sat in the Record Court. Soldiers, instead of policemen, acted as guards at the judges' lodgings.

Mr. Justice Dodd, addressing the Grand Jury, said that while there were only two bills to go before them, the specially reported offences were forty, as compared with seventeen last year, and of very considerable gravity, including raids for arms, robbery, house-breaking, and intimidation in two cases to discourage recruiting for the police. It was a lamentable circumstance that crimes of the kind were being committed with impunity, and Ireland would be in a terrible state while the laws of God and man were set systematically aside.

The compensation awarded to Sergeant Daly, R.I.C., Cavan, for injuries received in Ballyconnell in November, 1918, was increased on appeal from £10 to £50.

COUNTY LOUTH.

A NONAGENARIAN'S JOKE.

At the Louth Assizes yesterday, before Mr. Justice Pim, the Louth County Council appealed against an award of £480 to Peter Murphy, Dundalk, Greenore, for the alleged malicious burning of the contents of his haggard. The applicant, who is 91 years of age, said that there had been a good deal of ill-feeling at the last election, but witness had not voted, as he had given up politics.

Serjeant Hanna, K.C., who represented the County Council, said that when the case was heard at Quarter Sessions not a word was said about the election.

Mr. Best, K.C., who appeared for the applicant—That is because he has new counsel this time.

Serjeant Hanna—It is not his "best" point. (Laughter.)

"Well, I do hope he will do his best for me," drily observed the nonagenarian, at which there was much laughter, in which the Judge joined.

His lordship affirmed the decision of the Court below.

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY.

MEETING OF CONVOCATION.

The adjourned meeting of Convocation of the National University was held last evening at University College, Earlsfort terrace, Dublin, Eight Hon. M. F. Cox, M.D., in the chair.

On the motion of the Chairman, a resolution of sympathy at the death of the late Lord Chief Baron was passed in silence.

The Committee of Convocation reported that it had considered the question of adequate publicity for the opinions of the graduates on the unwarrantable charges made during the year 1919 on the character and work of the University in certain English journals. The Committee advised that, as the leading Irish newspapers had given ample repudiation of these allegations by Convocation, the desired publicity had been adequately secured.

The Committee reported that the bequest of the late Dr. Allan Boyd Simpson, of Birmingham, amounting to about £1,700, bequeathed to the University on the express condition that the Irish language should be an essential subject, was expected to be received soon. As appropriate uses to which the bequest might be put, the report indicated the publication of original works in Irish, the publication of manuscripts of the last three centuries, and the promotion of a school of Irish music. With the selected object should be definitely associated the donor's name.

The report was adopted.

On the motion of Mr. O'Loughlin, County and Borough Councils which awarded scholarships were requested to increase the value of these in view of the increased cost of living.

The attention of the Councils was further directed "to the contents of an Education Bill introduced into the British Parliament a few weeks ago as affecting the rights of the Councils to provide and control University Scholarships."

THE RISE IN PRICES.

In the House of Commons yesterday,

Mr. Lloyd George, replying to several questions, said that the Supreme Council had had under consideration the general question of the rise in prices. The representatives of France, Italy, Belgium, and Great Britain had been present at the discussions. The Committee's conclusions would be published as soon as possible. It was hoped to fix Monday week for a discussion in Parliament on the subject.

WOMEN CLERKSHIPS, H.M.C.S.

Open Competition, Dec., 1919. Successes from ROSSE COLLEGE, Stephen's Green, Dublin:—Misses C. Simington and C. McGloughlin.—(Advt.)

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE HOME RULE BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—As an Ulster man, resident in Dublin for many years, kindly permit me to endorse the statements contained in Dr. Thompson's letter in your issue of to-day's date. The one and only solution which will find favour in the minds of almost all the people of any standing in the country is the Bill at present before Parliament, with this addition, as advocated by Dr. Thompson—that all Ulster should be included.

No oppressive legislation, religious or otherwise, could be made effective against the small minority of Unionists in the South, or similarly against the Nationalists in the North, as the one would be a hostage or bond for the good government of the other. Anyone knowing the sentiments and principles of all parties in Ireland is aware that no other scheme or settlement is possible, and the Government should proceed with the measure and enforce it if necessary. By limiting the Bill to the six Protestant counties the religious element is introduced, which should be avoided.—Yours, etc.,

J. JOHNSTON MULLAN.

Sandymount Castle, Co. Dublin,
March 4th, 1920.

"PROFITEERING" IN HOUSES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—May I endorse all that "A Sufferer" says with respect to "profiteering" in houses? Why should all the loss fall on an unoffending tenant? If legislation is impending, as some say is the fact, I would humbly suggest three points for consideration:—(1.) That a landlord wishing to sell should give the option to the tenant of purchase. If the purchase-money demanded is excessive, the tenant should have the right to apply to the Court to fix a fair price. The argument that houses built in the future will cost more than twice as much as those built in the past is an unfair argument, inasmuch as there is no comparison between the value of a new house, built to suit modern requirements, and of an old one, necessitating, as we all know to our cost, unending and ever-increasing expense for repairs. (II.) That in the case of tenants who have kept their houses in good condition at their own expense, and paid their rent regularly, and who are being turned out against their will, compensation for disturbance should be allowed. (III.) That tenants under notice to quit should not be subjected to the great inconvenience of allowing the public to invade their premises in flocks to examine them, not only making it impossible for the lady of the house to transact her private business, but having to allow her servant's whole time to be taken up in showing people round, many of whom are not *bona fide* purchasers. If a tenant must be evicted, why should the landlord not wait until his house is vacated to offer it for inspection and possession?—Yours, etc.,

"ANOTHER SUFFERER."

March 4th, 1920.

RAILWAY FARES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I was rather surprised at the statements made by "One of the Public" in your issue of to-day. I had just been reading the "General information for passengers" in this month's guide of our largest railway. There I find—(1) That return tickets up to 25 miles are available for seven days, and, over 25 miles, for one month after date of issue. Return tickets issued on Irish railways for destinations in England are now available only for two months, but this is an English, not an Irish, regulation. "One of the Public" may have mistaken the new regulation, under which the holder of one of these tickets must complete his outward journey in three days instead of seven, for a curtailment of the pre-war arrangements, which have not been altered.—Yours, etc.,

"ANOTHER ONE OF THE PUBLIC."

Dublin, March 4th, 1920.

A CURIOUS FRIENDSHIP.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I read in your columns to-day an account of a dog's soaring powers. I may interest your readers to know that it is not the first case on record. Over twenty years ago I had a sow which farrowed a larger number of bonhams than she could feed. On the same night a Red-Coated retriever had puppies, which I did not wish to rear. I gave two of the bonhams to the dog, and she took to them at once and reared them. On the day when the bonhams were brought to market, the two that were reared by the dog were as good as those reared by the sow.—Yours, etc.,

SAMUEL TAYLOR.

The Mills, Athenry, March 3rd, 1920.

NEW ISSUES.

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, LTD.

This company is making an offer of 1,600,000 7½ per cent. "B" Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each at par, and 400,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each at £1 8s. per share. In addition to the shares now offered, a further 450,000 Ordinary Shares are being offered at £18,334 to the holders of existing Ordinary Shares, in the proportion of one for every three existing shares, and as to 41,666 to the staff at the price of £1 8s. per share. There is also an issue of 1,800,000 6½ "A" Cumulative Preference Shares and £200,000 4 p.c. Deb. Stock, which are offered for the "B" Prefs. now offered. The London Joint City and Midland Bank and the Belfast Banking Company will receive subscriptions for the new issue. The Ordinary Shares will only be allotted to applicants for Preference Shares also in the proportion of one Ordinary for every four Preference. The General Electric Company successfully carries on the business of general electrical contractors and manufacturers in London, at Witton, near Birmingham; at the Osram Lamp Works at Hammersmith; and at Fraser and Chalmer's Engineering Works, Erith, and has trading branches all over the three Kingdoms, as well as controlling interests in many subsidiary companies abroad. The Post Office and nearly every other country is about to spend huge sums for the betterment of the telephone service, and to cope with the great increased business which must, as a consequence, naturally accrue to the General Electric Company, new works—the Peel Connor Telephone Works, Ltd.—four or five times the capacity of those in operation at present, and fitted with every modern appliance, are in process of completion on a new site at Coventry. Before long these works will be ready to start, and it is anticipated that they will help materially to swell the revenue of the company. The company during the last six years has paid 10 per cent. on the Ordinary Shares (last three years tax free), which are officially quoted at 2½. The net profits during that time have risen from £117,938 to £452,112, and very large sums have been written off for depreciation and carried to reserve. All the new money now asked for is to be employed in the extension and development of the old works or the completion and equipment of new. The company holds a commanding position in the electric supply trade, and the new shares are a choice second-class industrial investment. The list will close on or before Tuesday next, the 9th instant. (Prospectus page 8.)

MARITIME SALVORS, LTD.

This company has a capital of £500,000 in £1 Ordinary Shares, 100,000 of which are already issued. 300,000 are now offered for subscription at par. In December, 1918, the venture was formed as a private limited company, and the directors and their friends subscribed £95,000. The purchase and recovery of marine wrecks, with a view of salving their cargoes, and repairing, re-purchasing, and selling the vessels recovered; contracts with owners and underwriters for the salvage of stranded and sunken or disabled vessels and their cargoes; contracts with the Admiralty, the Corporation of Trinity House, and other Government river and dock authorities, for the clearance of wrecks from navigable channels and harbours, either by dispersal or otherwise; commercial towage to any part of the world. The company has just set up a permanent basis of operations at Newhaven, admirably situated on the harbour side, and provided with all the very latest in salving appliances. The directors, the majority of whom are well known in the shipping world, realise the possibilities for a company so adequately equipped as this with every up-to-date appliance, and the company has acquired from the United States Navy two of their finest salvage vessels, newly christened Reliant and Restorer. In addition, the company possesses several powerful steam tugs, various small craft, and a salvage store, commodiously situated on the western entrance to Newhaven harbour. The vessels, have just completed the salving of the s.s. Ophis, and is engaged in carrying out a remunerative Admiralty contract for wreck removals, as well as a contract for Trinity House. Applications will be received by Lloyd's Bank and branches. The whole issue has been underwritten, and the lists will close on or before Tuesday, 9th March. (Prospectus page 9.)

THE VAR OIL AND COAL COMPANY, LTD.

We publish to-day the prospectus of this company, which has a nominal capital of £750,000, and is offering 600,000 shares for subscription at par. The company has been formed to acquire the entire share capital of a French company owning oil shale and coal concessions in Southern France. Considerable mining and other work has been done on the concessions, and reports made by three engineers of repute show that 1,300,000 tons of shale, averaging 50 gallons of oil per ton, and 1,000,000 tons of coal have already been proven on a comparatively small part of the concessions. Calculated on a conservative basis, the profit is taken at 20s. per ton of shale and 15s. per ton of coal, which, on an initial output of 300 tons shale and 500 tons coal daily, amounts to £220,000 per annum. It is intended, however, to increase the daily output to 1,000 tons shale and 1,000 tons coal, on which basis, at the same rate of profit per ton, the annual results would be in the neighbourhood of £800,000. The board is a strong one, including Mr. Leslie Urquhart, of the Russo-Asiatic Consolidated, Limited; Sir A. C. Cory-Wright, and Mr. Newton Dunn, Chairman of Lambert Brothers, Limited. The issue has not been under

SPORTING NEWS.

LEOPARDSTOWN MEETING—THIS DAY.

The Leopardstown Executive have arranged such an excellent programme for their March fixture that it would appear tolerably safe to predict a very successful and enjoyable meeting. Thanks to the spell of fine weather we have been experiencing, the going is in first-rate order, so that there should be no lack of runners, and the sport promises to be highly interesting on both days. The chief event of the meeting, the Grand Steeplechase of 1,000 sors, figures on to-morrow's card, and it is expected to attract a strong field to the post, including the Grand National candidates, Troytown and Ballyhogan. Selections for to-day are appended:—

Maiden Hurdle—Knight of Greenane.
Kingstown Hurdle—Ambitieux.
March Hurdle—Rocklight.
Maiden Steeplechase—Keep Cool or Sallypoggin.
Bray Steeplechase—Major Saxham.
Dundrum Steeplechase—Clonhugh.

PROGRAMME.

2.0—MAIDEN HURDLE, 100 sors. 1½ m.

	Age. st. lb.
POSTPONED (Mr. J. Pigeon) ....Owner	5 11 12
LIVIMA (Mr. W. A. Wallis)...Morgan	5 11 12
BUSHWACKER (Mr. L. Brabazon)	
....Owner	6 11 11
COCK-A-DOODLE-OO (Capt. Honner)	
....Owner	6 11 11
CLIVEANNA (Mr. John Oliver)...Private	6 11 11
LORD LARAGEN (Mr. M. F. O'Malley)	
....Private	6 11 11
JACOBSTADT (Mr. M. Kennedy) Private	6 11 11
MAIN LUKE (Mr. P. Larkin) ....Owner	6 11 11
LITTLE ALICE (Mrs. W. Scott)...Private	6 11 11
KINSTIPPOID (Mr. F. W. Shaw)....Moss	a 11 11
HOI NA-MARA (late Stray Park) Mr.	
D. Stewart) .....Private	a 11 11
KNIGHT OF GREENANE (Mr. J. S.	
Graham) .....Parkinson	4 11 8
TRAN (Mr. T. Byrne) .....Owner	5 11 8
FIRST LETTER (Mr. G. Byron)...Private	5 11 8
MOUNTAIN KING (Mr. R. Courtney)	
....Private	5 11 8
VISITATION (Mr. de Banke).....Doyle	5 11 8
COCKATOO (Mr. de Pledge) ...Fetherston	4 11 8
HAZELBROOK (Col. Croft)..... Usher	5 11 8
ROSSIN MAID (Mr. J. S. Graham)	
....Parkinson	5 11 8
BUSH MAN (Mr. A. Hanlon).....Owner	5 11 8
TAINSTER DAY (Mr. Hogan) ....Owner	5 11 8
SOOTHING GLASS (Mr. Mariand) Owner	5 11 8
FOREWARNED (Mr. P. Rogers)...Arnott	5 11 8
GINGER KNUT (Mr. O'Beirne)....Private	6 11 8
SILVER MORSET (Mr. F. Burke) Dawson	4 11 0
FAIDEN (Dr. D. J. Cogan).....Rice	4 11 0
SIR WILLIAM (Mr. P. Gallihan) Walker	4 11 0
MASTER MADCAP (Mr. W. H. Dixon)	
....Hartigan	4 11 0
TIGER STILL (Mr. H. Garahan) Private	4 11 0
TREBLE SCOTCH (Mr. J. S. Graham)	
....Parkinson	4 11 0
CURRAGH BREEZE (Mr. Jos. Whelan)	
....Dawson	4 11 0
MAGIC MAID (Mr. Hartigan) ....Owner	4 11 0
BRANDON (Mr. T. Kirwan) ....Owner	4 11 0
EDGAR'S GAMBLER (Mr. Lenky) Owner	4 11 0
KISSING GLASS (Hon. Lady M'Clintock)	
....MacCabe	4 11 0
PROUD FAIRY (Mr. A. M'Cann)	
....L. Brabazon	4 11 0
KING OF BEES (Mr. Moore) ....Dawson	4 11 0
FARSIFIELD (Mr. J. J. Parkinson) Owner	4 11 0
CASTANEA (Mr. W. Parrish) .....Rogers	4 11 0
BROWN QUEEN (Mrs. Fresnel) ....Private	4 11 0
PAMTOI (Mr. W. F. Uprichard)....Owner	4 11 0

2.30—KINGSTOWN HURDLE, 100 sovs. 2½ m.

	Age. st. lb.
TIME WILL TELL (Mr. Downes) Owner	a 12 0
WORTHY EARL (Mrs. Croft)....Usher	a 12 0
MARIANO (Mr. M. Hanley) .....Hanley	a 11 9
DR. LIGHTFOOT (Mr. Bourke)....Cleary	6 11 6
CARBITRUS (Mr. Nelson) .....Doyle	4 11 5
VIEW LAW (Mr. MacGarry) .....Mahon	a 11 0
THE LIMIT (Mr. W. Jackson) .....Dixon	4 11 0
CANE BIRD (Mr. O'Donnell) ....Owner	5 10 5
BALMY (Mr. D. J. Cogan) .....Rice	4 10 5
ARTFUL FIFI (Mr. L. Brabazon) Owner	4 10 5
LYRIC QUEEN (Mr. M'Donough)...Moss	6 10 5

3.0—MARCH HURDLE, 200 sovs. 2 m.

	Age. st. lb.
HEMSBOK (Mr. H. M. Harrigan)..Arnott	6 12 4
MINOT (Capt. Mungall) .....Langford	6 12 1
MONEY OF ROSES (Miss Flynn) Grundy	5 12 1
MAROC (Mrs. Croft) .....Usher	a 12 0
MAJOR SAYHAM (Mr. Spencer) Grundy	6 11 13
MONNEY (Mr. W. H. Dixon) H. Hartigan	a 11 12
PURO (Mr. D. Wallace) .....Rankin	a 11 10
EMPIRE MAKER (Mr. Wallis) ....Morgan	5 11 10
REGULUS MAID (Mr. Usher) .....Usher	6 11 8
NELLIE MAC (Mr. Bourke) .....Cannon	5 11 8
CASTILIAN (Mr. D. Stewart).....Private	4 11 8
SIR WOGGS (Mr. Shaw) .....Fetherston	4 10 11
BALLYFORE (Mr. C. Hope) ....C. Hope	6 10 8
ALLER (Mr. E. L. Calsell) .....Owner	a 10 5
ENCHANTED DREAM (Mr. R. Courtney)	
....Owner	a 10 5
ROCKLIGHT (Mr. T. Wood) .....Owner	a 10 0
FREE RIFLE (Mr. R. O'Donnell) ....Harty	4 10 0

3.30—MAIDEN CHASE, 200 sovs. 2 m.

	Age. st. lb.
HAWKER (Mr. T. B. Bennett) ....Harty	6 11 7
SOUTHSEA (Baron F. de Tuyll)	
....Hartigan	6 11 7

VERY OPPRESSIVE (Mr. Gannon) Doyle 6 11 7
BALLINTRER (Mr. D. Hayes)....Private a 11 7
CAPTIVE MAY (Mr. B. W. Parr) Arnott a 11 7
THURLOCK (Mr. Morland) .....Owner a 11 7
GREON (Mr. D. G. Dickson) Fetherston 6 11 7
ARDGOUR (Mr. Jas. Daly) .....Owner 6 11 7
PRIOR OF BELLYN (Mr. C. Hope) Hare 6 11 0
EN AVANT (Capt. Boylan).....Walker 5 11 0
BANISTER BUSTLE (Mr. Hogan) Owner 6 11 0
LITTLE REVENGE (Mr. E. Clark) Bunn 5 11 0
WOODSTOWN (Mr. Clarke) ....Private 5 11 0
SALLYNOGGIN (Mr. H. Dudgeon) | |
....Anthony | 5 11 0

DIPLOMA (Mrs. Kenny) .....Cannon | 5 11 0
BRISHAM (Mr. F. W. Osborne) Arnott | 5 11 0
WATERLOG (Mr. M'Cann) .....Brabazon | 5 11 0
FORWARNED (Mr. P. Rogers) Arnott | 5 11 0
RAGMAN (Master O'Meara) .....Downes | 5 11 0
RELANGE (Mr. W. Watson).....Owner | 5 11 0
KEEP COOL (Mr. P. Rogers) .....Owner | 5 11 0
SIX (Mrs. Croft) .....Usher | 5 11 0
WATER LILY (Mrs. Moloney) ....Moloney | 4 10 0
ATHGARVAN LASS (Mrs. Sikes)...Sikes | 4 10 0

4.0—BRAY CHASE, 100 sovs. 2 m.

	Age. st. lb.
THE DALE (Mr. J. Nugent).....Nugent	6 12 0
MAJOR SAYHAM (Mr. Spencer) Grundy	6 12 0
BALLYKISTEEN (Mr. H. M. Hartigan)	
....Hartigan	6 12 0

MANISTER PRIDE (Mr. Horan) Owner | a 12 0
ROMAN GENERAL (Mr. T. Byrne) Arnott | a 11 5
SIGNUM (Mr. J. M'Donnell).....Cannon | a 11 5
RED OAK (Mr. P. Rogers) .....Arnott | 6 11 5
FLEECY WAVE (Mr. Mulcahy) .....Harty | 6 11 3
KANOWNA (Lord Lascelles) .....Arnott | a 11 3
NOBLE GUARD (Mrs. M'Donnell)...Cleary | a 10 12
HARTY (Mr. Chester Master) .....Davis | a 10 12
GREEN BUTTON (Mr. Leahy) .....Owner | a 10 12
MAROK BREIFFUS (Mr. Bennett)...Moss | a 10 10
WILD PAM (Mr. Brown) .....Uprichard | a 10 10
SULLYGOREY (Mr. Shaughnessy) Anthony | 6 10 10
ROYAL FIELD (Mr. Blackmore) ....Kirwan | a 10 8
BRAUNBURG (Mrs. White) .....Dawson | 5 10 8
TRUE LIN (Mr. H. Arnott).....Arnott | 5 10 8
SIR DAVID (Mr. C. P. Kirk) .....Walker | a 10 6
CLARE HOOP (Mr. J. Downes) .....Owner | 6 10 3
DONA (Mr. F. Byrne) .....Private | a 10 0
PAM NUT (Mr. E. Delany) .....Owner | a 10 0

4.30—DUNDRUM CHASE, 100 sovs. 2 m.

	Age. st. lb.
SOLAR (Lord Savile) .....Arnott	a 13 3
MANISTER PRIDE (Mr. Horan) Owner	a 12 10
FIRE SCREEN (Col. Sir G. Abercrombie)	
....Hartigan	a 12 3

PAINTED GOODS (Mr. J. Daly) ...Owner | a 12 3
BALLYSAX (Major Bacon) .....Owner | 6 11 7
GOLDEN GLORY (Master Carolin)..Arnott | 6 11 7
SOLID GOLD (Mrs. Croft) .....Usher | a 11 7
BALRENNIT (Mr. Jos. Johnston) Fetherston | a 11 7
CLONHUGH (Mr. Johnstone) Fetherston | a 11 7
ARIZONA NIGHT (Mr. Kearney) Owner | 6 11 7
BARRYDORE (Mr. J. M'Grath) Private | 6 11 7
DUDLEY (Mr. C. L. Mackean)...Morgan | 6 11 7
TRANQUIL (Mr. G. Mitchell)....Private | 6 11 7
BARRYDORE (Mr. Morrison) .....Harland | 6 11 7
WILD BOY (Mr. T. Moore) .....Private | a 11 7
CARBURY (Mr. J. Nugent) .....Owner | a 11 7
ROLLALIE (Mr. B. W. Parr) .....Arnott | 5 11 2

ARRIVALS—Proud Fairy, Bunbawhacker, Garuala, Noble Guard, Easy Skill, Arichi, Diavolo, Dr. Lightfoot, Rocklight, Monsyl, Southsea, Ballykisteen, Moaster Bridge, Manister Rustle, Ballyford, Plain Sailor, Soothing Glass, Drumlock, Creon, Worthy Earl, Maroc, Max, Sir William, En Avant. Most of the horses engaged will arrive this morning.

SPORTING PARAPHRASES.

J. Dines, the Irish jockey, will probably ride Monteith in the Lincolnshire Handicap.

Manister Bridge will be ridden in the Leopardstown Grand Steeplechase to-morrow by A. Hogan.

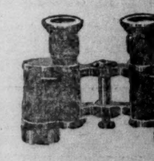
If his engagements permit, the King will be present at the Rugby football match at Queen's Club on Saturday between the Army and the Royal Air Force.

PUNCHESTOWN

And other Hunt Races. Insure your horses and yourself. For best terms apply T. M. O'CALLAGHAN, Insurance Adviser, 25 St. Andrew street, Dublin. 'Phone 3196. Tels.—Square.—(Advt.)

(ADVERTISEMENT.)
DIAMOND.—Cheque—20. "20, "89.

Leopardstown Races.



Prism Binoculars, as used in the French Army, Price £7.

Galilean Race Glasses, £2 : 10 : 0

DIXON and HEMPENSTALL, Suffolk St., DUBLIN

GATWICK MEETING—YESTERDAY.

SOME EXCITING FINISHES.

Lovely weather favoured the conclusion of the Gatwick Meeting yesterday, and, with fields of good size, there were several exciting finishes. The Champion Hurdle Cup attracted much attention, and although there were only four runners, there was some spirited wagering. Planet's recent form was deemed good enough to win, and he started favourite at 5 to 4 against, with White Heat and Furious equal second favourites at 5 to 2. Denisulu settled down with a clear lead of White Heat, with Planet last for half the journey, when the favourite ran into second place. In the straight he went to the front, with Furious next, but at the last hurdle White Heat took command on the outside, and won by two lengths. Lady Watts's colt is, therefore, entitled to be considered not only the best of the four-year-old hurdle racers, but also of any age. The £1,000 Tantivy Steeplechase brought out a field of eight, and the market positions of the two leading favourites, Clashing Arms and Sippet Charlie, were accurately reflected in the race, Hastings's big five-year-old scoring by a head from Sippet Charlie. Robert Gore supplemented his victory of the previous day with Manrice by taking the Long-Distance Stayers' Hurdle Race with Monard, who was in front all the way, and, although once headed by the outsider, Cavan, on the flat, Piggott's superior skill enabled him to win by the narrowest of margins. Details:—

2.0—CHEQUERS 'CHASE, £200. 2 m.
SEL. 6 to 1 Promoter, 7 to 1 Goldcrest, 8 to 1 Happy Jack II., 100 to 8 Platonic, 100 to 6 any other. Won by a length and a half; 6 lengths. Platonic and Promoter fell.

2.30—COPTHORNE HURDLE, £200. 2 m.
Mr. H. Bottomley's ch. h. NEILGHERRY, by Neil Gow—Greek Girl ... 5 12 ..... Duller 1
Mr. A. Law's FLYING SIMON, 6, 11-4 ..... Mr. P. Roberts 2
Mr. M. Rhodes' GEORDIE, 4, 10-6 ..... Davies 3
Also ran:—Lady Greensleeves (Capt. Stock), Responsible (Mr. F. B. Rose), Neville Holt (Reapes), Murray Bridge (A. Stubbs), Marina (Bignell), (Mr. D. Stewart).

Betting:—13 to 8 on NEILGHERRY, 5 to 1 agst. Marina, 100 to 7 any other. Won by three-quarters of a length; 6.

3.0—TANTIVY CHASE, £1,000. 2 m.
Col. W. Anthony's br. c. CRASHING ARMS, by Sir Martin—Glen Inch, 5, 11-5 ..... Mr. J. R. Anthony 1
Mr. F. Heybourn's SIPPET CHARLIE, 5, 11-10 ..... Duller 2
Mrs. N. Brownlee's LYDIE WHITE, 4, 10-5 ..... W. Smith 3

Also ran:—Master Picton (Mr. F. Brown), Happy Jack (L. Rees), The Wisp (Hulme), Terneside (Mr. Wall), Arravale (R. Morgan). (Winner trained by Hastings.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. CLASHING ARMS, 9 to 4 Sippet Charlie, 5 to 1 Lydie White, 6 to 1 Arravale, 100 to 8 any other. Won by a head; three-quarters.

3.30—CHAMPION HURDLE CUP, £200. 2 m.
Lady Watts's b. c. WHITE HEAT, by White Eagle—Crucible ..... 11-0 ..... Escott 1
Mr. G. Barclay's PLANET, 6, 12-0 ..... Duller 2
Mr. C. Hatry's FURIOUS, 4, 11-0 ..... Woodland 3

Also ran:—Denisulu (W. Smith). (Winner trained by F. Hunt.)

Betting:—5 to 4 agst. Planet, 5 to 2 each WHITE HEAT and Furious, 10 to 1 Denisulu. Won by 2 lengths; a length and a half.

4.0—NATIONAL TRIAL CHASE (CLASS II.), £500. 3½ m.
Mr. F. Ingram's br. h. FIVE, by Earla Mor—Tourangea, a. 12-7 ..... Mr. P. B. Rees 1
Capt. W. Pepper's RIPPLING WATER, a. 12-0 ..... Malone 2
Mr. T. Morris' CAMOUFLAGER, a. 11-10 ..... Wilmot 3

Also ran:—Charibury (Walkington), Irish Rebellion (Spares), Arber (Mr. J. R. Anthony), Schoolmoney (Mr. H. R. Brown), Shantel (H. Serrah), Sultan VI. (W. Smith). (Winner trained by Powle.)

Betting:—9 to 4 agst. Charibury, 11 to 4 SPOIL FIVE, 7 to 1 each Schoolmoney and Camouflager, 8 to 1 Arber, 100 to 8 any other. Won by 6 lengths; 4.

4.25—STAYERS' HURDLE, £200. 2 m. 7 f.
Mr. D. Clarke's ch. g. MONARD, by Santoi—Bel Item, a. 11-6 ..... W. Smith 1
Mr. R. Rowland's ISIS, 5, 10-0 ..... Green 2
Mr. F. Fox's COOLDREEN, a. 11-12 ..... Bennett 3

Also ran:—Platonic (Parsons), Flying Time (Dunn), Chang (Rees), Golden Locks (Tighe), Promoter (Dale), Rillet (R. Morgan), Happy Jack II. (Watson), Artistry (R. Smyth), Rotherham (Westlake), Sweet Tipperary (Spares), Quari (Kent), Ardenville (Capt. Bennett). (Winner trained by Hyams.)

Betting—9 to 4 agst. Chang, 4 to 1 GAY DAMSEL, 6 to 1 Promoter, 7 to 1 Goldcrest, 8 to 1 Happy Jack II., 100 to 8 Platonic, 100 to 6 any other. Won by a length and a half; 6 lengths. Platonic and Promoter fell.

2.30—COPTHORNE HURDLE, £200. 2 m.

	Age. st. lb.
Mr. H. Bottomley's ch. h. NEILGHERRY, by Neil Gow—Greek Girl ... 5 12	..... Duller 1
Mr. A. Law's FLYING SIMON, 6, 11-4	..... Mr. P. Roberts 2
Mr. M. Rhodes' GEORDIE, 4, 10-6	..... Davies 3

Also ran:—Lady Greensleeves (Capt. Stock), Responsible (Mr. F. B. Rose), Neville Holt (Reapes), Murray Bridge (A. Stubbs), Marina (Bignell), (Mr. D. Stewart).

Betting:—13 to 8 on NEILGHERRY, 5 to 2 agst. Marina, 100 to 7 any other. Won by three-quarters of a length; 6.

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Col. W. Anthony's br. c. CRASHING ARMS, by Sir Martin—Glen Inch, 5, 11-5	..... Mr. J. R. Anthony 1
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Also ran:—Master Picton (Mr. F. Brown), Happy Jack (L. Rees), The Wisp (Hulme), Terneside (Mr. Wall), Arravale (R. Morgan). (Winner trained by Powle.)

Betting:—2 to 1 agst. CLASHING ARMS, 9 to 4 Sippet Charlie, 5 to 1 Lydie White, 6 to 1 Arravale, 100 to 8 any other. Won by a head; three-quarters.

3.30—CHAMPION HURDLE CUP, £200. 2 m.

	Age. st. lb.
Lady Watts's b. c. WHITE HEAT, by White Eagle—Crucible 11-0	..... Escott 1
Mr. G. Barclay's PLANET, 6, 12-0	..... Duller 2
Mr. C. Hatry's FURIOUS, 4, 11-0	..... Woodland 3

Also ran:—Denisulu (W. Smith). (Winner trained by F. Hunt.)

Betting:—5 to 4 agst. Planet, 5 to 2 each WHITE HEAT and Furious, 10 to 1 Denisulu. Won by 2 lengths; a length and a half.

4.0—NATIONAL TRIAL CHASE (CLASS II.), £500. 3½ m.

	Age. st. lb.
Mr. F. Ingram's br. h. FIVE, by Earla Mor—Tourangea, a. 12-7	..... Mr. P. B. Rees 1
Capt. W. Pepper's RIPPLING WATER, a. 12-0	..... Malone 2
Mr. T. Morris' CAMOUFLAGER, a. 11-10	..... Wilmot 3

PROSPECTUS

The special permission of the Committee of the Stock Exchange for dealing after allotment in the Shares now offered for subscription has been applied for.

The SUBSCRIPTION LISTS will be OPENED TO-DAY (FRIDAY), the 5th day of MARCH, 1920, and CLOSED on or before TUESDAY, the 9th day of MARCH, 1920.

A copy of this Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY LIMITED.

(Registered under the Companies' Acts, 1862 to 1898).

SHARE CAPITAL - - - - £6,000,000.

DIVIDED INTO

	Authorised.	Already Issued.
1,800,000 6½ per cent. "A" Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each	£1,800,000	£1,656,790
1,800,000 7½ per cent. "B" Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each	£1,800,000	—
2,400,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	£2,400,000	£1,925,000
	£6,000,000	£3,250,790

FIRST MORTGAGE £4 PER CENT. DEBENTURE STOCK (AUTHORISED AND ISSUED), £200,000.

ISSUE OF

1,600,000 7½ per Cent. "B" Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each at par

AND

400,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each at £1 8s. per Share.

In addition to the Shares offered for Subscription by this Prospectus a further 460,000 Ordinary Shares are being offered (as to 408,334 to the holders of existing Ordinary Shares in the proportion as near as possible of one for every three existing Shares, and as to 41,666 to the Staff and Work-people employed by the Company) at the price of £1 8s. 2d. per Share.

The "B" Preference Shares carry a fixed 7½ per cent. Cumulative dividend payable next after the 6½ per cent. Cumulative dividend on the "A" Preference Shares, and in priority to a like dividend on the Ordinary Shares, and also rank next after the "A" Preference Shares and in priority to the Ordinary Shares for repayment of Capital and any accrued dividend in a winding-up, but do not carry any further right of participation in the profits or assets. The dividend on the "B" Preference Shares will be paid half-yearly on the 30th June and 31st December in respect of the periods ending on the previous 31st March and 30th September in each year. The dividend on the Ordinary Shares is payable annually.

The "B" Preference Shares and Ordinary Shares now offered will rank for the full dividend in respect of the financial year commencing 1st April, 1920, but will not participate in any dividends for the current financial year.

DIRECTORS.

HUGO HIRST, 67, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 4, Chairman and Managing Director.
ERNEST G. BYNG, 67, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 4, Vice-Chairman.
M. J. BAILING, 67, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 4, General Manager.
W. F. ARMSTRONG, Egypt House, New Broad Street, London, E.C. 2.
ARTHUR CHAMBERLAIN, 59, Augustus Road, Birmingham.
J. Y. FLETCHER, 67, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 4.
J. FRASER, 31, Copthall Avenue, London, E.C. 2.
SIR JOHN P. HEWETT, G.C.S.I., 8, Cumberland Mansions, Bryanston Square, W. 1.
G. H. IDE, Ilcene Works, Wheeley's Lane, Birmingham.
Major-Gen. the Hon. SIR NEWTON J. MOORE, K.C.M.G., M.P., 51, Cadogan Gardens, S.W. 3.
A. H. RAILING, Wilson Works, near Birmingham.
M. SOLOMON, Carbon Works, Witton, near Birmingham.
S. D. WHITE, 67, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 4.
C. WILSON, Osram G. E. C. Lamp Works, Hammersmith.

BANKERS.

LONDON JOINT CITY AND MIDLAND BANK, LIMITED, 5, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C. 2, and Branches.

SOLICITOR.

FRED SAMUELSON, Midland Bank Chambers, 71a, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 4.

BROKERS.

LONDON.—HAES & SONS, 24, Throgmorton Street, E.C. 2.
MANCHESTER.—W. A. ARNOLD & SONS, Haworth's Buildings, Cross Street, and Stock Exchange.
BIRMINGHAM.—CUTLER & LAUY, 41, Waterloo Street, and Stock Exchange.

AUDITORS.

GEORGE A. TOUCHE & CO., Chartered Accountants, Basildon House, Moorgate Street, London, E.C. 2.

SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICE.

HENRY P. WELLS, 67, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 4.

THE LONDON JOINT CITY AND MIDLAND BANK LIMITED as Bankers of the Company and their Agents **THE CLYDESDALE BANK LIMITED** and the BELFAST BANKING COMPANY LIMITED, are authorised to receive applications for 1,600,000 Seven and a-Half per cent. "B" Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each at par, and 400,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each at £1 8s. per Share, payable as follows:—

"B" PREFERENCE SHARES.				ORDINARY SHARES.
ON APPLICATION	-	-	£0 2 6	£0 2 6 PER SHARE.
„ ALLOTMENT	-	-	£0 5 0	„ £0 5 0 „
„ 20th MARCH, 1920	-	-	£0 5 0	„ £0 5 0 „
„ 26th APRIL, 1920	-	-	£0 7 6	„ £0 15 0* „
			£1 0 0	£1 8 0

*(Including the premium of 2s. per Share.)

Applications may be made for Preference Shares alone, but not for Ordinary Shares alone, which will only be allotted on this Prospectus to subscribers for Preference Shares. Applicants for both Preference and Ordinary Shares will be entitled to receive an allotment of one Ordinary Share for every four Preference Shares allotted, and Ordinary Shares will not be allotted in any greater proportion.

Payment in full may be made on allotment or on the due date of the first instalment under discount at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum on prepayments.

The Company, which was registered in 1900, carries on the business of General Electrical Contractors and Manufacturers of Lamps, at its Works at Witton, near Birmingham, at the Osram G. E. C. Lamp Works, Hammersmith, and at Fraser and Chalmers' Engineering Works, Erith. The Company has trading Branches in Manchester, Sheffield, Leeds, Birmingham, Nottingham, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Hull, Cardiff, Swansea, Bristol, Southampton, Ipswich, Glasgow, Edinburgh, Aberdeen, Dublin, Belfast, and Cork. The Company controlling interests in subsidiary Companies in France, Australia, South Africa, India, China, and the Argentine. The Company also holds large interests in various Companies carrying on allied industries in the United Kingdom, including the Ediswan Electric Works, Limited, Siemens Brothers, Limited, Pirelli-General Cable Works, Limited, Southampton, Conner-Magneto and Ignition, Limited, Coventry, Chamberlain and Hookham, Limited, Birmingham, and the English Electric Company, Limited, Preston.

Messrs. George A. Touche and Co., Chartered Accountants, the Company's Auditors, have given the following Certificate:—

Basildon House, Moorgate street, London, E.C. 2, 24th February, 1920.

To the Directors of THE GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

We have examined the Books and Accounts of the General Electric Company, Limited, for the 5 years ended 1919, and we certify that the following tabulated statement of its operations is correct:—

	YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH.					
	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Profit on Trading and Income from Investments after charging Debenture Stock Interest	142,266	144,078	184,239	273,197	348,927	525,765
Written off for Depreciation ...	24,328	18,855	19,260	30,541	39,715	73,653
Net Profits before charging Income Tax and Excess Profit Duty...	117,938	125,223	164,979	242,656	309,212	452,112
Transferred to Reserve Account	30,000	20,000	40,000	40,000	100,000	117,000
Rate of Dividend on Ordinary Shares ...	10%	10%	10%	10% Free of Income Tax	10% Free of Income Tax	10% Free of Income Tax
Carried forward to next Account	36,740	36,701	48,055	89,786	145,286	141,502

The assets of the Company, as shown by its last Balance Sheet dated 31st March, 1919, were as follows:—

Freehold Land and Buildings ...	£515,292	11 3
Additions on Kingsway Site and Buildings	51,229	0 8
Fixed Plant and Machinery ...	318,150	14 7
Premises and Interests of Fraser and Chalmers' Engineering Works	110,000	0 0
Lease Plant, Tools, Patterns and Sundry Utensils	1	0 0
Fixtures and Installations	1	0 0
Goodwill and Patents	1	0 0
Book Debts (after making provision for doubtful debts) ...	1,528,922	7 8
Stock-in-Trade and work in progress	1,090,106	16 9
Trade Investments, Debentures Stocks and Shares	537,024	17 9
British Government Securities—War Loan, National War Bonds, and Exchequer Bonds	254,559	15 0
Cash at Bankers on deposit and current account and in hand...	198,177	19 5
	4,634,083	3 2
The liabilities at date were:—		
First Mortgage 4 per cent. Debenture Stock	£200,000	0 0
Sundry Creditors, including 10 per cent. dividend on Ordinary Shares for current year, and any liability (if any) for Excess Profits Duty	1,185,730	14 5
	1,385,730	14 5
Net Assets ...	£3,270,352	8 8

The provision which has been made for depreciation is in our opinion, ample.

(Signed) **GEORGE A. TOUCHE and CO.,**
Chartered Accountants.

The Directors are of the opinion that the liability to Excess Profits Duty for the year ended 31st March, 1919, which has not yet been ascertained, and in arriving at which the Company is entitled to allowance on the large additional capital issued during the year, will be largely offset by accumulated reserves in the form of undivided profits of subsidiary and Associated Undertakings and appropriations already made to internal reserves.

After provision for liberal depreciation in respect of all parts of the undertaking, and the writing down of certain valuable assets to nominal amounts, the net assets of the Company amounted at the 31st March last to £3,270,352, to which the new capital will must be added the proceeds of the present issue of Shares. The value of the assets is stated after depreciation and in accordance with the books, and no account has been taken of the great increase in value accruing upon the enhancing cost of construction which has occurred in recent years. The Reserve Account at the same date stood at £200,000, and it is the intention of the Board to increase the Reserve Account out of profits from time to time.

The amount required to pay the dividends on the "A" Preference Shares already issued and the "B" Preference Shares now offered for subscription is £237,536 7s. 0d. per annum, and it will be seen that such dividends are amply covered by the profits of last year, without allowing for the additional profits to be derived from the employment of the proceeds of the present issue. The trading in the present year indicates that profits will be increased.

The object of the present issue is to provide funds for:—

(a) The completion of the Company's programme at Witton by:—
1. The construction and equipment of additional shops for heavy and light machinery, and the increase of the Foundry.
2. The erection of self-contained Switchgear Works.
3. The erection of additional Works for the production of electric lighting and fittings, accessories, lamp black, insulating material and other materials essential to the Company's products.

(b) The installation of plant in the Sales Parks Department at Erith, and the extension and development of Fraser and Chalmers' Mining Department.

(c) The acquisition of new land for the erection of Factories necessary for the development and extension of the Osram Lamp Industry in all its Branches, the development of the Company's Glass Works and the installation of automatic glass-blowing machinery.

(d) The erection and equipment of Buildings required for an important Research Department which has been established in recent years, and the completion of the Kingsway Building, which has now been released by the Government.

(e) The erection of welfare buildings for the Company's employees.

(f) The development of allied and subsidiary concerns such as the Conner-Magneto and Ignition, Limited, Peel-Conner Telephone Works, Pirelli-General Cable Works, Limited, the Express Lift Company, Limited, and others, all of which are now in course of extension, and require considerable further capital for this purpose.

The majority of the above extensions and works are already in progress and on the way towards completion and productivity, and the cost of same has hitherto been met by a credit from the Company's Bankers. The present issue is made in the first instance with a view to providing the funds for completing all the works started. The remainder will gradually be absorbed by the completion of the Company's programme, which includes the acquisition of further interests to ensure a steady supply of raw materials, and the development of the Company's trade at home and overseas. The Directors are satisfied that the whole of the proceeds of this issue can be usefully employed in the above directions for the benefit of labour and investor alike.

The following further information is given in compliance with the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908:—

Within the last two years the following Shares have been issued as fully paid, otherwise than for cash and in accordance with the terms of the respective undermentioned Contracts:—Under Contract Number (7) 2,387,500 Ordinary Shares as bonus to existing Shareholders by way of capitalisation of profits; under Contract Number (15) 450,000 Ordinary Shares to Hugo Hirst in consideration of his waiving certain rights under his Agreement with the Company; under Contract Number (14) 2,100,000 Ordinary Shares in exchange for Ordinary Shares of the Osram-Robertson Lamp Works, Limited; under Contract Number (18) 2,115,520 "A" Preference Shares in exchange for Ordinary Shares of Robertson Electric Lamps, Limited; under Contract Number (20) 42,240 "A" Preference Shares in exchange for Preference Shares of Chamberlain and Hookham, Limited. In July, 1918, 2,800,000 of the 6½ per cent. "A" Preference Shares and £160,000 of the Ordinary Shares were offered for subscription, and all the Shares were offered to the public and are fully paid. The whole of the last mentioned issue was underwritten at a commission of 2½ per cent. and a Broker's fee of one per cent.

The undermentioned Contracts have been entered into by the Company within the two years, other the respective dates and with the respective parties set out below, in addition to Contracts in the ordinary course of business:—

(1) 18th June, 1918, Fraser and Chalmers, Limited. (2) 26th June, 1918, Hugo Hirst. (3) 26th June, 1918, Sir David White on behalf of the holders of the Preference Shares of the Company. (4) 26th June, 1918, James Fraser, Winchester on behalf of the holders of the Ordinary Shares of the Company. (5) 26th July, 1918, Haes and Sons. (6) 26th July, 1918, Haes and Sons. (7) 23rd July, 1918, Hugo Hirst. (8) 23rd July, 1918, Hugo Hirst. (9) 23rd July, 1918, Hugo Hirst. (10) 7th April, 1919, George Hookham on behalf of the holders of Preference Shares in Chamberlain and Hookham, Ltd. (11) 25th October, 1918, Hugo Hirst on behalf of the Ordinary Shareholders of Osram-Robertson Lamp Works, Ltd. (12) 14th December, 1918, James Fraser on behalf of Shareholders in Chamberlain and Hookham, Ltd. (13) 1st May, 1919, Hugo Hirst. (14) 6th June, 1919, Max Michaelis. (15) 6th August, 1919, Hugo Hirst. (16) 6th November, 1919, Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited. (17) 26th November, 1919, Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited, and Marconi Osram Valve Company, Limited. (18) 1st March, 1920, Haes and Sons relating to the underwriting of Shares now being issued at a commission of 2½ per cent. and a Brokerage of one per cent. on the nominal amount of such Shares. (19) 1st March, 1920, Moss and Sons.

The Articles of Association provide as follows with regard to the votes of Members:—

Article 77.—"On a show of hands, every Member present in person shall have one vote, and every Member not present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every Ordinary Share held by him, and (if the following votes in respect of any Preference Shares of any class held by him, namely:—

(a) "The Balance Sheet and Accounts, as certified by the Auditors, for the financial year immediately preceding the Meeting, show that the preferential dividend payable to the holders of the Preference Shares has not been carried, or—

(b) "The aggregate net profits for the three financial years immediately preceding the Meeting, as shown by Balance Sheet and Accounts certified by the Auditors, do not exceed by at least 5s. per annum the aggregate amount of the Preferential dividends payable to the holders of the Preference Shares for those three years, or per annum on the aggregate amount of the Preference Shares then issued, or—

(c) "The question on which votes have to be given is a resolution for the winding-up or reconstruction of the Company, or for the sale of the undertaking, or for any variation of the rights of any Preference Shares held by him, and in all other cases he shall have one vote for every three Preference Shares held by him."

The above-mentioned Contracts or copies thereof, and a print of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, can be inspected at the Office of the Solicitor to the Company, or at the Registered Office of the Company, during the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. on the days on which the subscription list is open.

A Brokerage of 1½d. per Share will be paid on all Shares allotted to the public on application forms bearing Brokers' or Agents' stamps.

Application will be made to the Committee of the London Stock Exchange for an official quotation of the Shares now being issued.

Applications for Shares must be made on the form accompanying the Prospectus, and forwarded, with the amount payable on application, to the London Joint City and Midland Bank, Limited, 5, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2, or any of its Branches, or to the Clydesdale Bank Limited, 30, Lombard Street, London, E.C.3, or any of its Branches, or to the Belfast Banking Company Limited, Belfast, or any of its Branches.

Special consideration will be given to applications for both Ordinary and "B" Preference Shares received from Holders of "A" Preference Shares of the Company.

If no allotment is made the deposit will be returned in full, and where the number of Shares allotted is less than the number applied for, the balance of the deposit will be applied towards the payment due on allotment, and any excess will be returned to the Applicant. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments and the Allotment liable to forfeiture, and interest at 8 per cent. per annum will be charged on instalments in arrear.

Prospectuses and Forms of Application for Shares may be obtained from the London Joint City and Midland Bank Limited, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2, or any of its Branches, or the Clydesdale Bank Limited, Glasgow, or any of its Branches, or the Belfast Banking Company Limited, Belfast, or any of its Branches, or the Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London, E.C.2, from Messrs. W. A. Arnold and Sons, Haworth's Buildings, Cross Street, Manchester, Messrs. Cutler and Lacy, 41 Waterloo Street, Birmingham, or at any of the Offices of the Company, viz.:—

Registered Office, 67 Queen Victoria-st., London, E.C.4; Manchester, Electricity Buildings, Victoria Bridge; Liverpool, Electricity Buildings, Church-alley; Birmingham, 42 High-street; Newcastle-on-Tyne, 30 Collingwood-st; 118 Wellington-street, Glasgow; 30 Colmore-row, Birmingham; 24 Queen's-road, Southampton; 24 High-street; Ipswich, Princes-chambers, 61 Victoria-street; Bristol, 7 Trinity-street; Belfast, 13 Queen-street; Cardiff, Mount Stuart Buildings, Womanby-street; Swansea, 49 Wind-street; Nottingham, 4 Chapel-bar; Hull, 64 and 66 Charlotte-street; Aberdeen, 28 Bridge-street; Cork, 75 Grand-parade.

Dated 3rd March, 1920.

No. .....

This Form may be used for Preference Shares only or for both Preference and Ordinary Shares.

The General Electric Company, Limited

ISSUE OF 1,600,000 7½ PER CENT. "B" CUMULATIVE PREFERENCE SHARES OF £1 EACH AT PAR, AND 400,000 ORDINARY SHARES OF £1 EACH AT £1 8s. PER SHARE.

Applications may be made for Preference Shares alone, but not for Ordinary Shares alone, which will only be allotted on this Prospectus to subscribers for Preference Shares. Applicants for both Preference and Ordinary Shares will be entitled to receive an allotment of one Ordinary Share for every four Preference Shares allotted, and Ordinary Shares will not be allotted in any greater proportion.

APPLICATION.

To the Directors of THE GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY LIMITED.

Gentlemen,—Having paid to your Bankers the sum of £ being a deposit of 2s. 6d. per Share payable on application for

.....7½ per cent. "B" Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each,

AND

Ordinary Shares of £1 each,

in the above Company, I request you to allot me/us the same upon the terms of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and of the Prospectus dated 3rd March, 1920, and I/we agree to accept the same or any less number of Shares of each or either class you may allot to me/us and to pay the balance due from me/us by the instalments named in the said Prospectus, and I/we authorise you to register me/us as the holder/s of the Shares so allotted. I/we hereby declare that this Application is not made by or for the benefit of an enemy subject within the meaning of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1915.

Dated this 1920.

USUAL SIGNATURE .....

NAME IN FULL .....
(Please state whether Mr., Mrs., or Miss)

ADDRESS .....

.....

OCCUPATION .....

If a Preference Shareholder of the Company,

the number of the Preference Shares now held.....

Please write distinctly.

This form must be filled up and sent with remittance to the LONDON JOINT CITY AND MIDLAND BANK LIMITED, 5, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2, or any of its Branches; or THE CLYDESDALE BANK LIMITED, GLASGOW, or any of its Branches; or THE BELFAST BANKING COMPANY LIMITED, BELFAST, or any of its Branches.

Cheques must be made payable to the Bankers or Bearer, and crossed "Not Negotiable."

FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BUSINESS QUIET WITH RALLYING TENDENCY IN FUNDS. TEXTILES, DUNLOPS, AND OILS.

The signs of rally shown at the final close the previous day in prices of securities were more apparent yesterday, while some new features of strength developed. The Funds rallied just a little. Banks were irregular, with Nationals again good, and Provincials still weaker. The feature in Breweries, etc., was the marked strength of Dunvilles, which were bid up to 14 without getting a share. Dublin Distillers also further improved, while Guinness were featureless. In Steam, Dundalks were rather better than the previous day's price. Maconi shares closed firm. Rails remain sellers in a stagnant market. Dunlop Rubbers Ord., which slumped so under 11 at one time the previous day, had a recovering tone yesterday. Textiles were irregular, with Calicoes and Spinners very firm markets, while Coats continue to dip. Oils advanced in response to London ever-night quotations.

The Funds were busy with better prices in some cases. Consols rose ¼ to 48¾, War Loan 44 p.c. ¼ to 79¾, ditto 5 p.c. ⅛ to 87⅞, and Irish Land 3 p.c. ¼ to 52½, while Victory Bonds fell ⅛ to 78, and India 5½ p.c. ¼ to 95½.

In Banks, Nationals rose ⅛ to 18⅝, while Provincials fell ¼ to 25.

In Breweries and Distilleries the latter section developed great strength. Dunvilles were bid up 13 to 16, but no shares were obtainable. Dublin Distillers Ord. hardened 2s. 6d. to 49s. 6d. Guinness remain at 55½.

Dealing in Steam was confined to Dundalks, which fell 2 to 20; but as the previous day's price was nominally 20 to 30, the quotation really represents a rise of ¼ on the day.

In Marconis, the Ord. realised 7⅞. 6d., and the new Ord. 15s. paid rose 3d. to 25s. 3d., and Marconi "Marine" 6d. to 53s.

Home Rails were idle outside Great Southern and Western issues. The Ord. repeated 65½, but the Pref. fell 2 to 61½, and the Guaranteed ½ to 61.

In Dunlops, Dunlop Rubber Ord. rose ⅛ to 11⅛, ¼, but the new fell ½ to 7½. Parent Pref. again fetched 14s. 3d.

In Bakery shares, Johnston Ord. rallied ¼ to 4⅛.

Among Manufacturing shares Calicos rose 3d. to 39s. 6d., and Spinners 1s. 3d. to 90s. 3d.; but Bleachers fell 5d. to 51s. 6d., Coats 1s. to 85s. 9d., Cotton Pref. 3d. to 18s. 1½d., A. Armstrong Ord. 3s. 2d. to 12s. 6d., and Vickers 6d. to 53s. Dunlop Rubber French Incomes improved 9d. to 22s. 9d.; but Helys Pref. were very flat and closed 1s. 9d. lower at 15s., 17s. nominally.

In Trading, etc., Burkes were unaltered. Alex Thom Ord. fell 6d. to 12s. 6d.

Among other business done, Mexican Eagle Oil rose ⅛ to 11⅛, and Shells ⅛ to 11¾.

BANK OF IRELAND.

Discount ..... 6 per cent., 5th November, 1919.
Deposit ..... 3 per cent., 8th November, 1919.

BUSINESS DONE:—

Consols	(46½)	48½	Dunlop ..... (11⅛) 11⅛, ¼
4½ War Loan (76½)		79⅛	Do. New ..... (7⅛) 7½
5% War Loan (87⅛)		87⅞	Do. Pref. ..... (22½) 22/9
Victory Bonds.. (76½)		78	Johnston-Mooney
Bonds (1921) ..	(98⅝)	98⅞	& Shaw ..... (91/3) *93/9
4½% Land Stock..	(56)	56	Armstrong (A.)
3% Land Act...	(52)	52½	Ord. ..... (15/8) *15/6
India 5%	(95½)	95½	Bleachers ..... (51/9) 51/6
National Bk..	(19¼)	19½	Calicos ..... (39/3) 39/6
Provincial	(24¾)	25	Coats ..... (86/9) 85/9
Dublin Dist. Ord.			Scot. Cotton Prf.
	(47/-)	49/6	..... (66¼) 16/1½
Dunville	(12½)	14/-	Fine Spin. ....(69/-) 90/3
Guinness	(55½)	55½	Hely's Pref.
Dundalk Steam..	(32)	30	..... (17/9) 15/-b 17/-s
Marconi.....	(7⅞)	7⅞	Lever A Pref..(16/-) 18/-
Do. New	(25½)	25⅝	Vickers ..... (55/6) 55/-
Do. Marine ...	(53/-)	53/-	Barton ..... (45/-) 45/-
G.S.W. Ord....	(65¼)	65½	Do. Deb. ..... (8) *8
Do. Pref.	(61¾)	61¾	Thom (Alex.) ..(17½) 12/6
Do. Gear.....	(61¾)	61	Dub. Distillers.. (49/6) 49/6
Parent Pref...(14/3)		14/3	Mex. E. Ord...(11) 11⅛
			Shells ..... (10⅝) 11¾

*Odd lot.

(Last business done given in parentheses.)

BRIGHTER STOCKS.

RECOVERY IN THE FUNDS MAKES FURTHER PROGRESS.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

With the Bank rate remaining unchanged, the Stock markets showed a tendency to look on the bright side of things. It is true that the volume of business remained on quite a small scale, but the more cheerful tone introduced on the preceding day was well maintained. The British Funds made further progress towards recovery, and, now that the wholesale liquidation of these securities has apparently come to an end, the operation of the depreciation fund in the case of the 5 p.c. War Loan and of the sinking fund in the case of the Funding Loan ought to hasten the improvement in these issues. As regards Victory Bonds, the fact that the annual drawings at par begin on September 1 next will probably be more readily recognised now that the atmosphere of the gilt-edged market is more hopeful. Ignoring the threatened lightning strike of the road transport workers, high-class investment Stocks were in quite a merry mood in the morning, and, although they closed below the best, the 5 p.c. War Loan, the Funding Loan, and Victory Bonds still retained fair improvements on balance. India Stocks failed to share in the more optimistic feeling. Belgian and French Bonds were supported in connection with the new loan operations. In other sections, Oil shares were a good market, without showing a great deal of activity. Nitrates attracted some attention; several Textile issues came into favour, while Shipping shares were again dull. South African Gold shares lacked interest.

LONDON STOCKS BETTER.

MORE ROBUST UNDERTONE.

The better tone developed on the Stock Exchange overnight was maintained yesterday, though business showed no appreciable broadening. Most of the principal departments registered further recoveries, and there was an increase of 24 in the number of the undertone. The absence of an advance in the Bank rate was helpful. The gilt-edged section was also stimulated by the cessation of special selling to provide recent heavy Revenue payments, and the success of the Exchequer Bond operation, as notified overnight by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, was matter of favourable comment. Among gilt-edged issues, War Five registered a further pronounced recovery of ⅞ to 88. There was support apparently on Sinking Fund account, but general buying was also a factor in the rise, the Loan having become attractive to general investors at the recent levels. The other War Loans and Consols registered no material variation.

HOME RAILS UNCERTAIN.—Home Rails, though mostly cheerful, lacked sustained activity, and were disposed to display hesitancy on advances. Several Trunk and Tradic Stocks held net gains of ¼ to ½ on the session.

FRENCH BONDS DECLINE.—In the Foreign market there was only a light volume of business. French Loans met a little realising after the recent advance, while the new issue of Fives had a slightly chilling effect. Russians were steady, but lethargic. Among Far Eastern descriptions, Japanese Bonds were unsteady owing to the further improvement in the New York exchange, but quotations were not actually lower.

Changes.—Rises—Chinese 4½ p.c., 1 to 82 x.d.; Peruvian Pref., ½ to 35. Fall—German Threes, ½ to 26.

CANADIAN AND MEXICAN RAILS.—Canadian Pacifics were 2 down at 170. Grand Trunks were steady at late levels. Mexican Rails were better supported, and were firm without change. Argentine Rails were awaiting the publication of further weekly results, but meanwhile quotations kept very hard. Leopoldinas, among Brazilian Rails, were ½ better at 69½.

Changes.—Rises—B.A. Great Southern, ½ to 84½; B.A. Pacific, ½ to 73¾; Entre Rios, ½ to 46½. Fall—Canadian Pacific, 2 to 170.

MORE CONFIDENCE EXHIBITED IN INDUSTRIALS.

SPECULATIVE LEADERS IMPROVE—TEXTILES AND STEELS FIRM.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Continued improvement in the general tone of the Miscellaneous and Industrial markets yesterday was accentuated by slowly returning confidence and a slight increase in the volume of business. Speculative leaders benefited from increased attention, and several sections showed up well on balance of movements. Dealers seemed more hopeful regarding the situation, in view of the difficulties in the way of a capital levy and the maintenance of an unchanged Bank rate. Fresh business was forthcoming to a moderate extent. Iron and Steels were a firm market, with Sheltons and Guest Keens in evidence. The latter were in good demand most of the session. Ebbw Vales were again a little easier, and Northumberland Shipbuilding Pref. were of colour. Irvines were steady. The Textile collection displayed activity, and indicated the arrival of fresh buyers. Courtaulds were better, and Coats, Spinners, and Cottons all added to the opening figure. Nitrates again plucked up a little, though the final make-up was rather uneven. Shipping Securities were dull with few changes. Dunlops made a noteworthy recovery, and improved at one time to above the closing figure. Charles Marsden and Sons were again offered in the absence of any official statement. Wireless descriptions were in strong demand, and the whole group closed the better for the day. Among Miscellaneous specialities, Salt Union were wanted and showed improvement. British Aluminiums came on offer to a limited extent, and dealings were commenced in Maypole Dairy letters. In the Land section, Pahangs eased off after the recent activity, and Duffs also closed slightly lower.

The advent of fresh business in the Industrial section was exemplified by the decided turn for the better in Textile issues. Courtaulds recovered ⅛ to 8⅛, and Amalgamateds put on the same amount at 5⅛. Spinners were a strong market and finished ¼ up at 4⅛. The Pref. also added ¼ at ⅞. Bleachers at 52s. and Calicos at 39s. were both 6d. to the good, and Bradford Dyers Pref. showed improvement at 17s. 6d. British Dyestuffs kept the price at 17s. 9d., but the Prefs. hardened 4s to 15s. 9d. English Sewing Cottons were unchanged at 2⅛, an increase of 10½d., being, however, noted in the Pref. Weakness was evidenced by Joshua Hoyle at 4⅛, and John Wood also lost the turn at 24s. 6d. Both the latter shares have kept up well during the recent depression, and yesterday's movements suggest a "straddle" in favour of some of the now popular other issues. Dunlops showed much better form and recovered ⅛ to 11⅛ ex div. The shares were active most of the day. Dealings were commenced in Maypole Letters at 12s., the old shares being called 15s. 1½d. to 15s. 6d. Charles Marsden were again offered down to 36s. on the continued silence of the company regarding the cause for the recent rise. If the suggested developments are actually pending an announcement would appear all the more likely to meet with the approval of shareholders, who would thus have the opportunity of purchasing the shares at the lower level. Elsewhere among Miscellaneous descriptions, Salt Union stood out at 32s. 6d., but Rensos at 2½, Pyrotan Leather at ½, and Eastmans and Meat Shares were all easier. There was some selling of British Alluminium after the recent appreciation, and Borax Def. came on offer, losing ⅛ at 1½. Among Foodstuffs, Liptons eased 6d. to 32s. 6d., and in the Stores list, Whiteleys were lower at 35s. 6d., and Harrods receded ⅛ to 4½. The better resistance exhibited by the Nitrate section during the past few days was accentuated yesterday, when a decided improvement was noted throughout the group. Business showed an increase, and no decline appeared in the final make up. Pan de Azucars call for first mention with a rise of ¼ to 20. New Paccha advanced ¼ to 5. Salar del Carmen at 69s. were 3s. higher on the day, Tarapacas were bright, putting on 1s. 6d. to 31s. 6d. New Tamarugals came in for a moderate amount of bidding, improving to 42s., while Lagunas found ample support and finished 6d. higher at 9s. Pahangs were easier among Land and Investments, closing 16s. 7½d. Pekins held well at 34s. 6d., and Shansis advanced ¼ to 1⅞. Duffs closed 6d. lower at 18s. British North Borneo also weakened slightly, finishing at 19. Prices in the Iron and Steel section were fairly well maintained, and business continued in moderate proportion. Guest Keens were in request at 42s. 6d. Ebbw Vales were offered down to 34s. Armstrongs at 14⅝ were easier, and Vickers lost the turn at 54s. 6d. Yesterday was not a good day in the Banking section, most of the changes operating against holders. One or two firm features served to stiffen the remainder.

SMALL BUSINESS IN MINES.

SOUTH AFRICANS UNINTERESTING—NIGERIANS AGAIN SUPPORTED.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

The strength of Gilt-edged Securities and the further recovery in Oils yesterday were not reflected in any activity in Mines, business in these descriptions being as slack as ever. Gold premium and Bank rate passed unnoticed. Holders of "Kaffirs" who purchased during the recent advance were inclined to cut their losses, the result being that prices fell away slightly. It cannot be said that there was any pressure to sell, but according to market views the public have been without a lead for some time, and have got rather tired. In certain shares the number of leaders is limited, consequently when brokers approach jobbers they read them sellers, and lower prices accordingly. Shares sold, however, find a home, and, doubtless, in due course the takers will turn them out at a profit. Paris was reported firm for its favourites, but business from that quarter was on a relatively small scale. Rand Mines, Crown Mines, Randfontein, and Goldfields all slipped back to a small extent, as did also Gold Trusts, the dividend announcement on the latter having no effect. Nigerians, on the other hand, met with a fair amount of support and improved. Rhodesians moved in sympathy with Kaffirs. After their set-back Chartered came into favour again as did "Tanks," but Falcons continued on the down grade, and Globe and Phœnix were also lowered. Business in Diamond shares was on a very small scale, though De Beers maintained their recent advance. While perhaps not quite so active, Tin shares again presented a cheerful front, despite the sharp fall in the price for the metal. Nigerians maintained their support, the Mongu, Repp, and the Bauchis all moving up. Westerns kept steady, with Tronoh higher. Gold Coasts Amalgamated among West African Gold shares were strongly bid for, and rose sharply, but Abosso were subjected to profit-taking. Barriers became quiet, with, however, a firm tone. Australian Gold shares, apart from the Hampton group, which maintained a good front, were dull, the market lacking interest. Horseshoes and Boulders both weakened. Little interest was manifested in Copper shares, while among Miscellaneous issues dullness characterised Burma and Bawdwin, and a further decline took place in Colombian Mining. British Platinum recovered, the shares being in demand on what was reported to be Colombian account. A couple of Indians fluctuated, and as regards silver producers, Mexico Mines recovered.

LEADING OILS CONTINUE TO DISPLAY FIRMNESS.

TRINIDAD CENTRAL NEW RECORD—BRITISH BORNEOS STRONG.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Chief interest in the Stock Exchange yesterday centred on gilt-edged securities and Oil shares. The effects of the Petrol Committee report are wearing off, and the Oil market had a cheerful appearance throughout the day. There was not a particularly large volume of business, and attention was chiefly devoted to specialities, among which Trinidad Central and British Borneo Petroleum figured prominently, while Scottish-American came into active request in the late dealings and sported sharply. As regards the advance in Trinidad Centrals, nothing fresh is known regarding the progress of the company beyond the fact that the company is better able to move its production owing to improved shipping facilities. In connection with British Borneos the strength was attributable to anticipations of good news from the property. The impending introduction to the market of the shares of Tankers, Ltd., was mentioned as a reason for the sharp upward movement in Scottish-American. The leaders were firm at the opening, gave way about mid-day, and rallied again in the afternoon, finishing hard. Burmahs made a good recovery, and Shells closed well above the overnight's level, while Eagles, after moderate fluctuations, finished unchanged. An explanation of the comparative stickiness of Eagles is to be found

PROSPECTUS.

A copy of this Prospectus has been filed for registration with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The Inland Revenue Authorities allow for Excess Profit Duty a total statutory percentage of 18 per cent. on the Capital employed by Companies engaged in the business of raising, floating and bringing to port ships and/or other craft which have been wrecked or sunk, instead of the statutory 9 per cent.

Application has been made to the Committee of the London Stock Exchange for special permission to deal in these Shares.
The SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL CLOSE on or before TUESDAY, the 9th day of MARCH, 1920.

MARITIME SALVORS LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1908 to 1917.)

Capital - £500,000

Divided into 500,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each, of which 100,000 are already issued,
AND

300,000 Shares are now offered for Subscription at par.

ranking, when fully paid, in all respects pari passu with the existing Shares.

LLOYDS BANK LIMITED,

are authorised by the Company, as its Bankers, to receive at their Head Office, Lombard street, London, E.C.3, and Branches, subscriptions for the 300,000 Shares, payable as follows:—

2s. 6d. per Share on Application.
7s. 6d. per Share on Allotment.
10s. 0d. per Share on 12th May, 1920.

DIRECTORS.

Lieut.-Col. C. H. INNES HOPKINS, J.P., Chairman, The Hayes, Kenley Surrey, Shipowner, Managing Director Elswick S.S. Co., Ltd.
THOS. A. BLANE, M.P., 26-28 Billiter street, London, E.C. 3, Shipowner.
W. R. DAVIES, J.P., of Wm. R. Davies and Co., 1 Tithebarn street, Liverpool, Shipowners and Railway Waggon Owners.
G. E. LOMAX, J.P., Fern Hill, Huyton, Liverpool. Colliery Proprietor, Director of Sutton Heath and Lea Green Collieries Co., Ltd.
W. J. NOBLE, West Denton Hall, Northumberland. Chairman of Cairns, Noble and Co., Ltd.
F. M. RODOCANACHI, Palmerston House, Old Broad street, London, E.C.2. Banker and Merchant, Director of London Joint City and Midland Bank, Limited.
Major T. P. ROSE-RICHARDS, Velinnewydd, Talgarth, R.S.O., Breconshire, Shipowner and Colliery Proprietor. Director of the Prince of Wales Dry Dock (Swansea) Co., Ltd.
W. J. RICHARDS, Managing Director, Kenwyn, Beechwood avenue, Finchley, London, N.3. Salvage Expert and Surveyor.
JAS. E. TULLEY, J.P., Milburn House, Dean street, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Chairman Mercantile Dry Dock Co., Ltd. Will join the Board after Allotment.

BANKERS.
LLOYDS BANK LIMITED, Lombard street, London, E.C.3.

BROKERS.
QUILTER and CO., 32 Old Jewry, London, E.C.2.
HORNBY, TOBIN and OCKLESTON, 3 Tithebarn street, Liverpool.
WISE, SPEKE and CO., 28 Collingwood street, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
HENRY J. THOMAS and CO., 130 Bute street, Cardiff.

SOLICITORS.
CONSTANT AND CONSTANT, 3 East India avenue, London, E.C.3.

AUDITORS.
W. B. PEAT and CO., 11 Ironmonger lane, London, E.C.2.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS.
R. EELES and CO., 4 Quayside, Newgastle-on-Tyne.

SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICES.
MATTHEW RUSH, 101 Leadenhall street, London, E.C. 3.

PROSPECTUS.

Objects of the Company.—The Company was formed in December 1918, as a Private Limited Company, for the purposes set out in the Memorandum of Association, and in particular with the object of carrying on the business of Marine Salvors, Wreck Removers, Ship and Tug Owners, and Towage Contractors. £95,000 in cash was in the first instance subscribed by the Directors and their friends.

The Company is in a position to undertake, inter alia:—

(1) The Purchase and Recovery of Marine Wrecks, with a view of salving their cargoes, and repairing, reclassing, and selling the vessels recovered.

(2) Contracts with owners and underwriters for the salvage of stranded and sunken or disabled vessels and their cargoes.

(3) Contracts with the Admiralty, the Corporation of Trinity House and other Government River and Dock Authorities for the clearance of wrecks from navigable channels and harbours, either by dispersal or otherwise.

(4) Commercial towage to any part of the world.

Scope of Operations.—The large extent to which British Shipping suffered through enemy action during the War is amply illustrated by a Parliamentary Paper published by the Admiralty, dated 17th October, 1919, which states that 2,479 British Merchant Vessels, with a total tonnage of 7,759,000 tons, were sunk, and that about 15,000,000 tons of merchant shipping of all nationalities were lost during the same period from war or marine causes. The Directors are advised by their expert that a very profitable source of revenue may be anticipated from the recovery of some of these wrecks or their cargoes, and that in many cases where the vessels cannot be successfully raised either owing to the position in which they lie or to the extent of the damage to the hull, valuable cargo, machinery and other material may be recovered and sold to advantage.

Again, a large number of wrecks are lying in channels and fairways, and their removal should also prove a considerable source of profit to the Company. The above work is in addition to the ordinary marine casualties which are frequently occurring, and with which the Company, in view of its resources, is in a position to deal effectively and to the best advantage. Commercial towage, and in particular ocean towage, is well known to yield satisfactory returns, and at the present time there is a considerable shortage of suitable craft. The greater part of this work has been hitherto in foreign hands.

The Directors, the majority of whom are practical shipowners, are confident that the Company, with its exceptional plant and experienced personnel, is in a very favourable position indeed to obtain its fair share of the above work, and that the same should yield extremely satisfactory results.

To instance the profit on Salvage Work the Directors point out the case of the S.S. "Demerara," where the Salvors were awarded by the Admiralty Court the sum of £47,620 for 62 days' work, the total of their out-of-pocket expenses being stated to be only £14,110.

The Company has so far principally devoted itself to obtaining the necessary craft, plant and personnel, but has already performed certain salvage work, including the salving of the S.S. "Ophis," of 4,844 tons register, the remuneration for which will be settled by arbitration. It has a contract from the Admiralty for the clearance of three block ships sunk at the entrance to Sunderland Harbour during the war, which should show a very good return, and has also concluded a contract with the Trinity House for the dispersal of a wreck.

Assets.—The Assets of the Company include the following vessels:—

Two Large Salvage Steamers, the "Reliant" and the "Restorer," with a gross tonnage of 1,104 tons each, and a speed of 12 knots, both fully equipped with the most modern plant. These vessels were fitted out by the United States Navy especially for Salvage purposes, and are believed to be the most fully-equipped salvage steamers in the world. Each vessel has a complete outfit of Salvage and Towing Gear, including 23 Salvage Pumps, Electric Submersible Pumps, Arc-Welding Plant, Oxy-Acetylene Cutting Plant, Air Compressors, Hydraulic Jacks, etc. Wireless Telegraphy and Telephones are installed, together with a Machine and Carpenters' Shop. These two Salvage Steamers were purchased from the United States Navy, and were specially fitted out by that Government after conferences with the British Admiralty and on the plans and advice of the leading experts in this class of work.

A Powerful Twin-Screw Tug, the "Hotspur," of 1,000 h.p., with a pumping capacity of 3,000 tons per hour.

A Powerful Twin-Screw Tug, late the "Alligator," of 1,000 h.p., with a large pumping capacity and a good equipment of portable Salvage Pumps. This vessel will be delivered to the Company in about three weeks' time after completion of certain alterations to be made at the expense of the Vendors.

Various Small Craft, including a small Cargo Vessel of 120 tons d.w., suitable for survey, diving, and other general work.

Valuation of Vessels.—A valuation of the Company's vessels has been made by W. Boschen, of the Shipping Agency Ltd., and he values them at about £257,250. This valuation includes the "Alligator," but does not include the value of the Salvage Base, Buildings, Plant, Machinery, consumable Stores, or other Assets of the Company.

Salvage Base.—The Company have acquired very convenient premises and wharfage accommodation at Newhaven Harbour.

One of the buildings is fully equipped as a Machine Shop, enabling the Company to carry out its own repairs at a minimum cost. The other building has been fitted as a store for Salvage Gear, and includes Carpenters', Divers', and Riggers' Workshops and Lofts. The land is held under a yearly tenancy from the Newhaven Harbour Co. and the L. B. and S. C. Railway Co., and the buildings are the property of this Company.

Personnel and Salvage Expert.—The Company has engaged the services of Expert Salvage Officers, Masters, Engineers, Divers, Motor Engineers, and Mechanics, etc. Many of these were employed by the Admiralty Salvage Section, and served with that branch of the Navy during the War.

The Directors of the Company have been fortunate in securing the services of Capt. W. J. Richards, the well-known Salvage Expert, as Managing Director. Capt. Richards has had 26 years' experience in salvage operations and has successfully raised a large number of wrecks.

Objects of Present Issue.—After completing the purchase of the steam-tug "Alligator," repaying loans from Bankers and paying all expenses relating to this issue, there will remain a sum of about £96,500 available for the general purposes of the Company. The Directors propose to purchase such other vessels and gear as may appear most advantageous, reserving in hand sufficient amount of cash for working capital.

The minimum subscription upon which the Directors may proceed to allotment is £7. As the whole 300,000 Shares have been underwritten, the Company will proceed to allotment immediately on the closing of the subscription list.

The following contracts have been entered into:

Dated 19th December, 1918, between this Company of the one part and Capt. Richards of the other part, being the appointment of Capt. W. J. Richards as Managing Director of the Company until the expiration of seven years from the date of declaration of peace in the late war at a salary of £1,500 per annum, with a commission of 10 per cent. of the net profits available for dividend in each year, provided that such commission shall not in any one year exceed £1,000. As consideration for his entering into such agreement 5,000 fully-paid Shares were allotted to Captain Richards.

Acceptance dated 20th September, 1919, by the Admiralty, subject to the conditions of letter of the Admiralty dated 29th April, 1919, and of a request letter of the Company dated 21st August, 1919, for the removal of three wrecks from the Port of Sunderland.

Tender dated 5th February, 1920, by this Company and acceptance thereof dated 13th February, 1920, by Trinity House for the dispersal of the wreck "Correct."

Dated 28th February, 1920, between James Dredging, Towage and Transport Co., Limited, of Southampton, of the one part, and this Company of the other part, for the purchase of the steam-tug "Alligator" for £19,500.

Dated 6th August, 1919, between the Newhaven Harbour Co. and the L.B. and S. C. Rly. Co. of the one part and this Company of the other part, being the Agreement for the tenancy by this Company of premises at Newhaven Harbour at a rent of £20 per annum.

Dated 2nd March, 1920, between this Company and Quilter and Co., whereby that firm agrees to underwrite 300,000 Shares of the Company for a commission of 4 per cent. and 1 per cent. over-riding commission, together with an option to subscribe for 100,000 Shares of the Company at par until the 1st September, 1921.

Under the Articles of Association the qualification of a Director shall be the holding of Shares in the Company to the nominal value of £500. The provisions of the Articles of Association as to the remuneration of the Directors are as follows:—

The Directors other than the Chairman (who shall be paid at the rate of £500 per annum) and any special Committee of Management (if appointed) shall be paid out of the funds of the Company by way of remuneration for their services at the rate of £300 per annum each, and each Director shall be paid such further annual sum as a General Meeting may from time to time determine, and each Director, including the Chairman, shall be reimbursed his reasonable travelling and out-of-pocket expenses in attending meetings of the Directors or members, or whilst otherwise employed on the affairs of the Company. A Director acting as Chairman of any Committee connected with the business of the Company (other than a Committee of the Directors) shall be paid for such services such further sum in addition to his ordinary remuneration as the Board may think advisable. All Directors' remuneration shall be regarded as accruing from day to day. Any resolution of the Board reducing or postponing the time for payment of the Directors' remuneration shall bind all the Directors.

The Directors may from time to time appoint any one or more of their body to be Managing Director or Managing Directors for such period and upon such terms as they think fit, and may vest in such Managing Director or Managing Directors such of the powers hereby vested in the Directors generally as they may think fit, and such powers may be made exercisable for such period or periods, and upon such conditions and subject to such restrictions and generally upon such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as they may determine. The remuneration of a Managing Director may be by way of salary or commission or participation in profits or by any or all of those modes.

The Directors may award special remuneration out of the funds of the Company to any Director going or residing abroad in the interests of the Company or undertaking any work additional to that usually required of a Director of a company similar to this.

The following are the interests of the Directors:—

Lieut.-Col. C. H. Innes Hopkins holds 2,310 Shares in the Company in his own name, and is interested in 10,000 Shares held by a company of which he is a Director; W. J. Noble holds 858 in his own name, and is interested in 10,000 Shares held by a company of which he is a Director; the Elswick Steel Co. holds 5,500 Shares; W. R. Davies, 12,558 Shares; G. E. Lomax, 8,358 Shares; T. A. Blane, 5,558 Shares; T. P. Rose-Richards, 5,358 Shares; and W. J. Richards, 3,750 Shares; and the following Directors have sub-underwritten Shares in this issue:—

Lieut.-Col. C. H. Innes Hopkins, 10,000 Shares; W. J. Noble, 5,000 Shares; F. M. Rodocanachi, 10,000 Shares; W. R. Davies, 5,000 Shares; G. E. Lomax, 5,000 Shares; T. A. Blane, 5,000 Shares; T. P. Rose-Richards, 5,000 Shares; and J. E. Tully, 5,500 Shares.

The following allotment of Shares has been made within the two years preceding the date of this Prospectus: 95,000 Shares of £1 each at par in December, 1918-January, 1919, on which the full amount has been paid up in cash and 5,000 fully-paid Shares of £1 each were allotted to Captain Richards as mentioned.

The amount paid within two years preceding the date hereof as commission for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions for any Shares of the Company is £2,500.

On a show of hands every Member present in person is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll every Member present in person or by proxy is entitled to one vote for every Share held.

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of the Company, Valuations and Contracts above mentioned may be seen at the offices of the Solicitors of the Company between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. on the days upon which the subscription list is open. A copy of the Company's Memorandum of Association, with names, descriptions and addresses of the signatories thereto, and the number of Shares subscribed for by them respectively, is printed in the fold thereof and forms part of the Prospectus.

The Company will pay a brokerage of 3d. per Share on all Shares allotted (except in respect of underwriting applications) on application forms bearing the stamp of a broker or other accredited agent. Applications for Shares should be made upon the forms accompanying this Prospectus and sent to the Company's Bankers, together with a remittance for the amount payable on application.

When no allotment is made, the deposit paid on application will be returned in full. Where the number of Shares allotted is less than the amount applied for the balance of the deposit will be applied towards the amount due on allotment; any balance remaining will be returned. Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum will be charged on all instalments not paid at their due date. Failure to pay when due any instalment on the Shares allotted will render previous payments and the Shares liable to forfeiture.

Preferential consideration will be given to applications received from existing Shareholders.

Prospectuses and forms of application can be obtained at the office of the Company or from the Bankers, Solicitors, and Brokers.

Application will be made in due course to the Committee of the Stock Exchange, London, for a quotation of the Shares.

Dated 2nd March, 1920.

MARITIME SALVORS LIMITED.

ISSUE OF 300,000 ORDINARY SHARES OF £1 EACH AT PAR.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

No. 19

To the DIRECTORS OF MARITIME SALVORS LIMITED.

Gentlemen,—Having paid to the Company's Bankers the sum of £....., being a deposit of 2/6 per Share on application for ..... Ordinary Shares of £1 each of the above issue, I/we request you to allot me/us that number of such Shares upon the terms of the Company's Prospectus, dated 2nd March, 1920, and of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, and I/we agree to accept the same, or any smaller number that may be allotted to me/us, and to pay the amount due on allotment, and the further instalments as specified in such Prospectus, and I/we authorise you to register me/us as the holder(s) of such Shares. I hereby declare that this application is not made by or for the benefit of an enemy subject within the meaning of the "Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1916," or with whom trading is forbidden under any proclamation for the time being in force relating to trading with the enemy.

Name (in full) .....

Address (in full) .....

.....

Description .....
Please write distinctly, and, if a lady, state whether Mrs. or Miss.

Date .....

Signature .....

This form to be filled up and sent with remittance to Lloyds Bank Limited, Head Office, Lombard street, London, E.C.3 or one of the Branches.

Cheques should be made payable to "Bearer" and crossed "Lloyds Bank Limited."

Any alteration from "Order" to "Bearer" must be authenticated by the Drawer's signature.

No receipt will be issued for payment on application, but an acknowledgment will be forwarded in due course, either by a Letter of Allotment or by return of the Deposit money.

FINANCIAL NEWS.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 4.)

DEALINGS IN LONDON MARKET.

The following dealings among active stocks and shares were "marked" in London yesterday:—

Consols (2½)—49½, 9, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **B.o. War Loan**—89½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Funding Loan**—69½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, 70, 69½, 70½, ½, 69½. **5% Victory Bonds** (1922)—99½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **4½ p.c. War Loan**—91½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **4½ p.c. War Loan**—90½, ½, 91, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **4½ p.c. War Loan**—91½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **5% War Loan**—99½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **India 5½ p.c.** (1937)—98½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Australian Bread**—6/10½, 6/10½. **Agricultural Engineers Pref.**—21/6, 20/6. **Alianza Nitrate**—2/4, ½, ½, ½. **Amalgamated Industrials**—26/3, 6/9, 6/-, 6/9, 6/11½, 6/-, 3d. **Anglo-Dutch Rubber**—25/1½, 3d., 2/10½, 3/9, 3d. **Anglo-Egyptian Oil**—83/9, 1/3, 4/4½. **Anglo-Java Rubber (2s.6.)**—7/3, 2/4½, 5/6, 2/5, 1/3, 6d. **Armstrong**—35/6, 3d., 35/-, 4/3. **Assoc. Cement**—31/7½, 10½d., 6d., 4½d., 2/-, 1½d., 3d., 4½d. **Barclays Bank**—½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **British Sarmas Pet.**—43/6, 5/7½, 4/4½, 60/3, 1/3, 45/-, 51/3. **Bisichi Tin**—47/9½, 5/-, 6/-, 6/3. **Bleachers Ord.**—51/9, 2/-. **B.N.S. Rubber Trust**—17/4½, 16/4½, 17/1½, 3d. **Bolivar Concessions**—17/6, 5/7½. **Bovril Pref.**—17/7½, 10½d., 18/-, 17/9, 6d. **Bradford Dyers**—60/-, 59/4½, 60/-, 3d., 58/9, 60/7½. **British Aero**—4/3, 4/6, 4/3, 4/5, 5/1½, ½, ½. **British Argentine Meat**—26/6, 10½d., 7/-, 6/9, 8/9. **British Burmah Oil**—50/-, 6/-, 5/6, 6/3. **British Dyestuffs Pref.**—15/6, 15/9, 10½d., 9d. **Do. Pref. Ord.**—17/6, 9d., 11d., 3d., 11d., 6d. **British Glass Industries**—7/8/9, 7/6, 8/-. **British Hartham Glass Pref.**—38/9. **British Oil and Cake** (x.d.)—38/9, 9/6, 8/9½, 9/-. **British Overseas Bank**—5½, 6, 5½. **Broken Hill Prop.**—61/3, 2/6, 2/-, 1/6. **Brunner Mond**—3/9, 3d., 1/-. **Buenos Ayres Western Ord.**—5½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Buenos Ayres Pacific**—75½, ½, ½, ½. **Burma Corp.**—12½, ½, ½. **Burmah Oil**—119½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Bwana M'Kubwa**—7/1½, 4½d., 7/-, 6/9, 7/1½, 6/9, 7/4d. **Calico Printers**—38/6, 9d., 38/-. **Camp Bird**—21/1½, 3d., 1/-, 9d. **Canadian Pacific**—170½, 69½, 9, ½, 70, 69½, ½, 70½. **Central Argentine Ord.**—74½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Central Mining and Investment**—11½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Charlered**—20/-, 1½d., 5½d., 20/-, 3d., 4½d., 6d., 1½d., 20/-, 4½d., 6d., 5½d., 20/-, 20/6. **City Deep**—65/9, 7½d., 6/3. **Coats** (x.d.)—64/6, 3/9. **Consol. Goldfields of South Africa**—41/10½, 2/6, 2½d. **Cory** (Wm.)—55/3½, 10½d. **County Bank**—21/4, 16/6, 14½, ½, ½, 21¼ 18/9, 18, 14½. **Courtaulds**—8½, ½, 5s 10/6, 8½. **Crown Mines**—61/-, 10½d., 2/6, 1/3, 6d. **Cumard Ord.**—47/6, 6/10½, 3d. **De Beers Def.**—30, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Dunlop Ord.** (x.d.)—11½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Eastmans**—21/7½, 1½d., 2/-, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **East Rand Prop.**—14/10½, 16/1½, 3d., 1/4/9, 15/1½, 15/-, 1½d., 3d. **Eastern Sumatra Rubber**—2/10½, 11d., 10d., 9d., 11½d., 11d., 3d. **Edgware**—2/3, 6d., 9d., 2/-. **English Oilfields**—74/4½, 2/6, 3/9, 5½d., 9d. **English Sewing Cotton**—51/3, 6d., 2/6, ½. **Fine Cotton Spinners**—90/7½, 1/3, 90/-, 2/-, 6d., 90/4½, 1/-, 90/6, 4½d. **Gen. Areas**—98½, 9d. **Grand Trunk Ord.**—6½, ½, ½, ½. **Great Boulder Prop.**—9/7½, 9/1½, 8/10½, 9/6. **Harpic Reck Pref.**—3/6, 8/-, 7/10½, 3d. **Do. Ord.**—12/9, 14d., 9d., 13/-, 12/6. **Highlands Rubber**—61/10½. **Hudson's Consol.**—16/10½, 3d. **Imperial Tobacco** (x.d.)—6d., 6d., 7/6, 8/3, 7/6, 3d., 8/9. **Johannesburg Consol.**—35/6½, 6d., 10½d., 9d., 5/-, 4/9. **Kern River Oil**—35/-, 4/-, 9d., 8/-, 6d. **Lipton, Ord.**—53/3, 6d., 1/-. **London, Brighton Def.**—53½, ½, ½, ½. **London, Chatham Ord.**—9½, ½. **Lyons (J.) and Co. Ord.**—5½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Do. Pref.**—5½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Do. 7 p.c. Pref.**—21/6, 3d., 7½d., 1/-. **Magadi Soda Ord.**—19/-, 18/6, 10½d. **Marconi Ord.**—76/3, 8/1½, 6/3, 8/1½, 7/6, 9½d., 8/-. **Do. Pref.**—5½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Marina**—5½/6, 5/1½, 5/-. **Do. American**—30/3, 6d., 9d., 1/-. **Do. Canada**—13/9, 6d., 9d., 10½d., 3d., 7½d., 10½d., 6d. **Maypole Def.**—22/6, 1/3, 22/6, 6d. **Mexican Eagle Ord.**—11½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Midland Bank**—½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Midland Railway Def.** (x.d.)—55½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Modderfontein (New)**—85/-, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Mortgage Debs.**—56/3, 7/3, 5/11½, 6/-. **National Prov. Bank** (£5)—½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **New Pacaya Nitrate**—98/9, 100/-, 1/6, 110/4½, *2/6, *3/9, 4d. **New Kleinfontein**—100/-, 98/1½, 100/7½. **New Klein-fontein Gold**—15/6, *20, 16/6. **Northern Exploration**—31/8, 30/3, 29/4½. **Oil Trust**—2/10½, 2/9d. **Patalog Consol.**—14/6, 3d., 6d., 10½d. **Palmer's Shipbuilding Ord.**—30/3, 29/9, 30/-, 29/6, 30/-, **Rand Mines**—88/1½, 7/6, 8/9. **Randfontein Central**—23/3, 4½d., 6d., 3d., 7½d. **Rumanian Oil**—21/3, 10½d., 6d. **Rubber Trust**—44/-, 5/7½, 4½d., 10½d., 6d., 3/3, 3/3. **Russo-Asiatic**—13/9, 14/3, 13/7½, 3d., 10½d., 9½d., 14/9, 3d. **Scottish-American Oil**—28/3, 9d., 10½d., 6d., 9/3, 8/6, 7½d., 10½d., 9/-, 8/9, 9/4½, 40/3, 39/6, 8/7½. **Shell**—11½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Smithfield and Argentine**—25/7½. **South Crofty**—17/9, 7½d. **Springs**—89/4½, 7½d., 60/-, 59/0½, 87/6, 61/-, 59/7½. **Tanganyika**—36/3, 6/-, 11½d., 8/9, 5/7½, 5/-. **Tarapaca**—30/9, 1/6, 1/-, 30/3, 1/-, 6d., 30/9, 1/-, 3d., 9d., 1/4½. **Tchidy Minerals**—2/-, 1/9, 1/10½, 1/9. **Tea Trust**—73/6, 2/3½, 70/11½, 1/3. **Trinidad Central Oil**—6½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½. **Tube Inv. Pref. Def.**—49/4½, 1/-. **Union and Rhodesia Trust**—18/3, 1½d. **Union Corp.**—24/3, 1½d. **United Premier Oil and Coke Ord.**—38/1½, 8/-, 9d. **United Sorbang Rubber** (x.d.)—15/1½, 6d., 7½d. **United Steel** (x.d.)—83/4½, 3d., 7½d., 10½d., *4/-, 3/9, 7½d. **United Tobacco**—2/4½, 6d., 2/5. **Venezuelan Oil Con.**—1/-. **Vickers**—34/-, 9d., 44/-, 6½d., 9d., 8/-, 4/7½, 9d., 5/-. **Victoria Falls Ord.**—18/10½. **Wiggins, Teape Ord.**—36/9, 1½d., 80/-, *37/-, 30/-. **Yam Seng**—13/-, 14/9.

(*Exceptional bargain at special price.)

DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS.

KASSA ROPP TIN.—Dividend of 10 p.c., less tax.

MALAYAN TIN DREDGING.—Interim dividend of 5 p.c., less tax.

STEWART AND McDONALD.—Dividend on the Ord. Shares of 8 p.c. for the year, less tax.

PETER ROBINSON, LTD.—Final dividend of 10 p.c., making 15 p.c. for the year.

CHELSEA ELECTRICITY SUPPLY.—Final dividend on the Ord. Shares at the rate of 5 p.c. per annum, making 4 p.c. for the year.

WILLIAM BROWN AND CO., LIVERPOOL.—Final dividend of 10 p.c., making 20 p.c. for the year; £10,000 off goodwill, £295,353 forward.

YARA ELECTRIC RAILWAYS AND LIGHTING.—Further dividend of 5 p.c., making 8 p.c., less tax, for the year.

CALEDONIAN TRUST.—Further dividend on Ord. of 4½ p.c., less tax, making 7 p.c. for the year.

DUNDEE FLOOR-CLOTH AND LINOLEUM.—Dividend on the Ord. Shares for year at 10 p.c., less tax.

EVANS, SONS, LESCHER, AND WEBB, LIVERPOOL.—Final dividend proposed of 5 p.c., making 10 p.c. for the year, together with a bonus of 5 p.c., £50,077 forward.

MEADOW DAIRY.—Final dividend of 5 2/5d. per share, free of tax, on Ord. shares, making total dividend for year equivalent to 1/- per share, less tax.

MINING CORPORATION OF CANADA, LTD.—Dividend of 12½c. per share, less income tax, for the three months ending 31st March to shareholders who are registered on the London register on 9th March. The transfer books will be closed from March 9th to 20th, both days inclusive.

ISAAC WALTON AND CO.—Further dividend on Ord. at the rate of 2/6 per share, making 3/9 per share for the year, tax free. It is proposed to increase the issued capital to £600,000 by the creation of 50,000 new Ord. Shares of £1 each, and providing for the issue to each holder of Ord. Shares of one additional fully-paid share for each share held.

SOUTH AFRICAN GOLD TRUST.—Final dividend of 1/6 per share, free of tax, making 2/6 per share for the year. It is proposed to authorise the sale of the assets of this company to a new company, owing to the fact that the objects of this company, as set out in its memorandum, are unusually limited, and do not at the present time afford adequate scope for remunerative employment of the company's capital.

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

While there was no particular anxiety felt in the Stock Exchange yesterday morning in regard to the Bank rate, it cannot be said that the fears of dearer money are allayed entirely. It is a little surprising how easily the Stock Exchange markets come under the influence of such apprehensions, and how powerful the effect of them becomes removed. It is often asked how these impressions arise. Nobody seems to know, however, and although the gossip is sometimes declared to emanate from Lombard street, at other times it is stated to be traceable to Lloyds or the discount houses. The truth of the matter is, of course, that nobody can tell. What the House is more afraid of than a rise in the Bank rate is the confession, however partial, of capital, and until there is some definite announcement by the Government on the point the vague apprehension is bound to act as a disquieting factor among Gilt-edged Stocks.

In view of the increasing importance of the trade passing between the United Kingdom and those countries in which the Bank of Athens is established, the directors of that bank recently decided to form a London Committee for the purpose of fostering and developing such trade. In order that the best results might be obtained, it was felt that the committee should be a strong and thoroughly representative one, and to this end Mr. O. Y. G. Hoare and Mr. W. H. Hollis were invited to become members and to act in conjunction with Mr. F. M. Rodocanachi and Mr. P. N. Caridia. The directors of the Bank of Athens announce that, Mr. Hoare and Mr. Hollis having agreed to serve on their London Committee, the same will be established forthwith.

C. R. W. Adeane, Esq., C.B., Lord Lieutenant for Cambridgeshire, and Captain the Hon. E. Ackroyd Pilkington, M.P., Chairman of the House of Commons Committee on Agriculture, have joined the Board of Agricultural Industries, Ltd. Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Archibald Weigall, K.C.M.G., has resigned his seat on the same board on his appointment as Governor of South Australia.

The directors of the Anglo-American Corporation of South Africa are asking for power to increase the capital of the Corporation to £4,000,000 in 4,000,000 shares of £1 each, in order to provide the necessary shares to satisfy the offer made to shareholders in the Rand Selection Corporation. It is proposed to merge the interests of that Corporation with the Anglo-American Corporation on the basis of an exchange of 11 Anglo-American Corporation of South Africa, Ltd., shares for 5 shares in the Rand Selection Corporation, Ltd.

ALL CLASSES OF INSURANCE.

My business is to find the best Company for you. I have over 20 years experience in the business and I give advice Free.—T. M. O'Callaghan, Insurance Adviser, 25 St. Andrew street, Dublin. 'Phone, 3196. Tels., "Square."—(Advt.)

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BELFAST.—Business done:—5 p.c. War Loan, 88, 88½, ½; Northern Banking Co. Stock, 74½, ½; Belfast Corporation 3½ p.c., 72½; Linen Thread Co. Pref. Ord. 6 p.c., 18/3; Inglis and Co. 6 p.c. Pref., 17/4½; Dunville and Co., 14; Dunlop Rubber Co., 11½; Lever Bros. 6 p.c. Pref., 15/6½; Vulcanite 5 p.c. Pref., 17/7½; Burmah Oil, 84½, ½; York Street Spinning Co., New, 14½ prem.; Workman, Clark, and Co., ½ prem. †Exceptional amount of special business.

BIRMINGHAM.—Slightly improved tendency; Dunlops recovered promptly; Swifts again better; Sankeys still receding; Belpaire and Rovers lower; D.A. Trusts weak. Austins, 26/6; Belpaire, 31/6; Components, 19/-; do. Def., 19/6; Dunlops, 99/3; Barracos, 31/6; Enfields, 35/-; Humbers, 27/-; Napiers, 32/6; Rolls, 42/6; Rover, 40/-; Singers, 6/6; Sankeys, 56/3; Swifts, 46/3; Triumphs, 63/-; Vauxhalls, 24/-; Dunlops, 11½; Parent Def., 56/6; Dunlop Rests, 31/6.

MANCHESTER.—An improved tone developed in Textiles. Spinners and Bleachers each gained 1/- Closing prices:—Bleachers, 52/- to 53/6; do. Pref., 17/9 to 18/3; Bradford, Dyers, 59/6 to 60/6; do. Pref., 17/3 to 17/6; Combers, 11/3 to 11/6; Calico Printers, 38/9 to 39/-; do. Pref., 15/- to 15/3; Coats, 3½ to 3¾; Sewing Cottons, 2½ to 2¾; do. Pref., 15/6 to 16/-; Fine Spinners, 90/6 to 91/6; do. Pref., 16/9 to 17/-; Velveta, 39/6 to 39/9, do. Pref., 15/9 to 16/3.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Bank Rate (changed Nov. 6, 1919) ..... 6 p.c.

There was no change in the Bank rate. The retention of the official rate at its previous level induced a more confident tone in Lombard street, and it was argued that an advance might now be avoided. Money in the loan market was in plentiful supply, and call money, which was quoted around 4 p.c. during the greater part of the day, finally eased to under 3 p.c. Weekly fixtures were quoted at 4¼ p.c. Movements of calls and dividend payments totalled under half a million. The double Liverpool Corporation bills operation involved a turnover of two millions. There was a better demand for bills in the discount market, and rates were slightly easier. Short paper was taken at 5⅛ p.c., three months' at 5¼ p.c., and six months' at 5⅛ p.c.

Bank Rate (Discount) changed November 6, 1919 ... 6%

60 days (fine)	5⅞		
3 months	5⅞	Trade	6⅛ 6¼
4 months	5⅞	"	6⅛ 6¼
6 months	5⅞	"	6⅛ 6¼
Loans to brokers day-to-day			3 4
" " for a week			4½ 5
Deposit allowance: Banks, at call			4
" Discount houses, at call			4
" at notice			4½ 5

Spot silver rose ½d. to 84d. per oz., and forward metal was unaltered at 83¼d. per oz. Bar gold fell 1s. to 120s. per oz.

On 'Change all movements without exception were favourable to this country.

The following foreign exchange rates were current:—New York, 3.46 to 3.49; Paris, 49.90 to 49.15; Amsterdam, 9.40 to 9.46; Italy, 63.40 to 63.70; Madrid, 19.88 to 19.97; Christiania, 20.18 to 20.35; Stockholm, 18.27 to 18.32; Finland, 75½ to 76½; Brussels, 47.00 to 47.30; Berne, 21.08 to 21.02; Berlin, 340 to 344; Rio bills—not received; Calcutta, 2s. 7¼d.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

WEEK ENDING MARCH 3, 1920.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

Notes Issued	£131,360,620	Govt. Debt	£11,015,100
		Other Securities	7,434,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	112,910,620
	£131,360,620		£131,360,620

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

Proprietors' Capital	£14,553,000	Government Securities	£52,720,786
Rest	3,525,656	Other Securities	92,331,805
Public deposits	22,458,621	Notes	30,205,660
Other deposits	135,411,806	Gold & Silver Coin	687,272
7-day & other Bills	16,440		
	£175,945,523		£175,945,523

Compared with last week:	Increase.	Decrease.
Circulation (excluding 7-day and other Bills)	£ 4,628,520	£ —
Public Deposits	5,116,561	—
Other Deposits	—	37,412,949
Government Securities	—	32,431,737
Other Securities	1,627,279	—
Bullion	3,152,193	—
Rest	16,387	—
Reserve	—	1,476,327

Proportion of Reserve to Liabilities 19.6% against 17% last week.

The following shows the position of the Bank of England now and during the previous two years:—

Circulation (excluding 7-day and other Bills)	1920. £	1919. £	1918. £
	101,154,960	71,092,120	47,590

AUCTION TO-DAY AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK,
COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.
HIGH-CLASS DUBLIN-MADE FURNITURE, PIANOS,
SILVER AND PLATED WARE, BACON SLICER, DOUBLE-DOOR IRON SAFE, &C.,

Comprising:—7ft. Dublin-made Mahogany Enclosed Sideboard, two Inlaid Marble-top Chiffoniers, lofty 4ft. Dublin-made Mahogany Bookcase; Mahogany Inlaid and Chippendale-framed Drawingroom Suites, covered in silk tapestry; Chesterfield Suite of three pieces, in tapestry; three Upholstered Arm Chairs; Set of Queen Anne Dining Chairs (6 and 2 carved), solid walnut frames; Nine-piece Chesterfield Suite, in solid oak; several Sets of Dining Chairs (12, 8, and 6 in each), all old Spanish mahogany frames; two Piano Stools, Walnut Coal Box; lofty Gilt Overmantel Glasses, wood-carved frames; Solid Walnut-framed do.; Child's Folding Chair; 12ft. Set of Spanish Mahogany Screw Dining Tables; two 8ft., two 6ft., and one 5ft. do.; Burr Walnut and Mahogany Oval and Round Centre Tables, Oak Hall Table, Singer Cabinet Sewing Machine, Four-fold Screen; Bagatelle Board, Cues and Balls; six Mahogany Spoon-back Dining Chairs, Pedestal Office Table, large Magic Lantern, Marble Dining-room Clock; Mahogany Enclosed Pedestal Sideboard, beautifully carved; eight Oak Spoon-back Chairs, in velvet (Leo., 6 and 2 Scomps arm); Mahogany Hall Stand; Early Victorian Solid Silver Table Centre, with Cut Glass Bowls; old Sheffield do.; several Pairs of Candlesticks; Pair Silver-plated Entree Dishes, on Copper; Hand-pierced Gallery Trays, Plated Rose Bowl; Set of four old Sheffield Dish Covers, in perfect order; Set of three do.; Pair of Three-light Candelabra, plated on Copper; Pair of Wine Coolers, Sheffield Soup Tureen, Convex Mirrors; Brass Fenders and Brasses, Pictures and Paintings, Cosy Corner, Stained Tables; Bedroom Furniture, including magnificent 7ft. Glass-door Break-front Wardrobe, in burr walnut, solid mahogany lined; Gent.'s 6ft. Mahogany Dwarf Wardrobe, all hanging; Solid Satin Walnut Bedroom Suite, Stained Wardrobes and Chests of Drawers, Dressing Tables, Washstands; 13 Double, Single, and Combination Beds, Wires and Curled-Hair Mattresses; two dozen Kitchen Chairs; two Sheep Clocks, Toilet Glasses, Cheval Dunhams Dressing Table, Gramophone and Records; several lengths of Linoleum; a large assortment of Kitchen and Deal Furniture; Mail Cars, Mangles, &c., &c.; also, a Bacon Slicer, Double-door Iron Safe, Garden Roller; and four Pianos—one a Concert Grand by Collard & Collard, one a brilliant-toned Overstrung German Instrument, and two Learners' Pianos by Ralph Allison. GOODS ON VIEW.

AUCTION COMMENCES AT 12.30. PIANOS, BACON SLICER, AND SAFE SOLD AT 3.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATES OF THOMAS GRAYDON AND RICHARD GRAYDON, DECEASED.

IMPORTANT LETTING OF LAND FOR GRAZING, MEADOWING, AND TILLAGE.

P. J. BYRNE & SONS have received instructions from the Receiver to LET BY AUCTION,

AT TOOMON, DELGANY,
ON MONDAY, 8TH MARCH, 1920,
ABOUT 200 ACRES OF EXCELLENT LAND

FOR GRAZING, MEADOWING, AND TILLAGE, FOR SEASON FROM 1ST APRIL, 1920.

The Lands are well watered and fenced, and Stock will be herded, but owners will not be responsible for loss of or accidents to Stock under any circumstances.

SALE AT 12 O'CLOCK. CONDITIONS AT SALE.

P. J. BYRNE & SONS, AUCTIONEERS, BRAY.

ON VIEW THIS DAY.
SALE BY AUCTION TO-MORROW (SATURDAY)
AND (IN CONTINUATION) ON MONDAY NEXT,
WITHIN THE OLD-ESTABLISHED GALLERIES OF
JAMES HILL & SON,
10, 11, 12 BACHELOR'S WALK.
HIGH-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,

Including:—UPRIGHT PIANOFORTES, well-upholstered Drawingroom Suites, Diningroom Suites, Oak Roll-top Desk, China Cabinets, Occasional Chairs and Tables, Overmantels, Fender Suites, High-class Carpets, Mahogany and Walnut Sideboards, Sets of Extension Dining Tables, Arm Chairs, Bedroom Suites, in various woods; Chests of Drawers, Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Clean Bedding, Bed and Table Linen, Curtains, and Miscellaneous Effects. ON VIEW THIS DAY FROM 10 TO 4. ADVERTISEMENT.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS 10, 11, 12 BACHELOR'S WALK AND VALUERS.

65 LANSDOWNE ROAD, BALLSBRIDGE (WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION).

MESSRS. WALSH & CO. have been favoured with instructions from the Owner to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of MARCH, 1920, at the hour of 1.15 o'clock, THE ABOVE ATTRACTIVE SEMI-DETACHED RESIDENCE (NO RASEMENT), WITH ABOUT 0.2 STATUTE ACRE OF ATTACHED RESIDE RAIL AND CONVENIENT TO TRAM.

THE ACCOMMODATION consists of drawingroom (with sliding doors dividing), study, 5 family bedrooms, servant's room, dressing room, with h. and c. hand basin; tiled kitchen, with close range; hot linen press, bath, h. and c.; w.c., pantries, side entrance (to separate yard), tennis court, large vegetable garden, garage (fitted with concrete floor), lighting set, and Lloyd Loom Sparrell Aquilegia, &c., all magnificent transplanted plants; part postage due—Rev. R. Parker, P.P., B.S., Bethel Rectory, Ennis; Ripperary.

POTATOES—Selected, carefully dressed parcels, Champion, Up-to-Date, Irish Queens, Champions, Lochter Wonders, Arran Chiefs, Triumphs; price per cwt. or ton on application.—Quinn, Market-hall Seeds, Ltd., 219 Great Brunswick st., Dublin. Trade Mark, Purity. 27 27

ROWAN'S
IMPORTED SEED GRAIN.

OATS—Black Varieties: Bountiful, Black Tartary, Supreme. White Varieties: Abundance, Besselar's Prolific, Canadian Banner, Newmarket, Record, Waverley, Tielder, etc., etc.

BARLEY—Archer's Chevalier, Goldthorpe, Sandwell.

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS. SAMPLES FREE. (State quantity required.)

M. ROWAN AND CO. (Section T.),
High Grade Farm Seed Specialists,
51, 52 CAPEL STREET, DUBLIN.

RASPBERRIES—Strong, well rooted Canes, leading varieties 4/- dozen, 25/- 50/- 100; smaller, 3/- dozen, 12/6, 25/6 100, packing 1/. Lists.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

RHUBARB—Early Pink and Victoria, strong stools, 1/- 1/6, 2/- each; packing 6d.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

RAMBLERS; Pink, White, Crimson, three years; six for 5/-. free.—Model School Dunmanway. X

SEED OATS.
Imported Finest Scotch-Grown Record, Waverley, Ylelder, Abundance, Newmarket Banner, Victory, White Potato, Black Tartary, Supreme, Bessler's Prolific.
Special Carriage Paid Prices for Cash with Order. State sorts and Quantity to
E. MOORE & SONS
Seedsmen,
10 DAME STREET, DUBLIN. X

STRAWBERRY Plants, strong one year old, Royal Sovereign, Paxton, and others, leading varieties, 10/- 100, post free; 3, with illustrated cultural instructions.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

SEED Oats—Archer's Chevalier, Danish Abundance, Standwell; Oats, Black Tartary, Pioneer; White Potato, Yielder. Inspection of crown forage invited. Please book early. Asked Grass and Clover Seeds.—Gane and Jessop, Corn Merchants, Jarrybrough.

SCOTCH Fir, one year Seedlings, for Sale at 16/- per 1,000; small for sampling. Carriage Paid.—Bailey, Seedsman, Tipperary.

SELECTED Dog Seed Potatoes—Puritans, Scarlet Heroes, Epicures, 2/3 stone, 20/- cwt.; Northern Champions, Arran Chiefs, Up-to-Dates, Kerr's Pinks, 2/6 stone, 25/- cwt.; Arrandoon, Templemore. Phone 144, Rathmines.

STRONG Stock of Bees in Cottage Hive; what offers?—McDonnell, Balpas, Moyvalley.

SEED Potatoes for Sale, Irish Queens, Champions, Red Seedling, magnificent cropper and keeper, 2/6 per stone.—Isaac Crosskeys, Litheberry, Lusk.

SEED Oats—Newmarket, Ireland's Best Cut, 1st Prize Kilkenny, Birmingham, and Edinburgh, 1919, 45/- per barrel; 6 bushels, 42/-; Black Tartary, 40/- per barrel in buyers' sacks.—Woodhouse, Master Hosford, Farmley, Kilkenny.

SEED Oats, Record, prime sample, 40/-; Baled Hay, 5/6; Straw, 2/7.—Hewson, Listowel. Y

GARDEN, ETC. (CONTINUED FROM PAGE 9.)

MACKEY'S GENUINE SEEDS
OF PROVED GERMINATION
PLEASE GROWING.

MACKEY'S Selected Alba Craig Onion, packet 1/-, 2oz. Ounce 3/-; Mackey's Abundance, packet 1/-, 2oz. 3/-; Mackey's Solidity (sure), packet 2/6 and 5/-; Bedfordshire Champion, packet 1/-, 2oz. 3/-; James' and Nansham Park, ounce 1/6; Renshaw Park, 2/-; White Spanish, 1/6 ounce. Post free.

MACKEY'S Select Parsnip, ounce 1/-; Elcombe's Improved, 8d.; Parsley, Mackey's Extra Curled, ounce 10d., packet 6d.; Mackey's Improved All the Year Round, ounce 1/6; packet 6d. Post free.

MACKEY'S Selected Giant Scarlet Runners, ounce 1/6; Mackey's Perpetual Carrot, 1/2; James Scarlet Intermediate, 1/6d.; Mackey's Improved Nonpareil, Wilson's Early, Flower of Spring Cabbage, 1/2 ounce; Mackey's Giant Pack, packet 6d., ounce 2/6; Mackey's Matchless Cauliflower, packet 6d., ounce 1/6; Early London Cauliflower, packet 1/-, and 2/6; Chirk Castle Turnip, ounce 8d. Early Snowball, Veitch's Red Globe, Orange Jelly, ounce 6d. Post free.

MACKEY'S Genuine Vegetable Seeds are also supplied in 2d. packets; Flower Seeds in 1½d. packets.
Write to-day for "R.S.P." List of Vegetable and Flower Seeds.

SIR JAMES W. MACKEY, LTD.,
The Premier Seed Establishment,
23 UPPER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN.
1777 ..... Established 143 Years. 1920

ONIONS, strong Plants; Alba Craig and Trenell varieties, 2/6 100, post free 6d.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

OATS—Choice Imported Scotch, selected parcels only; see our quality and prices before buying; samples and particulars free.—Thos. McIlwaine, Limited, 213 Great Brunswick st., Dublin. Trade Mark, "Purity."

ONIONS, Alba Craig and Pirimolis, 1/6 100.—O Sheridan, Newtown, Dundrum. X

ONIONS, Shallots for Seed, 10d. lb. free.—Mrs. Carmichee-Ferrall, Aughor Castle, Tyrone.

POWER'S SEED COLLECTIONS.
"ONE GUINEA."
"HALF GUINEA."
"FIVE SHILLING."
"TWO AND SIX."
Post Free.
Send for List.
WM. POWER AND CO.
WATERFORD,
SEED MERCHANTS AND NURSERYMEN.

POTTING Mould, finest quality, specially prepared, 2/- bushel, 2 bushels 3/-, delivered.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

PINKS, choice double flowering, deliciously scented, all colours, 5/- dozen free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

POLE ANTICUS Tomatoes, Giant White and Giant Yellow, 2/-; Giant Fuzzioves, white or mixed, 1/-; White Russo Hoodoo, 1/-; Dwarf Beauty, 1/-; Giant Arabic, double and variegated, 1/6; Forget-me-Nots, 9d.; Wallflowers, 9d.; all sorts; Delphiniums, Lupins, Hollyhocks, and Long Spurred Aquilegia, 6d. each; all magnificent transplanted plants; part postage due.—Rev. R. Parker, P.P., B.S., Bethel Rectory, Ennis, Tipperary.

POTATOES—Selected, carefully dressed parcels, Champion, Up-to-Date, Irish Queens, Champions, Lochter Wonders, Arran Chiefs, Triumphs; price per cwt. or ton on application.—Quinn, Market-hall Seeds, Ltd., 219 Great Brunswick st., Dublin. Trade Mark, Purity. 27 27

BIRDS, POULTRY, FISH, DAIRY, &C.

A TEN of 20 White Leghorn Pullets laid 1,044 eggs in January and February; fed on Allbran; price 26/- per cwt.—Ranelagh Mills, Ranelagh.

ANCONA Hatching Eggs, Record-Webb's excellent layers, 8/6 per dozen.—McNally, Tullaghanstown, Ardee.

ANY number fat heavy Hens Wanted; 6/- each given; also Cockerels required.—O'Dwyer, 6 Bussey terrace.

ANCONAS, magnificent 1918 Hens, in full lay, 18/- to 20/- each.—Cox, 1734, Ballsbridge.

BURRIN Oysters, fresh, from unpolluted beds, 15/- per 100; carriage paid.—Garono, Murrisk, Clare.

BREEDING Cocks, large size; also Wire Flight Cage for Sale.—Keegan, Upper Grand canal quay.

BUFF Orpington Duck Eggs, also Plymouth Rocks, 6/- dozen.—Dring, Greenwood, Malahide.

BOODER Wanted, good condition, any mile make, price.—Manor Rectory, Cools, Westmeath.

COCKING Turkeys, Wyandottes (Strong 311 cat), 25/- R.H.R. £1 each, carriage free; splendid birds.—Z 2666, Poultry, this office.

CHICKS, Plymouth Rocks and White Wyandotte (Barron), due 5th March, 25/- dozen.—Kilmacuda Poultry Farm, Mullingar.

DAIRY Utensils, Churn, Butterworker.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Limited, 21 and 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

DAY old Chicks, mostly Indian Game Cross, 15/- dozen.—Odell, Kilcloggan Park, Moate, Westmeath.

DAY old Chicks for Sale, from 1st of April, 1920.—Q 1745, this office.

DAY old Chicks from breeds of the finest obtainable.—Phone, 5341, Dublin.

EGGS and Chicks now booking from my champion layers, White Wyandottes, White Leghorns, Buff Orpingtons; a note for list of matings of my 311 ege strain, which holds first place in Ireland for the Wyandottes breed; pay per of 6 Wyandottes now leading in Irish Laying Competitions, beating all pureline records with marvellous score of 429 eggs for three winter months; catalogue free; eggs from 10/6 dozen.—Mrs. Strong, Moats House, Kells, Meath.

EGGS—White Leghorns (Mackey's), splendid layers, 9/- dozen, carriage paid; list free.—Mackey, Seedsman, Upper Sackville, Dublin.

EIGHT Pullets and Cock, 4 Hens, in full lay; also prize pedigree Belgian Buck Ring Bell.—40 Belgrave place.

EGGS, White Leghorn, Wallis, and Strong's strain, 10/- dozen.—Kearney, Dunsandle, Mrs. Power, Kiltane Glebe, Thomastown, Co. Kilkenny.

FLOCK Mead, 4½ acres, 28/- cwt.; Meat Meal, 5/6 stone, 40/- cwt.; Half Mattress, 20/- cwt.; Bone Meal, 2 cwt., 2 wr.s, guarantee, side entrance (to separate yard), tennis court, large vegetable garden, garage (fitted with concrete floor), lighting set, and Lloyd Loom Sparrell Aquilegia, &c., all magnificent transplanted plants; part postage due—Rev. R. Parker, P.P., B.S., Bethel Rectory, Ennis, Tipperary.

POTATOES—Selected, carefully dressed parcels, Champion, Up-to-Date, Irish Queens, Champions, Lochter Wonders, Arran Chiefs, Triumphs; price per cwt. or ton on application.—Quinn, Market-hall Seeds, Ltd., 219 Great Brunswick st., Dublin. Trade Mark, Purity. 27 27

ROWAN'S
IMPORTED SEED GRAIN.

OATS—Black Varieties: Bountiful, Black Tartary, Supreme. White Varieties: Abundance, Besselar's Prolific, Canadian Banner, Newmarket, Record, Waverley, Tielder, etc., etc.

BARLEY—Archer's Chevalier, Goldthorpe, Sandwell.

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS. SAMPLES FREE. (State quantity required.)

M. ROWAN AND CO. (Section T.),
High Grade Farm Seed Specialists,
51, 52 CAPEL STREET, DUBLIN.

RASPBERRIES—Strong, well rooted Canes, leading varieties 4/- dozen, 25/- 50/- 100; smaller, 3/- dozen, 12/6, 25/6 100, packing 1/. Lists.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

RHUBARB—Early Pink and Victoria, strong stools, 1/- 1/6, 2/- each; packing 6d.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

RAMBLERS; Pink, White, Crimson, three years; six for 5/-. free.—Model School Dunmanway. X

SEED OATS.
Imported Finest Scotch-Grown Record, Waverley, Ylelder, Abundance, Newmarket Banner, Victory, White Potato, Black Tartary, Supreme, Bessler's Prolific.
Special Carriage Paid Prices for Cash with Order. State sorts and Quantity to
E. MOORE & SONS
Seedsmen,
10 DAME STREET, DUBLIN. X

MacARTHUR & CO.

AUCTION TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 1 o'clock.
(Possession) Annadale House, Fairview.
(Possession) 67 Stephen's Green.
16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 Summerhill.
50 and 51 Charleville avenue.
7, 8, 9 Charlemont Parade.
"St. David's" and "Rosedene," Malahide road; also 1, 2, 3 Marino avenue.
30 Great Charles street.
49 Ellesmere avenue, N.C. road.
30 Melrose avenue, Fairview.
1 to 6 Cullen place and 1 Campbell's place.
1 to 6 Tivoli terrace; 1a, and 1 to 8 Tivoli ave.
58½ Harold's Cross road and 9, 10, 11, 12 Tivoli avenue.
8 and 9 Arbutus place.
9 to 15 Leinster place, Rathmines.
2 Beechview terrace, Glasnevin.
As heretofore fully advertised.

MacARTHUR & CO.,
Auctioneers,
79 TALBOT STREET.

J. J. AIRD & SONS.

CLONASLEE—Monday, 8th March, at 12, at Clara Hill, Mrs. Hamilton's residence, for Mr. J. Conroy—Fee-simple Small Holding, 15 Acres (S.M.). Instalment to Land Commission £11 11/10, P.L.V., £6.—Meehan and Byrne, Solicitors, Maryborough.

MARYBOROUGH—Tuesday, 9th March, at 12.30—Sale of 200 Oak Trees, within 2 miles of town.

TIMAHOE—Wednesday, 10th March, at 12, for Mr. Martin McDonald, Bawnogue—44 Acres Prime Grazing and Meadowing.

PORTARLINGTON—Monday, 15th March, at 12, for Reps. Mrs. Bergin—Fee-simple Holding, 56a. 3r. 29p. (S.M.), with 2-storey slated Residence. Held from I.L.G. at half-yearly instalment of £8 13/3.; P.L.V., £29 15/-; 2 miles from Mountmellick, 4 miles from Portarlington.—Meehan and Byrne, Solicitors, Maryborough.

CREAMERY MACHINERY.

FOR SALE, BY PRIVATE TREATY,
In One Lot.

The ENTIRE MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT of a Modern Central Creamery in the Midlands.

Machinery includes Verticular Cross Tube Bottler, fitted with injector 10ft. x 3ft. 9", insured for 90lbs. pressure, with a first Class Board of Trade Certificate; Robey Engine, horizontal pattern, 7½" x 10"; 40ft. 2" Steel Shafting, with 5 Wall Brackets, 1 Wall Box, and 8 Pulleys of various sizes; 4 Milk and Water TANKS, about 250 gal. capacity; Milk Pasteuriser "Homborg" Denmark, about 600 gal. capacity; 440 gal. Alpha Laval Separator; "Ward's" Lift and Force Water Pump, 3½"; two 1½" Vertical Lift and Force Milk Pumps; 3 Coolers; Cylindrical Milk and Cream Coolers, with iron stands and water attachment, complete; 1 Hibernia Churn, 150 gal. size; 1 Silkeberg Butterworker, capacity 1 cwt.; Butter Cream Vats, 200 gal. size, with water and steam attachment, complete; Milk Tester, Belting, Piping, Spare Parts, with Starter Plant complete.

The machinery is in perfect condition, and can be seen working by arrangement.

TENDERS for Purchase of the Machinery and Equipment (in one Lot) must reach us on or before 20th March, 1920.

J. J. AIRD & SONS,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
MARYBOROUGH, QUEEN'S COUNTY.

CO. WICKLOW.
FARM, WITH RESIDENCE,
FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

HASKINS BROS. have received instructions from Mr. George Manley to SELL BY AUCTION on TUESDAY NEXT, 9th MARCH, On the premises, at 2 o'clock,
BALLYCULLEN, near ASHFORD.

Area about 68 Statute Acres. Judicial Tenancy Rent, £76 10/-. Let with 10 apartments dwelling-house, usual out-offices. Sound land for all stock. For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

Messrs. TOOMEY and BARBOUR, 4 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin; or
HASKINS BROS.,
Auctioneers, WICKLOW.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

ARDMEEN,
NEWTOWN PARK AVENUE,
BLACKROCK, CO. DUBLIN
(With Immediate Possession),
Charmingly situated Detached Residence, Standing on 8 acres of wood land and 5 paddocks.
FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION
On WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24th, 1920.

Full particulars and arrangements to view will appear later.
Messrs. J. H. MENTON and CO., Solicitors, 9 Fleet street.
WALSH & CO.,
Auctioneers and Estate Agents,
Phone—3686. 38 DAME STREET.

CITY OF WATERFORD.
WILLIAM STREET AND SCOTCH QUAY.
IMPORTANT AUCTION
OF EXTENSIVE AND VALUABLE
LEASEHOLD PREMISES,
HELD FOR 104 YEARS UNEXPIRED.
SPLENDID STORES YARDS, STABLING, AND 5 EXCELLENT DWELLINGHOUSES,
TO BACON CURERS, CORN MERCHANTS, MILLERS, TIMBER MERCHANTS, TANNERS, ETC.

JOHN D. PALMER has been instructed by W. H. Fennessy, Esq., to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, On TUESDAY, 9th MARCH, 1920, at 12 o'clock, On the Premises, SCOTCH QUAY, WATERFORD, Unless previously disposed of by Private Treaty, THE ENTIRE EXTENSIVE AND VALUABLE PREMISES AND STORES,

having a river frontage to Scotch quay of about 275 feet (not including portion of house), and frontage to William Street of about 120 feet, including 5 Excellent Dwellinghouses and Large Store.

All held under leases expiring 25th March, 1925, at yearly rent of £89 6s. 1d., less proportion of taxes, and under Reversionary Lease from Waterford Corporation at rent of £3 from 25th March, 1925, at yearly rent of £80 0s. 0d., showing a profit rent of £287 13s. 1d. per annum.

The entire Premises were originally used as one establishment, and Nos. on Map 6, 5, 8, 4, 2, are all communicating, and can be used as a whole or separately. The entire Premises are stone and brick built and slated; the roofs, timbers, and floors in perfect order, and ready for immediate occupation without any outlay.

Situated with extensive river frontage, they are specially valuable, as steamers can be moored alongside and loaded or unloaded into stores. The channel has been recently dredged.

The Dwellinghouses are all in good conditions Nos. 28, 29, 30 William Street, recently built regardless of expense in their construction.

The Premises and Dwellinghouses can be inspected by arrangement with Auctioneer.

For further particulars apply to
Messrs. DOBBYN and McCOY, Solicitors, Colbeck Street, Waterford, having carriage of Sale; or
JOHN D. PALMER,
Auctioneer and Valuer,
CATHERINE STREET, WATERFORD.

COUNTY WICKLOW.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT and ATTRACTIVE SALE OF THREE SUPERIOR
GRAZING & TILLAGE FARMS.

S. R. BOOTHMAN has been favoured with instructions from Colonel E. Maude to SELL BY AUCTION,
At the COURTHOUSE, BLESSINGTON, On SATURDAY, MARCH 13th (FAIR DAY), At 12 o'clock,
Part of the Superb Grazing Lands of TINODE,
In the following Divisions:—
LOT 1—104a. 3r. 26p. LOT 2—117a.
LOT 5—54a. 27p.,
Statute measure, or thereabouts, all of which are well fenced, sheltered, and a constant supply of water thereon.

DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS—The above Property for Sale is situate at Tinode, in the County of Wicklow, quite close to The Lamb, a station on the Dublin and Blessington Steam Tram Line, three miles from Blessington, eight miles from those lovely inches, Naughy or Fairs are held, also being quite convenient to the Dublin Market. The above lands, which have been carefully divided into convenient sizes, thoroughly recommend themselves to those requiring first-class Grazing or Tillage Farms.

There is a substantially-built Dwellinghouse, with three large apartments and suitable out-offices, on Lot 1, which is all under grass, with a plentiful supply of keep thereon. On Lot 2 there is about eight acres of first crop meadow, very promising. On Lot 5 there are about ten acres of heavily manured land, which is all ploughed and now ready for sowing.

The hard, Charlie Boylan, will show (he different divisions.

Lots 1 and 2 will be Sold subject to an annual rent of £50 each. Lot 5 will be Sold subject to an annual rent of £40, and otherwise as per Conditions set forth.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to
Messrs. DARLEY, ORPEN, and SYNNOTT, Solicitors, 30 and 31 Kildare street, Dublin; or
S. R. BOOTHMAN,
Auctioneer,
MILEY HALL, BLESSINGTON.

STORE CATTLE SALES
AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN,
EVERY THURSDAY,
GAVIN LOW, LTD.

STORE CATTLE SALES
EVERY THURSDAY.
R. & J. WILKINSON,
40/41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
38-39 SOUTH GT. GEORGE'S ST.
AUCTIONS CONDUCTED.
VALUATIONS MADE.
PROPERTIES MANAGED.

Pembroke Township—
Handsome DETACHED HOUSE FOR SALE, with possession; only subject to £7; long lease; perfect order; artistically decorated; 3 reception and billiardroom, 5 bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms, 3 bathrooms, electric light, pantries; garden, stabling, motor house; house easily run. Apply Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

South Suburbs, close to tram line
A Handsome well-built RESIDENCE, in perfect order, beautifully decorated, handsome mantelpieces and grates, etc.; 4 reception, fine billiard room, in panelled walnut, and ballroom, 7 family bedrooms, servants' rooms, bathrooms (h. and c.), pantries; fine motor house, large garden and tennis ground; splendid sea views. Held on long lease; subject to small head rent. Seen by appointment with Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Leeson Park—Handsome Modern RESIDENCE FOR SALE at
£3,000, held for 200 years, subject to £15 10/- P.L.V., £58; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, servant's room, hot bath, large garden. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

County Meath, 429 Acres—
FINEST FATTENING LAND in County, for Sale, with Possession; land lets at highest price for grazing; fine House and Out-offices. Held in fee-simple, only subject to £41; P.L.V., £485. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
STH. GT. GEORGE'S ST, DUBLIN

In Gabertine. From 12½ Guineas

Telephone—Dublin 2550. Telegrams: "Slyne, Dublin."

Slyne & Co.
71
Grafton Street

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.
'PHONE 63.

FURNISHED SEASIDE AND COUNTRY HOUSES.

WE ARE NOW REVISING OUR LISTS OF SEASIDE AND COUNTRY HOUSES FOR THE COMING SEASON, AND SHALL BE GLAD TO HAVE EARLY PARTICULARS FROM THOSE WISHING TO LET.

WELLINGTON ROAD—TO BE LET, FURNISHED, on moderate terms, handsome Residence, having large reception rooms, good airy bedrooms with all modern conveniences. Anything necessary to make the house perfect will be done.

MERRION SQUARE—TO BE SOLD, Large Commodious House, up-to-date in every respect; subject only to £1 per annum. Lease for ever. Price £4,000. Possession can be arranged.

MONKSTOWN—PRICE £1,000, subject only to £4 18s. 6d. Lease 37 years to run.

LEESON PARK—TO BE SOLD, a Commodious House in this favourite locality, subject to £13 10/- per annum, unadjusted. Lease about 145 years to run.

Particulars from
JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

SALE OF VALUABLE TIMBER,
The Property of Lord Louth.

THE FOLLOWING TIMBER IS TO BE SOLD AT LOUTH HALL
(About 3 miles from Ardee):—
Ash, 212; Elm, 43; Oak, 41; Beech, 49; Lime, 76; Sycamore, 34; Larch, 131; Fir, 46; Chestnut and other Trees, 10.

All Trees to be carefully cut and removed at purchaser's risk, special arrangements being made as regards "lops and tops." The Timber will be shown on application to Mr. A. Stevenson, Louth Hall, Ardee. Tenders for purchase to be sent to Messrs. J. R. STEWART and SONS, 6 Leinster street, Dublin.

Tenders received up to 20th March.
Lowest or any Tender not necessarily received.

PREMISES, LANDS ETC., CONTINUED.

SHOP Wanted to Rent or Purchase, in Grafton st., Westmoreland st., or Lower Sackville st.; state particulars.—Q 1723, this office.

SPACIOUS Shop to Let, excellently appointed for the Grocery and Provision Business, in busy populated part of the city; splendid business position; rent £120 per annum free. Particulars Q 1805, this office. P

TWO Business and others—To Let, about 2 Irish Acres Prime Grazing Land, well fenced and watered, about two miles from Dublin, level, good pavement to railway. Apply Q 1009, this office. F

WANTED, Stable for owner; Eglinton road or close vicinity.—Q 1428, this office.

WANTED, Keep for two Brood Mares also two Yearlings; Dundrum, Dublin, Kildare, Meath pre ferred.—H 107, Irish Times Office, Kingstown.

WANTED, Yard to Purchase, Shop, good trade accessories; Talbot st. or vicinity; or would Buy Goodwill.—Q 1627, this office.

WANTED, to Buy or Rent, near a Dublin suburb (Donnybrook preferred), about Three Acres, suitable for fruit growing.—419, Irish Times Office, Bargat st, Bridge.

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE

AUCTION 11th March—22 Allenbury road; immediate possession; charming detached non basement Residence, Battersby, Auctioneers. X

AUCTION 11th March—Possession: Foxrock House, Foxrock, on 8¾ Acres; free of rent for ever; attractive Residence; beautiful views.—Battersby, Auctioneers. X

AUCTION 11th March—Dwellings, sea, 5 bedrooms; also Four Roomed Cottage; possession.—Jones, Auctioneers, Greystones.

BLACKROCK—Temple Hill—On 14 acres, handsome Mansion, every modern convenience; immediate possession. Sale 11th March.—Battersby, Auctioneers. X

CO. Waterford—Perpetual Rent Charge out of Lands of Ballyrooks, £20 Acres. Auction 11th March. Battersby, Auctioneers. X

CHATSWORTH, Victoria road, Clontarf, with possession, six bedrooms, suburban residence. Sale 11th March.—Battersby, Auctioneers. X

DALKEY—For Sale, with immediate possession, modern Villa (built six years); seven rooms, bath (h. and c., garden front and rear; magnificent sea and inland views. Dalkey Island and Dublin Bay seen from train and tram; ground rent £5; lease 200 years; bargain, £1,700.—Keys, Rockbrook Cottage, Cultra road, Dalkey. 13 28

FOR Sale, two Houses, North Strand, 7 apartments, £350 each. Apply 16 Belmont Park, Donnybrook.

FITZROY avenue, Drumcondra, good end, just off tram line—Attractive Building Site, free of rent. Auction 11th March.—Battersby, Auctioneers. X

FOR Sale, a valuable Residence, 0a2i x 20ft., two storeys high, slated and cement finished; all timber and internal heated centrally and hot and cold. Terms.—Four Acres attached to same. It is Freehold, no rent or charges, situated on leading county road, adjacent to five cross roads. Turbary and other lands purchased if desired. This is a most unique chance to obtain a house and acreage with sunny aspect at a moderate price. Apply X A, Miss Phillips, Dromore, Ovens, Cork.

FOR Sale, Site for Motor Garage at Upper Abbey st., Dublin. Particulars from John T. Doyle, Solicitor, 74 Fleet st., Dublin.

NORTH Circular road, 125 (Altona terrace), immediate possession, superior, non basement Residence. Sale 11th March.—Battersby, Auctioneers.

RINGSEND, Thomas st.—Plot of Ground, suitable for Private Residence; has building on site Auction 11th March.—Battersby, Auctioneers. X

SALE 11th March—45 Wellington place, Clyde road, substantial Dwellinghouse, with stabling attached.—Battersby, Auctioneers. X

SUTTON, Garryroe, possession 1st July, attractive detached Residence, glorious auctioneers' windows. Sale 11th March.—Battersby, Auctioneers. X

WELL Secured Rent of £80 per annum out of Dwelling House, Clonliffe East. Sale 11th March.—Battersby, Auctioneers.

1 ANN Little Ship st.—Held for over five years; produce 30/- weekly. Sale 11th March.—Battersby, Auctioneers.

2 DORSET, 19, 19½, 20, and 21 Foster terrace, 4 Ballybough road, rent let at 10/- per week each, lease to expire from 1891, and entire only subject to £7 15/- per annum, producing gross rental of £104. Sale for Auction at Dockrell's Sale-room, Tuesday, 4th March.—Healey and Co., Auctioneers, Blackrock.

5 MARK street for Sale; lease 800 years.—Mackenzie, 77 Talbot street.

2 TOWER, Donnybrook st.—Commodious Town Mansion, producing 35/- weekly. Auction 11th March.—Battersby, Auctioneers. X

135 TOWNSEND street for Sale, producing 34/- weekly; 77 Talbot street.

£5,000 PURCHASES Possession Patrimonial Property, pretty Freehold Grain, tram; Mansion, family rooms, bath, stabling, garage, pretty grounds, six acres; private residence, institution, pension, officers' quarters; inexpensive; no outlay. Inspect. Immediate inquiries invited. Inspected. Confidently recommended. Write "Eureka," Dowling, 9 Merrion row.

HOUSES TO LET.

BEAUTIFULLY Furnished House, suburban, convenient to city; three reception, five bedrooms, hot and cold bath, electric light, garden, garage; £225 per annum; year or longer.—Q 1516, this office. F

LESSON Park—Furnished, May till October; good accommodation; moderate.—Q 1580, this office. F

TO Let, well Furnished and up to date House, from 1st April to 1st October; Palmerston Park district; terms moderate to careful tenant.—Q 1550, this office. F

TO Let, Furnished, 5 or 6 months starting May, Semi-detached House, nice garden, tennis court, modern conveniences; best part Rathgar; £18 monthly.—Q 1724, this office.

TO Let, suburbs Dublin, Furnished House, July, August; 2 sitting, bedrooms, hot bath, etc.; terms moderate.—1767, this office.

TO Let, Furnished small House Wanted, 15th April, for year or so; Clontarf, Rathgar, Rathmines.—Q 1607, this office.

WANTED, house, modern, South side; rent up to £60; immediately, or July latest.—Q 1541, this office.

WANTED to Rent or Purchase, with possession, in or within 6 months, small House, with some garden, in or very near Dublin; about £800.—Q 1603, this office.

WANTED to Rent modern House, Dublin or Bray; rent about £60-£80, free. Particulars to Q 1574, this office.

WANTED, Cottage, October or sooner (two months about); rent to 5 acres suitable poultry, gardening; within six miles G.P.O., convenient train; Northern aspect; excellent water supply essential; or Furnace.—Z 2565, Cottage, this office. E

WANTED, to Purchase, Dublin suburbs, with possession, House, without basement, 3 sitting, 5 bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen, servant's room; small garden; £800 to £900.—Q 1779, this office.

WANTED to Purchase, House, with stable attached, in Dublin suburbs, Malahide or Ranelagh ro